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STUDY OF FSA STANDARD LOAN RR BORROWERS: REGION VI

Part I. Characteristics of Borrowers, Progress of Borrowers, and Action for Rehabilitation

Tabulated Data for Administrative Use Only

Washington, D. C.

June 1942

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STUDY OF FSA STANDARDS FOR BORROWERS SECTION VI

1. Characteristics of Borrowers
2. Progress of Borrowers
3. Action for Rehabilitation

Technical assistance for rehabilitation

Washington, D.C.

1964
O - 345-000
118

INTRODUCTION

This set of tabular data with brief explanatory text is intended to make available for administrative use the results of certain tabulations from the study of Farm Security Administration standard loan rural rehabilitation borrowers. It is planned to make the results of additional tabulations available in a comparable form, prior to a more complete analysis and any formal report for general distribution. The tables in this set contain more detailed data than presented in the administrative memoranda which have been prepared to present the results of the study for all Regions combined. This study was made in each of the 12 FSA Regions by the Bureau of Agricultural Economics with the assistance of a Nation-wide WPA project and was initiated at the request of the Farm Security Administration.

Purpose of study.--The study was designed to utilize existing records for standard loan rural rehabilitation borrowers (1) to ascertain the characteristics of borrowers at the time of entering the RR program, their experience during the year before entry, and the trends in types of borrowers selected, (2) to learn the progress of the borrowers since entering the RR program, (3) to analyze the action taken to facilitate rehabilitation, and (4) to analyze the factors associated with success or failure in rehabilitation.

The sample.--In Region VI, 4,648 borrowers were studied. The sample represents approximately 20 percent of all standard loan RR borrowers in the Region whose first standard RR loan was authorized between March 1, 1936 and February 28, 1939 and who, in addition, had not received an emergency loan before March 1, 1936.

Source of data.--All data were obtained from records already available in the regional FSA office; there were no personal interviews with borrowers nor was there any checking back to the county offices. Records consulted included the following: Kardex; application for initial loan; farm and home plans, including "report of last year's business"; leases; debt adjustment forms; and grant, loan, and collection records, including loan agreements and extensions or renewals; and correspondence.

To the extent that the available records permitted for the period covered by the study, data were obtained for both plan and performance for each year after the borrower's entry on the standard RR program as well as for performance during the year before entry on the program. No record of performance for the farm and home activities after entry on the program was available for 16.6 percent of the sample borrowers in Region VI for whom such a record was expected; this percentage excludes those for whom no record was expected because the borrower received the first loan too late to complete a crop year before the end of the period covered by this study. No record was expected for 34.3 percent of all the borrowers in the sample. A borrower was considered as having a record of performance after entry on the program if a farm and home plan was available which was made out some time after the first standard loan was received. Seventy percent of the borrowers for whom no record of performance was available, although expected, had received only

The use of statistical data with other data is intended to
 make available the statistical data of various countries for
 the study of the economic situation from a world perspective.
 It is planned to use the results of statistical data in
 connection with the results of other data and to make
 use of a comparative study, first to a comparative study of the
 report for general information. The results of the study are
 data then presented in the statistical section which have been
 to present the results of the study for all regions combined. This study
 was in each of the 12 regions by the means of statistical data
 with the assistance of a statistical data project and was included in the
 report of the Statistical Administration.

Program of study.-The study was designed to achieve the following
 standard loan rates (I) to establish a comparison
 of the results of the study of the H. program, the results
 during the year before and after the results of the study of the H. program,
 (2) to learn the progress of the program since the results of the study of the H. program,
 (3) to learn the progress of the program since the results of the study of the H. program,
 (4) to learn the progress of the program since the results of the study of the H. program,
 (5) to learn the progress of the program since the results of the study of the H. program.

The results.-In Region VI, the results were as follows. The results of the study
 approximately 50 percent of all standard loan rates in the region were
 first standard in loan rate between April 1, 1930 and February 1,
 1935 and who, in addition, had not received an emergency loan before April 1,
 1935.

Source of data.-All data were obtained from various sources available in the
 regional ISA Office; there were no personal interviews with the data sources.
 There are many sources of data in the regional office. Records available include the
 following: (1) the results of the study of the H. program; (2) the results of the study of the H. program;
 the "report of the study of the H. program"; (3) the results of the study of the H. program;
 grant, loan, and collection records; (4) the results of the study of the H. program;
 or records; and correspondence.

To the extent that the available records permitted for the period
 covered by the study, data were obtained for each year and for each year
 each year after the borrower's entry on the standard loan program as well as
 for performance during the year before entry on the program. The results of
 performance for the first and last activities after entry on the program were
 available for 10.5 percent of the sample borrowers in Region VI for whom
 such a record was required. The percentage of the sample borrowers for whom no record
 was expected because the borrower received the first loan for data to measure
 a crop year before the end of the period covered by this study. No record
 was expected for 10.5 percent of all the borrowers in the sample. A borrower
 was considered as having a record of performance after entry on the program
 if a loan and more than one activity which was made out were made after the
 first standard loan was received. Necessary portions of the records for whom
 no record of performance was available, although expected, had received only

1 standard loan. Loan, collection, and grant data were, of course, available for all borrowers, but such data were not considered as constituting a record of performance for the purposes of the study.

Because of the changes made in some of the forms used by FSA during the period covered by the study, certain items, such as actual family operating expenses and actual net cash income, were available from the records for only a part of the borrowers, while data for still other items, such as certain types of livestock, were not comparable on all the forms which were the source of information.

Precautions necessary in use of tabulated data.--Perhaps the first precaution necessary in the use of the information from this study is to recognize that the data are not comparable with the FSA annual progress reports because the same group of FSA standard loan RR borrowers has not been sampled. The sample differs in these ways:

- (1) The progress reports include borrowers regardless of when the first standard loan was received, but this study included only those whose first standard loan was authorized between March 1, 1936 and February 28, 1939.
- (2) The progress reports include standard loan borrowers without regard to whether they received emergency loans at any time, but this study excluded any borrower who received an emergency loan before March 1, 1936.
- (3) The progress reports include only borrowers in active status at the time of the report, but 13.5 percent of the borrowers included in this study for Region VI were no longer active by February 28, 1939.

A second precaution is to recognize that information about change in economic and social status, progress and failure since entry on the program, is available for only 54.8 percent of the borrowers in the sample for the study and for only 83.4 percent of the borrowers for whom a record of change was expected. It is, therefore, not known whether the borrowers for whom no record of change was available, although expected, had more progress, more failure, or about the same change as those for whom records of change were available for this study. In contrast, the progress reports secure a record of performance after entry on the program for all borrowers sampled because the data are obtained by the county offices.

Farm Security Administration policy, administrative procedures, changed in price levels, and "acts of God" such as drought are all reflected in the tabulated data.

I understand that the data for the study of the economy, especially for the period 1930-1935, has not been completed as yet. It is necessary to complete the study of the economy of the country.

Because of the changes made in some of the data used in the study, the period covered by the study, certain items, such as total family income, expenses and actual net income, were available from the records for only a part of the period, while data for other items, such as the total types of livestock, were not comparable on all the farms which were the source of information.

Provisional figures are necessary in use of tabulated data. Where the first provision necessary in the use of the information from this study is to recognize that the data are not comparable with the 1934 annual progress reports because the same group of FSA standard loan borrowers has not been applied. The figures differ in these ways:

- (1) The progress reports include borrowers regardless of when the first standard loan was received, but this study includes only those whose first standard loan was authorized between March 1, 1935 and February 28, 1936.
- (2) The progress reports include standard loan borrowers with-out regard to whether they received emergency loans at any time, but this study excluded any borrower who received an emergency loan before March 1, 1936.
- (3) The progress reports include only borrowers in active status at the time of the report, but 13.5 percent of the borrowers included in this study for Region VI were no longer active by February 28, 1936.

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Farm Security Administration policy, administrative procedures, changes in price levels, and "state of the" and as grouped and all reflected in the tabulated data.

Types of tables presented.--This set of tabulated data includes the following subjects: Social characteristics, tenure, size of farm and crop production, receipts, expenditures, net worth, assets, liabilities, loans, repayments, grants, and debt adjustment. These tables show what the borrowers were like and what they did before entering the standard RR program, what they did after entry on the program and how they progressed, and what action of a financial nature was given by FSA to implement the rehabilitation process.

Most of the tables showing what the borrowers were like and what they did before entering the program were tabulated by States or by the period in which the borrowers received their first standard loan or by both States and periods. Tables showing what the borrowers did after entry on the program and how they changed were tabulated for the Region as a whole, and by the number of crop years between the first standard loan and the time of the last record after entry on the program.

This study was directed by Olaf F. Larson. Data were transcribed in Region VI by WPA workers supervised by Harvey M. Smith, Edward L. Purcell, and Charles C. Bruton, project supervisors, and Roy L. Roberts, regional supervisor. Tabulations were supervised by Franklin M. Aaronson, assisted by Dorothy F. McCamman. Roy L. Roberts assisted in the preparation of the explanatory text and Fred L. Garlock and George Y. Jarvis collaborated in various phases of the study.

INDEX TO TABLES WITH CONDENSED TITLES
BY SUBJECTS

Table No.

Sample Studied

1. Borrowers in sample, by periods 1/ and States
2. Borrowers in sample, by number of crop years 2/ and by States
3. Borrowers in sample, by periods, number of crop years, and States
4. Status of borrowers on February 28, 1939, by periods
5. Status of borrowers on February 28, 1939, by States

Social Characteristics

6. Age and sex distribution, by periods
7. Age and sex distribution, by States
8. Size of household, by periods
9. Size of household, by States
10. Family composition
11. Age of head, by States
12. Education of head, by States
13. Education and age of head
14. Number of male youths in household, by periods
15. Number of male youths in household, by States
16. Years on farm to be operated
17. Times changed farms since first RR loan, by periods

Tenure

18. Tenure status year before RR, by periods
19. Tenure status year before RR, by States
20. Tenure status last RR record by number of crop years
21. Tenure status year before RR and last RR record
22. Tenure status year before RR and number of male youths in household

Size of Farm and Crop Production

23. Size of farm year before RR, by periods
24. Size of farm year before RR, by States
25. Size of farm last RR record, by number of crop years
26. Size of farm year before RR and last RR record

1/ "By periods" refers to period during which borrower received first standard RR loan.

2/ "By number of crop years" refers to number of crop years between first standard RR loan and last available record of performance after entry on standard RR program.

Note: A table is for the Region, without a breakdown by States, periods, crop years, or other controls, unless the title indicates otherwise.

Table No.

General Statistics

1. Borrowers in sample, by periods 1 and 2, and by States
2. Borrowers in sample, by number of crop years 3 and by States
3. Borrowers in sample, by periods, number of crop years, and States
4. Status of borrowers on February 28, 1939, by periods
5. Status of borrowers on February 28, 1939, by States

General Statistics

6. Age and sex distribution, by periods
7. Age and sex distribution, by States
8. Size of household, by periods
9. Size of household, by States
10. Family composition
11. Age of head, by States
12. Education of head, by States
13. Education and age of head
14. Number of male youths in household, by periods
15. Number of male youths in household, by States
16. Items on farm to be counted
17. Items counted farm items that are loan, by periods

General

18. Farm status year before 19, by periods
19. Farm status year before 19, by States
20. Farm status last 19 years by number of crop years
21. Farm status year before 19 and last 19 years
22. Farm status year before 19 and number of male youths in household

Size of Farm and Crop Production

23. Size of farm year before 19, by periods
24. Size of farm year before 19, by States
25. Size of farm last 19 years, by number of crop years
26. Size of farm year before 19 and last 19 years

1. "By periods" refers to periods during which borrowers received farm status and the loan.
2. "By number of crop years" refers to number of crop years between first and last year of loan and last available record of performance after entry on loaned farm.
3. "By States" refers to the States, without a breakdown by period, periods, crop years, or other conditions, unless the title indicates otherwise.

State of Farm and Crop Production (cont.)

- 27. Acres in crops year before RR
- 28. Acres in crops last RR record, by number of crop years
- 29. Acres in crops year before RR and last RR record
- 30. Garden year before RR
- 31. Garden last RR record, by number of crop years
- 32. Garden year before RR and last RR record

Receipts

- 33. Cash receipts year before RR, by periods
- 34. Change in cash receipts, by number of crop years and specified last year of RR record
- 35. Cash receipts year before RR and change in cash receipts
- 36. Farm receipts year before RR
- 37. Change in farm receipts, by number of crop years and specified last year of RR record
- 38. Change in farm receipts for borrowers having farm receipts year before RR, by number of crop years
- 39. Farm receipts year before RR and change in farm receipts
- 40. Farm receipts as percentage of total cash receipts year before RR, by periods
- 41. Farm receipts as percentage of total cash receipts last RR record, by number of crop years
- 42. Farm receipts as percentage of total cash receipts year before RR and last RR record
- 43. Cash receipts and farm receipts as percentage of total cash receipts year before RR
- 44. Net cash income year before RR
- 45. Net cash income last RR record, by States
- 46. Major source of receipts year before RR, by periods
- 47. Major source of receipts year before RR, by States
- 48. Major source of receipts last RR record, by number of crop years
- 49. Major source of receipts year before RR and last RR record
- 50. Receipts from off-farm work year before RR, by periods
- 51. Receipts from off-farm work year before RR, by States
- 52. Receipts from off-farm work last RR record, by number of crop years
- 53. Receipts from off-farm work year before RR and last RR record
- 54. Receipts from off-farm work and size of farm last RR record
- 55. Receipts from benefit payments year before RR
- 56. Receipts from benefit payments last RR record
- 57. Receipts from benefit payments year before RR and last RR record
- 58. Number of farm enterprises year before RR
- 59. Number of farm enterprises last RR record, by number of crop years
- 60. Number of farm enterprises year before RR and last RR record

Expenditures

- 61. Family expenditures year before RR
- 62. Family expenditures last RR record
- *63. Planned family expenditures first year on RR, by periods
- *64. Planned family expenditures first year on RR, by States
- *65. Planned farm furnished food first year on RR, by periods
- *66. Planned farm furnished food first year on RR, by States

Net Worth

- 67. Net worth at time of first RR loan, by periods
- 68. Net worth at time of first RR loan, by States
- 69. Net worth, excluding farm real estate, at time of first RR loan, by periods
- 70. Net worth, excluding farm real estate, at time of first RR loan, by States
- 71. Net worth, including and excluding farm real estate, at time of first RR loan
- 72. Change in net worth, by periods
- 73. Change in net worth, excluding farm real estate, by number of crop years and specified last year of RR record
- 74. Net worth at time of first RR loan and change in net worth, excluding farm real estate

Assets

- 75. Assets at time of first RR loan, by periods
- 76. Number of cows at time of first RR loan
- 77. Number of cows last RR record, by number of crop years
- 78. Number of cows at time of first RR loan and last RR record
- 79. Number of hens at time of first RR loan
- 80. Number of hens last RR record, by number of crop years
- 81. Number of hens at time of first RR loan and last RR record
- 82. Number of cows and hens, at time of first RR loan
- 83. Number of cows and hens last RR record
- 84. Number of sows at time of first RR loan
- 85. Number of sows last RR record, by number of crop years
- 86. Number of sows at time of first RR loan and last RR record
- *87. Number of workstock at time of first RR loan, by States
- *88. Number of workstock last RR record, by States
- *89. Number of tractors, autos, or trucks at time of first RR loan, by States
- *90. Number of tractors, autos, or trucks last RR record, by States

* Not available for Region VI at the time this set of tables was released, but a copy will be supplied when the data are tabulated.



Liabilities

- 91. Liabilities at time of first RR loan
- 92. Change in liabilities, by number of crop years
- 93. Liabilities at time of first RR loan and change in liabilities
- 94. Liabilities as percentage of assets at time of first RR loan, by region
- 95. Assets and liabilities as percentage of assets at time of first RR loan

Loans

- 96. Number of standard loans, by periods
- 97. Tenure status year before RR and number of standard loans
- 98. Size of farm year before RR and number of standard loans
- 99. Cash receipts year before RR and number of standard loans
- 100. Farm receipts as percentage of total cash receipts year before RR and number of standard loans
- 101. Net worth, excluding farm real estate, at time of first RR loan and number of standard loans
- 102. Size of loans, by periods
- 103. Size of loans, by States
- 104. Type of loans, by periods
- 105. Amount of loans for major purposes, by periods and specified year of loan
- 106. Amount of loans for major purposes, by States
- 107. Borrowers authorized loans for major purposes, by periods and specified year of loan
- 108. Borrowers authorized loans for major purposes, by States
- 109. Average amount of loans for major purposes, by periods
- 110. Borrowers authorized loans for specified capital goods, by States
- 111. Amount of loans for specified current farm operating expenses, by periods and specified year of loan
- 112. Borrowers authorized loans for specified current farm operating expenses, by periods and specified year of loan
- 113. Amount of loans for family expenses, by periods

Repayments

- 114. Repayments scheduled, by periods
- 115. Repayments made, by periods
- 116. Repayments scheduled and repayments made
- 117. Renewals and percentage of scheduled repayments made
- 118. Total repayments scheduled, by periods and States
- 119. Total repayments made, by periods and States

* Not available for Region VI at the time this set of tables was released, but a copy will be supplied when the data are tabulated.

Grants

- 120. Periods grants received, by periods
- 121. Amount of grants, by periods
- 122. Grants in relation to repayments, by periods

Debt Adjustment

- *123. Debt adjustment, by periods

* Not available for Region VI at the time this set of tables was released, but a copy will be supplied when the data are tabulated.

SUMMARY - SELECTED STATISTICS

Number of borrowers in sample: 4,648

Number of borrowers with a record of performance after entry on FR: 2,546

Borrowers still active two to three years after first loan: 65 percent

Persons under 16 years of age as percent of all persons in households of borrowers: 46 percent

Median number of persons in household: 5.0

Most common family composition: (1) husband-wife, and 3 or more children under 16 and (2) husband-wife, 2 or more children under 16 and 1 or more 16 or older

Median age of household head: 38.5

Median grade finished by household head: 6.7

Households including wife youths (nonheads) aged 16 to 24: 23 percent

Borrowers who were full or part owners during year before first loan: 26 percent

Borrowers who were full or part owners during last year of record: 32 percent

Borrowers who were not farm operators during major part of crop year before first loan: 15 percent

Median size of farm during year before first loan for borrowers having farms:
43 acres

Median size of farm during last year of record: 49 acres

Median acres in crops during year before first loan for borrowers who had land in crops: 22 acres

Median acres in crops during last year of record: 24 acres

Borrowers reporting gardens during year before first loan: 59 percent

Borrowers reporting gardens during last year of record: 71 percent

Median cash receipts during year before first loan: \$231

Median change in cash receipts: \$8



Borrowers reporting an increase in cash receipts: 52 percent

Median cash receipts from farm during year before first loan for borrowers with such receipts: \$203

Median change in cash receipts from farm for borrowers who had such receipts during year before first loan: -\$1

Most common major source of receipts during year before first loan: Crop sales

Most common major source of receipts during last year of record: Crop sales

Borrowers with some receipts from off-farm work during year before first loan: 49 percent

Borrowers with some receipts from off-farm work at time of last record: 54 percent

Borrowers who were farm operators during year before first loan who reported receipts from benefit payments during year before first loan: 33 percent

Borrowers with receipts from benefit payments during last year of record: 66 percent

Median cash family operating expenditures during last year of record: 373

Median net worth at time of first loan: \$286

Median net worth, excluding equity in farm real estate, at time of first loan: \$220

Median change in net worth: \$79

Median change in net worth, excluding equity in farm real estate: \$63

Borrowers reporting an increase in net worth: 65 percent

Borrowers reporting an increase in net worth, excluding equity in farm real estate: 64 percent

Median value of assets at time of first loan: \$358

Median liabilities at time of first loan: \$25

Borrowers reporting no liabilities at time of first loan: 44 percent

Median change in liabilities: \$215

Borrowers with no cows or other cattle at time of first loan: 34 percent

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Borrowers with no cows or other cattle at time of last record: 13 percent

Borrowers with no hens or other poultry at time of first loan: 8 percent

Borrowers with no hens or other poultry at time of last record: 3 percent

Borrowers with no sows or other hogs at time of first loan: 32 percent

Borrowers with no sows or other hogs at time of last record: 16 percent

Borrowers entering RR program between March 1, 1936 and February 28, 1937
receiving more than 1 standard loan by February 28, 1939: 54 percent

Most important major purposes of loans as measured by amount of money loaned:
(1) livestock and poultry, (2) current farm operating expenses, (3) family expenses

Most important major purposes of loans as measured by percentage of borrowers
receiving loans for specified purposes: (1) current farm operating ex-
penses, (2) family expenses, (3) livestock and poultry

Borrowers receiving some grants some time between March 1936 and February
1939: 27 percent

Borrowers loaned money for family expenses: 97 percent

1. The first part of the report deals with the general situation of the country and the progress of the work during the year. It is divided into two main sections: the first section deals with the general situation of the country and the progress of the work during the year, and the second section deals with the specific results of the work.

2. The second part of the report deals with the specific results of the work. It is divided into three main sections: the first section deals with the results of the work in the field of agriculture, the second section deals with the results of the work in the field of industry, and the third section deals with the results of the work in the field of commerce.

3. The third part of the report deals with the conclusions and recommendations. It is divided into two main sections: the first section deals with the conclusions and the second section deals with the recommendations.

4. The fourth part of the report deals with the appendix. It contains a list of the names of the persons who have taken part in the work, a list of the names of the persons who have assisted in the work, and a list of the names of the persons who have been consulted.

Tables 1, 2, and 3

Almost two-fifths, 39 percent, of the 2,648 borrowers in the sample lived in Arkansas. One-third, 33 percent, lived in Mississippi and more than one-fourth, 26 percent, lived in Louisiana.

About one-fifth, 18 percent, of the borrowers entered the standard loan program during the first period covered by the study (March 1, 1936 to February 28, 1937); more than one-fourth, 27 percent, entered the program during the second period (March 1, 1937 to February 28, 1938); and about three-fifths, 55 percent, entered during the third period (March 1, 1938 to February 28, 1939).

Of the borrowers for whom some record of performance in farm and home activities after entry on the program was expected, a record was not available for 15 percent. The last available record of performance during the period covered by the study applied to the first crop year after the first standard loan for 36 percent of the borrowers; to the second crop year after the first standard loan for 14 percent, and to the third crop year after the first standard loan for 12 percent.

The relation between the period of the first standard loan and the crop year after the first loan to which the last record of performance applies is shown by table 1. For example, only borrowers entering the program during the first period can have a record of performance applying to the third crop year after the first loan, although some of the first period borrowers have a last record applying to the first or second crop year after the first loan or have no record of performance after entry on the program. Borrowers entering the program during the third period cannot have a record of performance except for the first crop year after the first standard loan.

All of the 406 borrowers with records for the third crop year after the first loan had entered the program during the first period and the performance reported covers the 1938 crop. From table 3 and supplementary data it is known that of the 402 borrowers with last records for the second crop year after the first loan, 93 entered the program during the early part of the first period and their performance covers the 1937 crop; another 51 entered during the latter part of the first period and their performance covers the 1938 crop, while 288 entered during the second period and have a record of performance which covers the 1938 crop. Of the 1,708 borrowers whose last records applied to the first crop year after the first standard loan, 134 entered the program during the early part of the first period and have records covering the 1936 crop; another 22 entered during the latter part of the first period and their performance covers the 1937 crop; 36 entered during the early part and 635 entered during the latter part of the second period and their performance covers the 1937 and 1938 crops, respectively. All of the 821 borrowers entering the program during the third period have 1-year records which necessarily pertain to the 1938 crop.

Thus, of the 2,546 borrowers with a record of performance after entry on the standard loan program, the last record covers the 1938 crop for 2,241 or 88 percent, the 1937 crop for 171 or 7 percent, and the 1936 crop for 134 or 5 percent.



Table 1.-BORROWERS IN SAMPLE: Number and percentage of borrowers in sample classified by period of first standard RR loan, by States ^{1/}

Borrower's State of residence at time of first standard loan	Borrowers receiving first standard loan between			
	Total	3/1/36-	3/1/37-	3/1/38-
	borrowers	2/28/37	2/28/38	2/28/39
	Number	Number	Number	Number
Arkansas	1,803	317	422	1,064
Louisiana	1,315	324	389	602
Mississippi	1,520	186	425	919
Total, all States	4,638	827	1,236	2,585
	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
Arkansas	100.0	17.6	23.4	59.0
Louisiana	100.0	24.6	29.6	45.8
Mississippi	100.0	12.2	27.8	60.0
Total, all States	100.0	17.8	26.6	55.6

^{1/} Period of first standard loan is the period during which first standard RR loan was authorized.

Note: In the explanatory text the periods of first standard loan are referred to as the first, second, and third periods, respectively.

1. The first part of the paper is devoted to a general discussion of the problem.

2. In the second part, we shall consider the case of a single particle.

3. The third part is devoted to the case of a system of particles.

4. In the fourth part, we shall consider the case of a continuous medium.

5. The fifth part is devoted to the case of a system of continuous media.

6. In the sixth part, we shall consider the case of a single continuous medium.

7. The seventh part is devoted to the case of a system of continuous media.

8. In the eighth part, we shall consider the case of a single continuous medium.

9. The ninth part is devoted to the case of a system of continuous media.

10. In the tenth part, we shall consider the case of a single continuous medium.

Table 2.--BORROWERS IN SAMPLE: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by number of crop years between first standard RR loan and last available record of performance after entry on standard RR program, by States 1/

Borrower's State of residence at time of first standard loan	Borrowers by number of crop years between first loan and last record					
	No record : after first loan : On program:On program: less than: 1 crop : 1 crop : year or : more 1/ : 1 year : 2 years : 3 years					
	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number
Arkansas	1,803	582	222	672	178	149
Louisiana	1,315	466	154	369	168	158
Mississippi	1,530	546	132	667	86	99
Total, all States	4,648	1,594	508	1,708	432	406
	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
Arkansas	100.0	XXX	18.2	55.0	14.6	12.2
Louisiana	100.0	XXX	18.1	43.5	19.8	18.6
Mississippi	100.0	XXX	13.4	67.8	8.7	10.1
Total, all States	100.0	XXX	16.6	56.0	14.1	12.9

1/ Number of crop years is determined by the interval between the date of the farm and home plan (FHLA) made out by the borrower and the county supervisor at the time of application for the first standard RR loan and the date of the last farm and home plan filled out after entry on the standard RR program. For example, a borrower whose first plan was dated between March 1, 1936 and August 31, 1936 and whose last plan was dated between September 1, 1936 and August 31, 1937 was considered as having the last record 1 crop year after the first loan. If the same borrower's last plan were dated between September 1, 1937 and August 31, 1938, he would be considered as having the last record 2 crop years after the first loan and if the last plan were dated between September 1, 1938 and August 31, 1939, the last record would have been 3 crop years after the first loan.

2/ No record after first loan reported because first standard loan was repaid after August 31, 1936.

3/ Includes 58 borrowers whose status was "paid up" or "inactive" by end of period of first standard loan and who were not subsequently authorized another loan before February 28, 1939.

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Borrower's Name		3/1/36-2/28/37		Borrower's receiving first standard loan between		3/1/37-2/28/38		Borrower's receiving first standard loan between		3/1/38-2/28/39				
Rate of	at	Time of	Standard	Rate of	at	Time of	Standard	Rate of	at	Time of	Standard			
1.315	324.100.0	9.3	23.0	10.2	48.7	339.100.0	24.4	47.6	28.0	136	100.0	21.3	78.7	466
1.803	317.100.0	21.1	17.7	14.2	47.0	482.100.0	19.4	49.1	31.5	483	100.0	15.1	84.9	582
1.530	186.100.0	12.9	12.4	21.5	53.2	425.100.0	14.1	75.1	10.8	373	100.0	12.9	87.1	546
1.640	627.100.0	14.6	18.3	17.4	48.1	423.100.0	19.2	57.5	23.3	391	100.0	15.1	84.9	1.59

Period of first standard loan is the period during which first standard RR loan was authorized. Number of crop years is determined by the interval between the date of the farm and home plan (RR14) made by the borrower and the county supervisor at the time of application for the first standard RR loan and the date of the last farm and home plan filed out after entry on the standard RR program. For example, a borrower whose first plan was dated between March 1, 1936 and August 31, 1936 and whose last plan was dated between September 1, 1936 and August 31, 1937 was considered as having the last record 1 crop year after the last loan. If the same borrower's last plan were dated between September 1, 1937 and August 31, 1938, he would be considered as having the last record 2 crop years after the first loan and if the last plan were dated between September 1, 1938 and August 31, 1939, the last record would have been 3 crop years after the first loan.

No record after first loan expected because first standard loan was received after August 31, 1938.



Table 4.-STATUS: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by status on February 28, 1939, by period of first standard RR loan

Status of borrower on February 28, 1939:			Borrowers receiving first standard loan between			
	Total borrowers		3/1/36-2/28/37	3/1/37-2/28/38	3/1/38-2/28/39	
	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	
Active 1/	4,025	86.5	64.9	82.5	95.5	
Paid up 2/	146	3.2	10.2	4.0	0.5	
During period of first loan:	45	1.0	2.1	1.2	0.5	
After period of first loan:	101	2.2	8.1	2.8	—	
Inactive 3/	477	10.3	24.9	13.5	4.0	
Total	XXX	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Number reporting:	4,648		827	1,236	2,585	

1/ A borrower was considered active if the amount repaid was less than the amount received from FSA and the case was not classified by FSA as inactive.

2/ A borrower was considered paid up if the amount repaid to FSA equalled or exceeded the amount received, unless the case had been classified as inactive by FSA.

3/ A borrower was considered inactive if classified as such by FSA.

Note: A comparable table is also available for each State in the Region.

Eighty-six percent of the borrowers were still active at the close of the period of study; 3 percent were paid up and the balance of over 10 percent were inactive. The majority of the paid up and inactive borrowers had entered the program during the first period. One percent of all borrowers paid up during the same period the first loan was received and did not come back for another loan.

When compared according to the period of the first standard loan, no other Region had such a large proportion of borrowers who were inactive by February 1939.

Eight of the 146 paid up borrowers and 82 of the 477 inactive borrowers were liquidated by a public sale.



Table 5.-STATUS: Number and percentage of standard RR borrowers classified by status on February 28, 1939, by States

Status of borrower on February 28, 1939	Total borrowers	Borrower's State of residence at time of first standard loan			
		Arkansas	Louisiana	Mississippi	
	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
Active 1/	4,025	86.5	81.3	87.7	89.5
Paid up 2/	146	3.2	3.8	3.9	1.7
During period of first loan	45	1.0	1.5	0.8	0.5
After period of first loan	101	2.2	2.3	3.1	1.2
Inactive 3/	677	10.3	12.9	8.4	8.8
Total	718	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Number reporting	4,648	1,803	1,315	1,530	

1/ A borrower was considered active if the amount repaid was less than the amount received from FSA and the case was not classified by FSA as inactive.

2/ A borrower was considered paid up if the amount repaid to FSA equalled or exceeded the amount received, unless the case had been classified as inactive by FSA.

3/ A borrower was considered inactive if classified as such by FSA.

Louisiana and Arkansas had more than twice as large a proportion of paid up borrowers as did Mississippi. Thirteen percent of the borrowers in Arkansas were classified as inactive by February 1939, as compared to between 8 and 9 percent in Louisiana and Mississippi. Eighty-three percent of the Arkansas borrowers were active on February 28, 1939, as compared to 88 of those in Louisiana and 90 percent of those in Mississippi.

Six of the 8 paid up borrowers liquidated by public sale were in Arkansas and 2 were in Mississippi. Of the 82 inactive borrowers so liquidated, 61 were in Arkansas, 7 in Louisiana, and 14 in Mississippi.

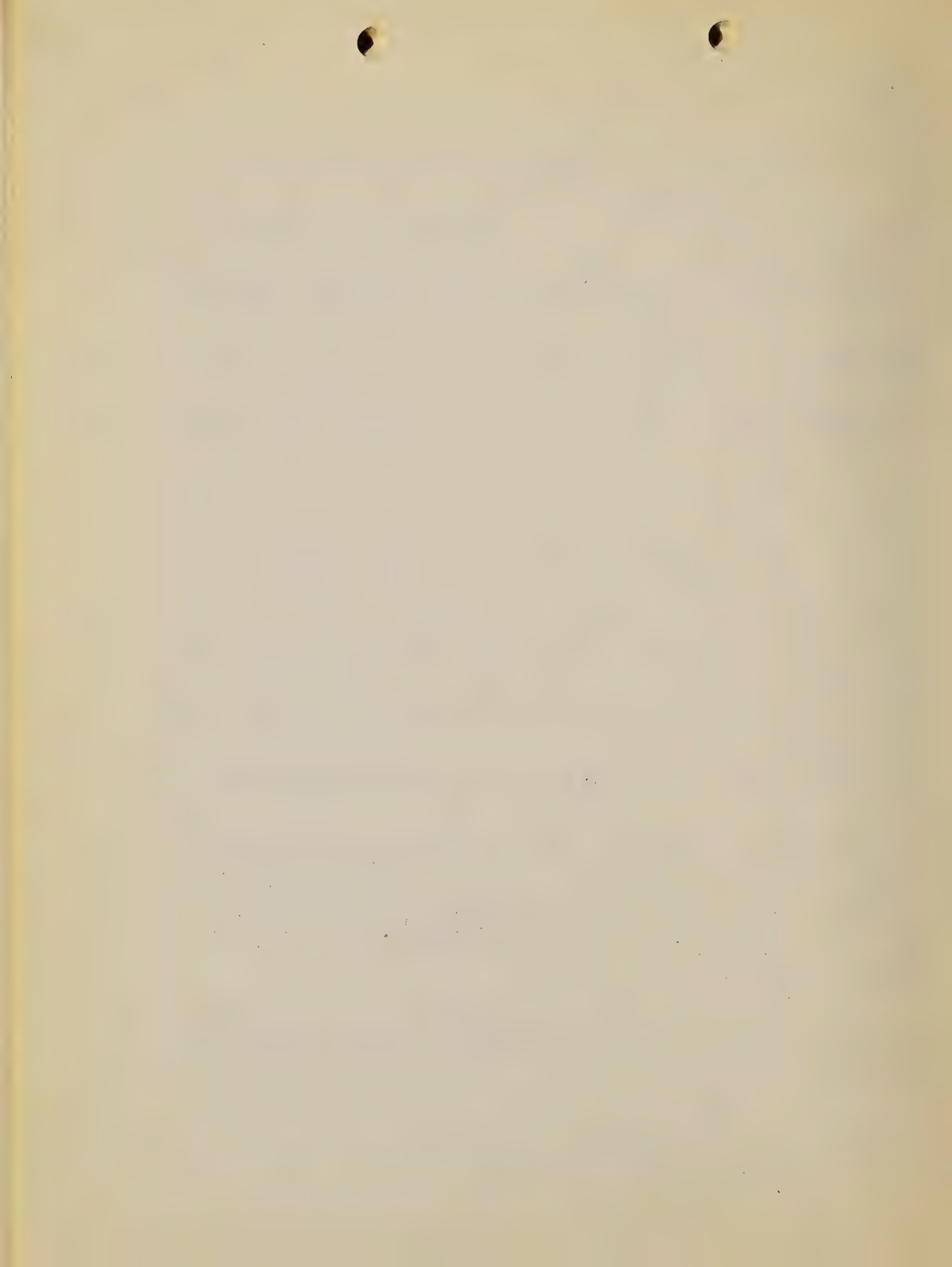


Table 6

Of all the persons in households at the time of the first standard loan, 46 percent were under 16 and over 1 percent were 65 and older. The youth group aged 16 to 24 comprised 18 percent of all persons. Males aged 16 to 64 were over one-fourth of all persons, being 28 percent of the total.

Table C-101 AND NEW DISTRIBUTION: Number and percentage of all persons in households of borrowers at time of first standard RR loan, by age and sex, by period of first standard loan.

Age at time of first standard loan	Persons in households of borrowers receiving first standard loan between											
	3/1/30-2/28/37			3/1/37-2/28/38			3/1/39-2/28/39			3/1/39-2/28/39		
	Total persons	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Under 5	14.2	7.2	6.9	12.5	6.4	6.0	14.4	7.5	6.9	14.8	7.4	7.3
5 to 9	14.3	7.2	7.1	15.5	8.3	7.2	14.5	7.3	7.2	14.5	7.4	7.0
10 to 14	14.7	7.7	7.0	15.9	8.0	7.9	14.5	7.4	7.1	14.3	7.7	6.6
15	2.4	1.2	1.2	2.9	1.3	1.6	2.1	1.1	1.0	2.4	1.2	1.1
Total, under 16	45.6	23.3	22.2	44.8	22.0	22.7	46.5	23.3	23.2	46.0	23.7	22.0
16 to 24	18.1	8.9	9.1	17.8	8.6	9.2	18.2	8.6	9.6	17.9	8.9	9.5
25 to 34	18.7	8.9	8.9	11.4	5.4	6.0	12.7	7.0	6.7	14.4	7.3	7.1
35 to 44	10.5	5.3	5.2	11.2	5.8	5.4	10.5	5.2	5.3	10.3	5.2	5.1
45 to 54	7.4	4.3	3.1	8.3	4.5	3.8	7.2	4.3	2.9	7.2	4.2	3.0
55 to 64	3.5	2.2	1.3	4.6	2.3	1.6	3.7	2.3	1.4	3.1	2.0	1.1
65 and over	1.2	0.6	0.6	1.9	1.2	0.7	1.2	0.6	0.6	1.1	0.6	0.5
Total	100.0	51.5	48.3	100.0	51.4	48.4	100.0	51.3	48.7	100.0	51.6	48.1

Number of persons reporting age 2/ : 3/ 22,411 4,333 5,374 12,454

1/ Total includes all persons for whom age was known, regardless of whether sex was known.
2/ Exclusive of 113 persons whose age was unknown.
3/ Based upon 4,644 borrowers reporting age data for household members, out of the 4,648 borrowers in the study.

Table 7.-AGE AND SEX DISTRIBUTION: Number and percentage of all persons in households of borrowers at time of first standard RM loan by age and sex, by State

Age of first standard loan		Arkansas		Louisiana		Mississippi	
Total persons	1/2	Total persons	1/2	Total persons	1/2	Total persons	1/2
Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
Under 5	14.2 : 7.2 : 6.9 : 14.4 : 7.2 : 13.4 : 6.7 : 6.7 : 14.8 : 7.7 : 7.0						
5 to 14	16.5 : 7.8 : 11.2 : 13.0 : 7.1 : 6.9 : 11.1 : 6.8 : 7.2 : 14.5 : 7.2						
15 to 24	13.7 : 7.7 : 7.0 : 14.4 : 7.4 : 7.0 : 14.7 : 7.6 : 7.1 : 14.3 : 6.8						
25 to 34	2.4 : 1.2 : 1.2 : 4.0 : 1.2 : 1.4 : 2.5 : 1.2 : 1.1 : 2.3 : 1.0						
Total, under 16	45.8 : 23.8 : 22.2 : 45.4 : 22.9 : 22.3 : 44.5 : 22.3 : 22.2 : 46.8 : 24.6 : 22.0						
16 to 24	18.1 : 8.9 : 9.1 : 17.9 : 8.8 : 9.1 : 18.7 : 9.4 : 9.3 : 17.6 : 8.3 : 9.2						
25 to 34	15.7 : 6.8 : 6.8 : 15.5 : 6.9 : 6.6 : 13.2 : 6.6 : 6.6 : 14.2 : 7.0 : 7.2						
35 to 44	10.5 : 5.3 : 5.2 : 10.8 : 5.2 : 5.4 : 11.0 : 5.5 : 5.5 : 10.1 : 5.3 : 4.8						
45 to 54	7.4 : 4.3 : 3.1 : 7.8 : 4.5 : 3.2 : 7.8 : 4.5 : 3.3 : 6.7 : 3.8 : 2.9						
55 to 64	3.5 : 2.2 : 1.7 : 3.9 : 2.1 : 1.2 : 3.4 : 2.1 : 1.2 : 2.5 : 2.2 : 1.2						
65 and over	1.2 : 0.6 : 0.6 : 1.2 : 0.7 : 0.5 : 1.4 : 0.6 : 0.6 : 1.1 : 0.6 : 0.5						
Total	100.0 : 51.5 : 48.5 : 100.0 : 51.4 : 48.3 : 100.0 : 51.2 : 48.8 : 100.0 : 51.3 : 47.3						
Number of persons	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Age Report	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Age 2/	22,411	6,553	6,379	7,494			

1/ Total includes all persons for whom age was known, regardless of whether sex was known.
2/ Exclusive of 113 persons whose age was unknown.

3/ Differences among borrowers in the first standard RM loan by age and sex, by State. Differences among borrowers in the first standard RM loan by age and sex, by State. Differences among borrowers in the first standard RM loan by age and sex, by State.



Table 8.-SIZE OF HOUSEHOLD: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by number of persons in household at time of first standard RR loan, by period of first standard loan

Number of persons in household at time of first standard loan	Total		Borrowers receiving first standard loan between			
	Total		3/1/36-	3/1/37-	3/1/38-	
	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
1	13	0.3	0.5	0.2	0.3	
2	612	13.2	13.0	13.8	12.9	
3	889	19.2	17.8	19.2	19.5	
4	843	18.5	16.6	17.4	18.1	
5	714	15.5	14.8	15.5	15.7	
6	555	11.9	12.8	10.7	12.5	
7	404	8.7	9.0	8.7	8.6	
8	278	6.0	6.2	6.1	5.8	
9	167	3.5	4.0	3.3	3.4	
10	104	2.3	2.9	2.0	2.1	
11 and over	66	1.4	2.2	1.1	1.3	
Total	XXX	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Number reporting	4,546		825	1,235	2,555	
Number not reporting	2			1		
Median number of persons in household	5.0		5.2	4.9	5.0	

Note: A comparable table is also available for each State in the region.

The median size of household was 5.0 persons. The median and distributions of borrowers by number of persons in the household were about the same for the first, second, and third period borrowers. Families of 3, 4, and 5 persons made up 53 percent of the total, while those of 1 or 2 persons were more than 13 percent, and those of 6 or more persons were 34 percent of the total.

The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions. It emphasizes that every entry must be clearly documented, including the date, amount, and purpose of the transaction. This ensures transparency and allows for easy verification of the data.

In the second section, the author outlines the various methods used to collect and analyze data. These methods include direct observation, interviews with key personnel, and the use of specialized software tools. Each method is described in detail, highlighting its strengths and potential limitations.

The third section provides a comprehensive overview of the results obtained from the data collection process. It presents a series of tables and graphs that illustrate the trends and patterns identified in the data. The author explains how these findings relate to the overall objectives of the study and discusses the implications of the results.

Finally, the document concludes with a summary of the key findings and a list of recommendations for future research. The author suggests that further studies should focus on refining the data collection methods and exploring the long-term effects of the interventions being studied.

The following table provides a detailed breakdown of the data collected during the study. It includes information on the number of participants, the duration of the study, and the specific data points recorded for each participant.

Participant ID	Age	Gender	Duration (Months)	Score 1	Score 2	Score 3
001	25	Male	12	85	78	92
002	30	Female	18	72	81	88
003	28	Male	15	90	85	95
004	35	Female	20	68	75	82
005	22	Male	10	78	83	87

The data shows a clear trend of improvement in scores over time for all participants. This suggests that the interventions being studied are effective in achieving the desired outcomes.

Table 9.-SIZE OF HOUSEHOLD: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by number of persons in household at time of first standard RR loan, by States

Number of persons in household at time of first standard loan	Total		Borrower's State of residence at time of first standard loan			
	Borrowers		Arkansas	Louisiana	Mississippi	
	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
	:	:	:	:	:	:
1	13	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.1	
2	612	13.2	13.0	14.4	12.4	
3	839	19.1	19.9	18.7	18.5	
4	845	18.2	18.9	16.1	19.1	
5	718	15.5	15.9	15.1	15.3	
6	555	11.9	11.6	12.6	11.8	
7	404	8.7	8.2	8.9	9.2	
8	278	6.0	6.4	5.9	5.6	
9	162	3.5	2.9	3.4	4.2	
10	104	2.2	2.1	2.3	2.4	
11 and over	66	1.4	0.8	2.1	1.6	
Total	XXX	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Number reporting	4,646		1,301	1,315	1,530	
Number not reporting	2		2	—	—	
Median number of persons in household	5.0		4.9	5.0	5.0	

There were no noticeable differences among the 3 States in the number of persons in the households of the borrowers.



Table 10.—FAMILY COMPOSITION: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by family composition at time of first standard RR loan

Family composition at time of first standard loan	Total borrowers	
	Number	Percent
Normal families	4,000	89.0
Husband-wife; 2 persons	582	12.6
Husband-wife, 1 or 2 under 16; 2 persons	639	13.8
Husband-wife, 2 children under 16; 4 persons	522	11.4
Husband-wife, 3 or more children under 16; 5 or more persons	1,007	21.9
Husband-wife, 1 or more persons 16 or older; 3 or more persons	347	7.5
Husband-wife, 1 child under 16 and 1 or more persons 16 or older; 4 or more persons	296	6.4
Husband-wife; 2 or more children under 16 and 1 or more persons 16 or older; 5 or more persons	901	20.5
Broken families 1/	213	4.6
Nonfamily types 2/	27	0.4
Total reporting	4,600	100.0
Number not reporting	31	

1/ Male or female without spouse but with 1 or more children.

2/ Single head only or single head and another person or persons of the same sex.

Normal families, those with husband and wife, were characteristic of these standard loan borrowers, as all but 5 percent were of this type. Three-fourths of the families were normal families with 1 or more children under 16. Over one-third, 35 percent, of the families had 1 or more persons aged 16 or older in addition to the husband and wife. Twenty-eight percent contained a husband and wife, children under 16, and also persons—usually children—aged 16 or older. One-eighth of the families consisted of only husband and wife.

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20535

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

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Table 11.—AGE OF HEAD: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by age of household head at time of first standard RR loan, by States

Age of household head	Total		Borrower's State of residence at time of first standard loan		
	borrowers		Arkansas	Louisiana	Mississippi
	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
16 to 24	508	11.0	11.0	10.0	11.3
25 to 34	1,306	29.8	29.9	28.7	31.1
35 to 44	1,201	25.9	25.1	26.9	26.0
45 to 54	968	20.9	21.5	22.7	18.9
55 to 64	482	10.4	10.8	10.2	10.1
65 and over	93	2.0	1.7	2.3	2.1
Total	XXXX	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Number reporting	4,639		1,797	1,314	1,528
Number not reporting	9		6	1	2
Median age of household head	38.5		38.6	39.3	37.7

The median age of borrowers was 38.5 years. Eleven percent were under 25 and 12 percent were aged 55 and over. Louisiana borrowers averaged the oldest, a little over 39 years, and Mississippi borrowers the youngest, a little less than 38 years.



Table 12.—EDUCATION OF HEAD: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by highest grade of school finished by household head at time of first standard RR loan, by States

Highest grade finished	Total borrowers		Borrower's State of residence at time of first standard loan			
			Arkansas	Louisiana	Mississippi	
	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
None	307	7.1	4.0	15.0	3.9	
1 to 3	553	13.2	9.3	19.6	12.3	
4 to 5	960	22.3	21.1	24.6	21.6	
6	453	10.6	11.5	10.4	9.6	
7	454	10.5	11.3	9.9	9.7	
8	573	20.2	25.1	10.6	21.4	
9	261	6.0	5.3	3.2	9.3	
10	191	4.4	4.6	2.4	6.0	
11	105	2.4	1.7	3.2	2.6	
12	111	2.6	3.5	0.8	3.1	
13 or more	29	0.7	0.7	0.3	1.0	
Total	XXX	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Number reporting	4,317		1,641	1,238	1,438	
Number not reporting	331		162	77	92	
Median grade finished: by household head	6.7		7.3	5.3	7.3	

More than one-half, 54 percent, of the heads did not complete the eighth grade; one-fifth, 20 percent, stopped at the end of the eighth grade or stopped before completing the ninth grade; only 3 percent completed at least the twelfth grade. Less than 1 percent were reported as completing 1 or more years beyond the twelfth grade. On the other hand, 7 percent did not even complete the first grade. The median grade finished was 6.7. The Louisiana borrowers had the least schooling; 80 percent of them did not reach the eighth grade as compared with 58 percent of those in Arkansas and 56 percent in Mississippi. Mississippi and Arkansas had almost 4 times as large a proportion of borrowers who had completed 12 or more grades than did Louisiana. The median grade finished in Arkansas and Mississippi was the same, 7.3, while the median in Louisiana was 5.3.

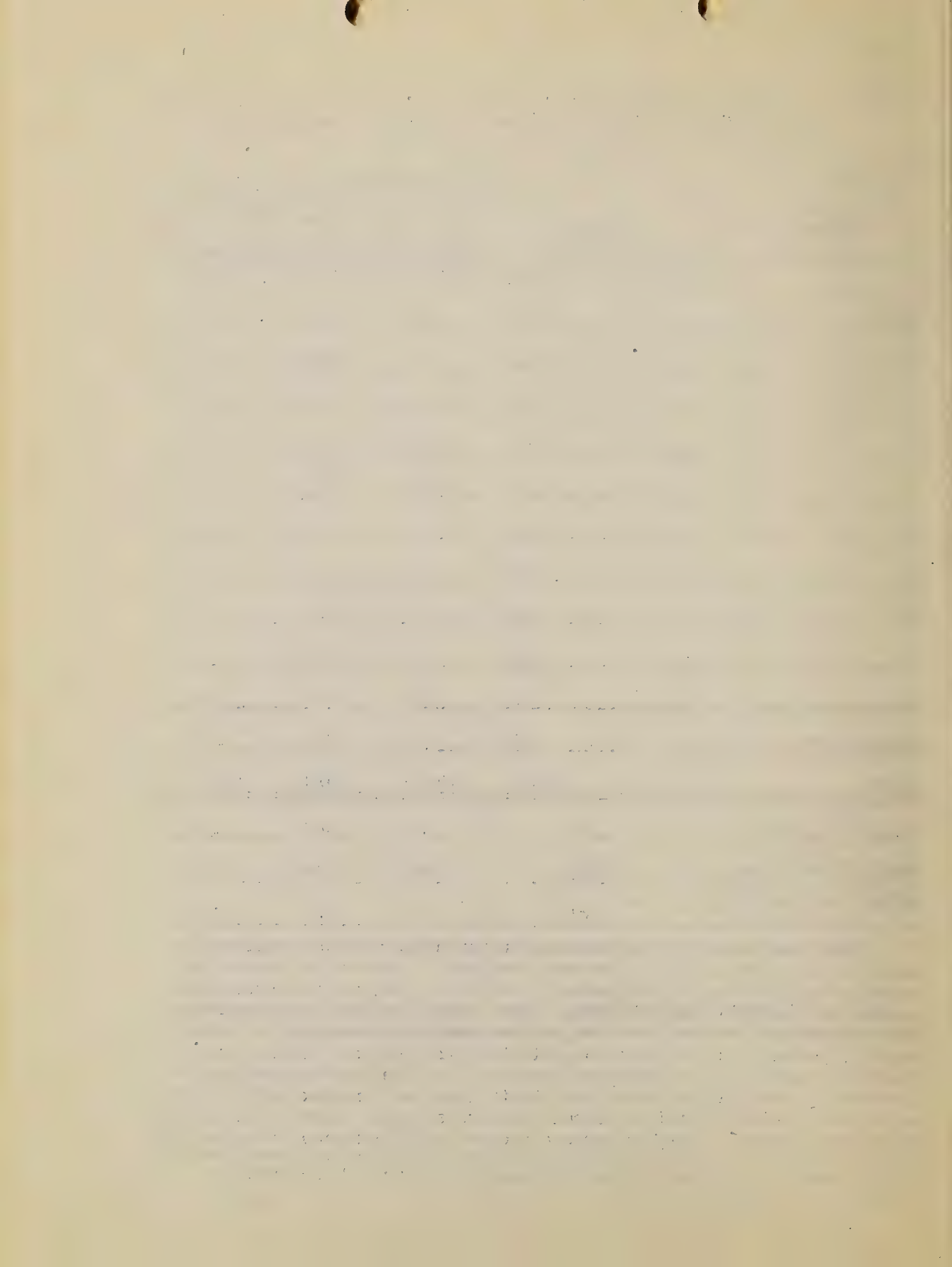


Table 13.-EDUCATION AND AGE OF HEAD: Number of borrowers classified by highest grade finished and by age of household head at time of first standard RR loan

Highest grade finished	Total borrowers	Age of head						
		16 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 54	55 to 64	65 and over	Unknown
None	307	16	61	75	75	47	12	1
1 to 3	568	35	132	169	138	79	15	—
4 to 5	960	85	267	248	227	102	31	—
6	158	43	137	133	101	38	6	—
7	45	49	152	123	87	37	6	—
8	873	111	284	228	153	82	9	—
9	261	43	105	85	38	7	1	—
10	150	49	71	27	24	16	1	—
11	105	20	42	15	10	—	—	—
12	112	20	49	21	15	1	3	—
13 or more	29	—	4	11	8	6	—	—
Unknown	19	17	82	77	87	31	7	8
Total	4,048	508	1,386	1,201	968	407	91	9
Median grade finished by household head	6.7	8.2	7.6	8.5	8.0	5.4	5.0	*

* Median not computed on a base of fewer than 50 cases.

Total A comparable table is also available for each State in the Region.

This table shows the relation between age and education. The median grade finished was highest for the youngest heads and lowest for the oldest.

Tables 14 and 15

Less than one-fourth, 23 percent, of the households had 1 or more male youths (other than the household head) aged 16 to 24. Seventeen percent of the households had 1 youth, 5 percent had 2 youths, and 1 percent had 3 or more youths.

Mississippi had the smallest proportion of households with male youths aged 16 to 24 and Louisiana had the largest proportion.

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO
DIVISION OF THE PHYSICAL SCIENCES
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530 SOUTH EAST ASIAN AVENUE
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TO THE DIRECTOR, NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20535

Table 14.-NUMBER OF MALE YOUTHS IN HOUSEHOLD: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by number of male youths (nonheads) aged 16 to 24 in household at time of first standard RR loan, by period of first standard loan

Number of male youths aged 16 to 24	Total		Borrowers receiving first standard loan between			
			3/1/35-	3/1/37-	3/1/38-	
	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	
None	3,549	76.7	72.1	71.9	77.5	
1	758	17.2	19.4	16.2	17.9	
2	210	5.0	7.3	4.4	4.6	
2 or more	73	1.1	1.5	1.5	0.9	
Total	31X	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Number reporting	4,630		820	1,234	2,576	
Number not reporting	18		7	2	9	

Note: A comparable table is also available for each State in the Region.

(5A-3)

Table 15.-NUMBER OF MALE YOUTHS IN HOUSEHOLD: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by number of male youths (nonheads) aged 16 to 24 in household at time of first standard RR loan, by States

Number of male youths aged 16 to 24	Total		Borrowers receiving first standard loan at time of first standard loan			
			Alabama	Louisiana	Mississippi	
	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	
None	3,549	76.7	76.1	73.9	73.6	
1	758	17.2	11.1	18.7	24.9	
2	210	5.0	4.9	5.9	4.1	
2 or more	73	1.1	0.8	1.6	1.2	
Total	31X	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Number reporting	4,630		1,791	1,712	1,527	
Number not reporting	18		10	1	3	

(5A-4)

The first part of the report is a summary of the work done during the year. It is divided into two main sections: the first section deals with the general results of the work, and the second section deals with the details of the work.

The second part of the report is a detailed account of the work done during the year. It is divided into two main sections: the first section deals with the general results of the work, and the second section deals with the details of the work.

The third part of the report is a detailed account of the work done during the year. It is divided into two main sections: the first section deals with the general results of the work, and the second section deals with the details of the work.

The fourth part of the report is a detailed account of the work done during the year. It is divided into two main sections: the first section deals with the general results of the work, and the second section deals with the details of the work.

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The seventh part of the report is a detailed account of the work done during the year. It is divided into two main sections: the first section deals with the general results of the work, and the second section deals with the details of the work.

The eighth part of the report is a detailed account of the work done during the year. It is divided into two main sections: the first section deals with the general results of the work, and the second section deals with the details of the work.

The ninth part of the report is a detailed account of the work done during the year. It is divided into two main sections: the first section deals with the general results of the work, and the second section deals with the details of the work.

Table 16.--YEARS ON FARM: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by number of years resident on farm to be operated during crop year of first standard RR loan

Years on farm to be operated	Total	
	borrowers	
	Number	Percent
Less than 1	1,385	42.9
1 but less than 2	1,541	47.8
2 or more	301	9.3
Total reporting	3,227	100.0
Percent not reporting	1,113	

Ninety-one percent of the borrowers had lived less than 2 years on the farm to be operated during the crop year in which they received their first standard loan; 43 percent had been on this farm less than 1 year. Some part of this high rate of mobility is due to the fact that one-seventh of the borrowers were starting in as farm operators; during the major part of the year before the first loan they were farm laborers or nonfarm. Another 23 percent had served the major part of the year before as croppers. Information concerning "years on farm" was known for less than 70 percent of the borrowers in the study.

Table 17.—TIMES CHANGED FARMS: Percentage of borrowers classified by number of times changed farms since first standard RE loan and before February 28, 1939, by period of first standard loan ^{1/}

Number of times changed farms	Borrowers receiving first standard loan between		
	3/1/36- 2/28/37	3/1/37- 2/28/38	3/1/38- 2/28/39
	Percent	Percent	Percent
0	73.1	91.8	100.0
1	21.1	8.1	
2	5.4	0.1	
3	0.4		
4 or more			
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0
Number reporting	570	1,119	2,571
Number not reporting	257	117	10

^{1/} Inasmuch as the last available record for a large proportion of the borrowers was filled out before February 28, 1939, the number of changes reported in this table is an understatement of the total moves between the time of receiving the first standard RE loan and February 28, 1939.

Note: A comparable table is also available for each State in the Region.

Over one-fourth of the first period borrowers changed farms 1 or more times after entry on the program and before February 28, 1939; most frequently there was just 1 change. Eight percent of the second period borrowers had changed farms once. No borrower in the third period was reported as changing farms before February 28, 1939.

Table 12.--TENURE STATUS YEAR BEFORE RR: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by tenure status during year before first standard RR loan, by period of first standard loan 1/

Tenure status : year before : first : standard loan :	Total		Borrowers receiving			
	borrowers		first standard loan between-			
	Number	Percent	3/1/36- 2/28/37	3/1/37- 2/28/38	3/1/38- 2/28/39	
Full owner	1,087	23.6	19.7	23.8	24.7	
Part owner 2/	97	2.1	1.7	2.5	2.1	
Tenant	1,657	36.0	46.9	30.5	35.1	
Cropper	1,075	23.3	14.2	26.7	24.6	
Hired or unpaid farm laborer	231	5.0	3.2	6.3	4.7	
Nonfarm	461	10.0	13.6	10.2	8.8	
Total	XXX	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Number reporting	4,608		811	1,224	2,573	
Number not reporting	40		16	12	12	

1/ Tenure status is that held during major part of crop year before first standard RR loan.

2/ A part owner rents part and owns part of the farm operated.

Note: A comparable table is also available for each State in the Region; a table showing the type and length of lease is available for 12 borrowers reporting lease data out of the 2,829 borrowers who rented land.

Thirty-six percent of the borrowers were tenants on the farm operated during the year before entry on RR. Twenty-six percent owned all or part of the farm operated, 23 percent were croppers, 10 percent were not in agriculture during the major part of the crop year, and 5 percent were farm laborers. The percentage of borrowers accepted who were tenants decreased from 47 percent in the first period to 35 percent in the third period. The percentages who were croppers increased from 14 to 25 percent and those who were owners increased from 21 to 27 percent. The percentage of borrowers who had been "nonfarm" decreased from the first to the third period, while the percentage who had been farm laborers increased after the first period.



Table 19.--TENURE STATUS YEAR BEFORE RR: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by tenure status during year before first standard RR loan, by States 1/

Tenure status year before first standard loan	Total		Borrowers' State of residence at time of first standard loan			
	Borrowers		Arkansas Louisiana Mississippi			
	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
Full owner	1,087	23.6	24.0	25.4	21.6	
Part owner 2/	97	2.1	2.7	2.6	0.9	
Tenant	1,657	36.0	37.5	40.3	34.7	
Cropper	1,075	23.3	16.3	22.9	32.0	
Hired or unpaid farm laborer	231	5.0	9.4	2.5	2.0	
Nonfarm	461	10.0	13.7	6.3	8.3	
Total	XXX	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Number reporting	4,608		1,794	1,297	1,517	
Number not reporting	48		9	10	12	

1/ Tenure status is that held during major part of crop year before first standard RR loan.

2/ A part owner rents part and owns part of the farm operated.

Notes: A table showing the type and length of lease is available for the 12 borrowers reporting lease data out of the 2,829 borrowers who rented land.

Owners were most frequent in Louisiana, where 23 percent of the borrowers owned all or part of the farm operated during the year before the first standard loan as compared to 27 percent in Arkansas and 32 percent in Mississippi. Two-fifths, 40 percent, of the Louisiana borrowers were tenants, but only about 34 percent of those in Arkansas and Mississippi were tenants. Mississippi had twice as large a proportion of croppers as Arkansas, 32 and 16 percent, respectively, while Arkansas with 9 percent farm laborers had almost 5 times as large a percentage as Mississippi. About one-seventh of the Arkansas borrowers had been "nonfarm" as compared with 1 out of 16 in Louisiana.



Table 20.-TENURE STATUS LAST CROP YEAR: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by tenure status during last year of record after entry on standard RR program, by number of crop years after first loan 1/

Tenure status during last year of record after entry on RR	Total		Borrowers by number of crop years after first loan			
	borrowers		1 year	2 years	3 years	
	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
Full owner	686	27.1	23.2	35.0	26.5	
Part owner 2/	129	5.1	5.0	5.1	5.5	
Tenant	1,718	67.7	69.7	59.9	68.0	
Cropper	2	0.1	0.3			
Total	XXX	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Number reporting	2,535		1,706	429	400	
Number not reporting 3/	11		2	3	6	

- 1/ Tenure status is that held during major part of last crop year of record.
 2/ A part owner rents part and owns part of the farm operated.
 3/ May include an occasional borrower with other than farm operator status, but exclusive of 2,102 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program.

Note: A table showing the type and length of lease is available for the 1,304 borrowers reporting lease data out of the 1,849 borrowers who rented land, exclusive of the borrowers with no record after entry on RR program.

Almost one-third, 32 percent, of the borrowers were owners during the last crop year for which a record was available after entry on the RR program; more than two-thirds were tenants. The percentage of owners was largest for the borrowers who had been on the program 2 years and smallest for those who had been on the program 1 year.

1. The first part of the report deals with the general situation of the country and the progress of the work during the year. It is divided into two main sections: the first section deals with the general situation and the second section deals with the progress of the work.

2. The second part of the report deals with the results of the work during the year. It is divided into two main sections: the first section deals with the results of the work in the field and the second section deals with the results of the work in the laboratory.

3. The third part of the report deals with the conclusions of the work during the year. It is divided into two main sections: the first section deals with the conclusions of the work in the field and the second section deals with the conclusions of the work in the laboratory.

4. The fourth part of the report deals with the recommendations of the work during the year. It is divided into two main sections: the first section deals with the recommendations of the work in the field and the second section deals with the recommendations of the work in the laboratory.

5. The fifth part of the report deals with the summary of the work during the year. It is divided into two main sections: the first section deals with the summary of the work in the field and the second section deals with the summary of the work in the laboratory.

6. The sixth part of the report deals with the appendix of the work during the year. It is divided into two main sections: the first section deals with the appendix of the work in the field and the second section deals with the appendix of the work in the laboratory.

7. The seventh part of the report deals with the bibliography of the work during the year. It is divided into two main sections: the first section deals with the bibliography of the work in the field and the second section deals with the bibliography of the work in the laboratory.

8. The eighth part of the report deals with the index of the work during the year. It is divided into two main sections: the first section deals with the index of the work in the field and the second section deals with the index of the work in the laboratory.

9. The ninth part of the report deals with the conclusion of the work during the year. It is divided into two main sections: the first section deals with the conclusion of the work in the field and the second section deals with the conclusion of the work in the laboratory.

10. The tenth part of the report deals with the final remarks of the work during the year. It is divided into two main sections: the first section deals with the final remarks of the work in the field and the second section deals with the final remarks of the work in the laboratory.

Table 21. TENURE STATUS YEAR BEFORE AND LAST YEAR OF RECORD: Number of borrowers classified by tenure status during year before first standard loan and during last year of record after entry on standard RR program 1.

Tenure status :		Borrowers by tenure status during					
year before :		last year of record after entry on RR					
first	Total	Full	Part	Tenant	Cropper/tenant ^{2/}	Un-	
standard loan	borrowers	owner	owner	tenant	cropper/tenant	known	
	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	
Full owner	631	565	35	30	—	—	
Part owner ^{2/}	64	3	46	15	—	—	
Tenant	964	27	22	915	3	3	
Cropper	520	26	12	470	3	4	
Hired or unpaid farm laborer	122	5	1	113	—	4	
Nonfarm	241	55	10	174	—	3	
Unknown	4	—	—	4	—	—	
Total ^{4/}	2,546	636	129	1,718	2	11	

1/ Tenure status is that held during major part of crop year.

2/ A part owner rents part and owns part of the farm operated.

3/ Includes, in addition to borrowers whose tenure status was unknown, an occasional borrower with other than farm-operator status.

4/ Exclusive of 2,102 borrowers with no record after entry on RR.

Note: A comparable table is also available with borrowers classified by number of years (1, 2, or 3) after first standard loan.

Most of the borrowers who had been "nonfarm" or farm laborers before RR became tenants, as did those who were croppers. The shifts in status were not marked for other tenure groups. Forty of the 695 owners and part owners were known to have dropped to a tenant status, while 49 of the 964 who had been tenants had changed to an owner status, as did 39 of the 520 who had been croppers.

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO
DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY
JANUARY 1950

TO THE HONORABLE CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES
OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO
FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY

Enclosed for the Board of Trustees are two copies of a report
on the progress of the work of the Department of Chemistry
during the year 1949-1950. The report is divided into two parts,
one dealing with the general work of the department and the other
with the work of the various laboratories.

The first part of the report deals with the general work of the
department and includes a summary of the work of the various
laboratories. The second part of the report deals with the work
of the various laboratories and includes a summary of the work of
each of the laboratories.

The report is divided into two parts, one dealing with the general
work of the department and the other with the work of the various
laboratories. The first part of the report deals with the general
work of the department and includes a summary of the work of the
various laboratories. The second part of the report deals with the
work of the various laboratories and includes a summary of the work
of each of the laboratories.

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work of the department and the other with the work of the various
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various laboratories. The second part of the report deals with the
work of the various laboratories and includes a summary of the work
of each of the laboratories.

Table 22.—TENURE STATUS YEAR BEFORE OR AND NUMBER OF MALE YOUTH IN HOUSEHOLD: Number of borrowers classified by tenure status during year before first standard RR loan and by number of male youths (nonheads) aged 16 to 24 in household at time of first standard RR loan

Tenure status year before first standard loan	Number of male youths aged 16 to 24					
	Total	0	1	2	3 or more	Unknown
	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number
Full owner	1,087	769	235	65	14	4
Part owner	97	66	21	8	2	—
Tenant	1,657	1,245	302	83	21	6
Cropper	1,075	844	101	53	11	6
Hired or unpaid farm laborer	221	211	17	3	—	—
Nonfarm	451	381	59	14	5	2
Unknown	40	33	3	4	—	—
Total	4,648	3,549	708	230	53	13

Note: A comparable table is also available for (a) each State in the Region, (b) for each of the 3 periods of first standard loan, and (c) for each State by each of the 3 periods of first standard loan.

A larger proportion of the owners than of any other group had male youths in their households.

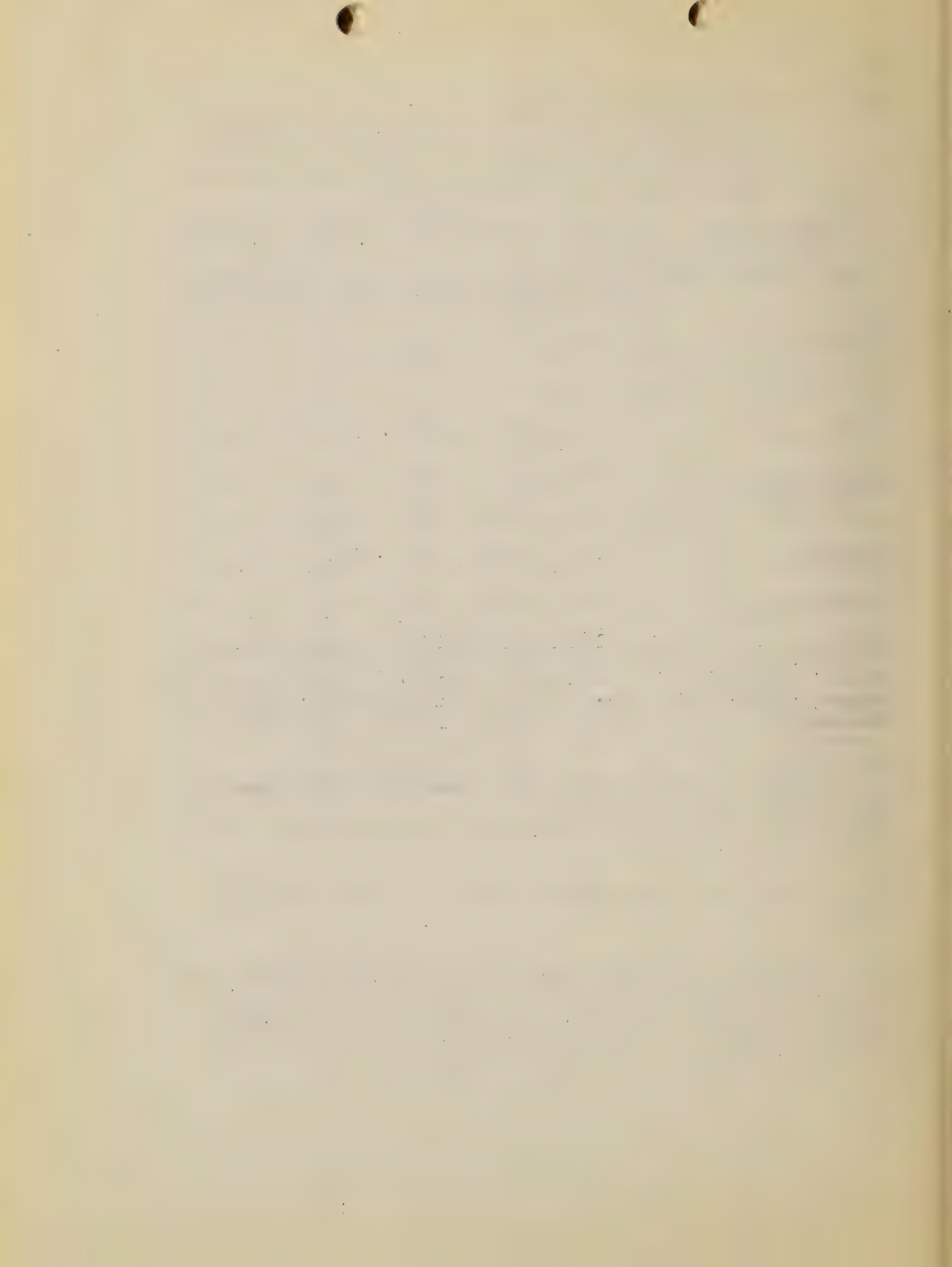


Table 23.—SIZE OF FARM YEAR BEFORE RR: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by acres in farm during year before first standard RR loan, by period of first standard loan 1/

Acres in farm year before first standard loan	Total		Borrowers receiving first standard loan between			
	Borrowers		3/1/36- 2/28/37	3/1/37- 2/28/38	3/1/38- 2/28/39	
	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	
less than 20	286	12.6	16.6	12.7	10.9	
20 to 49	1,495	66.8	43.6	48.0	51.2	
50 to 99	765	25.0	24.4	25.7	24.9	
100 to 124	308	10.1	10.2	10.3	9.9	
175 to 299	74	2.4	3.0	2.3	2.3	
260 to 499	27	0.9	1.6	0.8	0.7	
500 to 999	7	0.2	0.6	0.2	0.1	
1,000 and over	—	—	—	—	—	
Total	2,111	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Number reporting	1,052		139	921	1,492	
Number not reporting	938		51	120	767	
Median acres in farm	43		43	43	43	

1/ Exclusive of 658 borrowers reporting no farm during crop year before first standard RR loan.

Note: A comparable table is also available for each State in the Region.

The median size of farm during the year before the first loan for borrowers operating farms was 43 acres for each period. One-eighth, 13 percent, of all farms were under 20 acres, 49 percent were 20 to 49 acres, 25 percent were 50 to 99 acres, and nearly 14 percent were 100 acres and over in size.

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO
DIVISION OF THE PHYSICAL SCIENCES
DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY

SOLUBILITY OF SOLIDS IN LIQUIDS		TEMPERATURE		PRESSURE	
SOLVENT		SOLUTE		CONCENTRATION	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		0.1 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		0.2 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		0.3 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		0.4 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		0.5 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		0.6 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		0.7 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		0.8 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		0.9 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		1.0 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		1.1 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		1.2 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		1.3 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		1.4 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		1.5 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		1.6 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		1.7 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		1.8 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		1.9 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		2.0 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		2.1 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		2.2 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		2.3 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		2.4 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		2.5 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		2.6 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		2.7 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		2.8 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		2.9 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		3.0 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		3.1 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		3.2 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		3.3 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		3.4 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		3.5 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		3.6 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		3.7 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		3.8 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		3.9 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		4.0 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		4.1 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		4.2 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		4.3 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		4.4 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		4.5 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		4.6 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		4.7 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		4.8 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		4.9 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		5.0 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		5.1 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		5.2 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		5.3 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		5.4 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		5.5 M	
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WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		5.7 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		5.8 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		5.9 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		6.0 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		6.1 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		6.2 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		6.3 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		6.4 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		6.5 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		6.6 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		6.7 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		6.8 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		6.9 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		7.0 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		7.1 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		7.2 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		7.3 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		7.4 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		7.5 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		7.6 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		7.7 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		7.8 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		7.9 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		8.0 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		8.1 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		8.2 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		8.3 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		8.4 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		8.5 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		8.6 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		8.7 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		8.8 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		8.9 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		9.0 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		9.1 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		9.2 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		9.3 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		9.4 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		9.5 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		9.6 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		9.7 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		9.8 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		9.9 M	
WATER		SODIUM CHLORIDE		10.0 M	

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Table 21.—SIZE OF FARM YEAR BEFORE RR: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by acres in farm during year before first standard RR loan, by States ^{1/}

Acres in farm year before first standard loan	Total		Borrower's State of residence at time of first standard loan			
	borrowers		Arkansas	Louisiana	Mississippi	
	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	
Less than 20	306	12.6	6.3	19.4	8.9	
20 to 49	1,445	49.8	36.7	56.4	48.6	
50 to 99	765	25.0	31.1	17.8	28.7	
100 to 174	308	10.1	16.5	4.7	10.5	
175 to 259	74	2.4	4.2	1.0	2.5	
260 to 499	27	0.9	1.5	0.6	0.7	
500 to 999	7	0.2	0.6	0.1	0.1	
1,000 and over	—	—	—	—	—	
Total	XX1	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Number reporting	3,052		880	1,132	1,040	
Number not reporting	938		527	77	334	
Median acres in farm	43		55	26	45	

^{1/} Exclusive of 658 borrowers reporting no farm during crop year before first standard RR loan.

Farms of Arkansas borrowers before acceptance averaged one and one-half times larger than those of Louisiana and nearly one and one-fourth times larger than those of Mississippi borrowers. The medians were 55, 45, and 36 acres for Arkansas, Mississippi and Louisiana, respectively. One out of every 5 borrowers in Louisiana had been operating farms of less than 20 acres while about 1 out of every 12 borrowers had been operating farms of this size in Arkansas and Mississippi.



Table 25.-SIZE OF FARM LAST RR RECORD: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by acres in farm during last year of record after entry on standard RR program, by number of crop years after first loan

Acres in farm during last year of record after entry on RR:	Total		Borrowers by number of crop years after first loan			
	Borrowers		1 year	2 years	3 years	
	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	
Less than 20 1/	113	4.9	4.5	4.3	7.3	
20 to 49	1,057	46.2	46.9	45.4	43.5	
50 to 99	670	29.3	29.4	28.8	28.8	
100 to 174	326	14.2	14.1	14.2	14.9	
175 to 259	88	3.8	3.7	5.1	3.3	
260 to 499	25	1.5	1.3	1.9	2.2	
500 to 999	2	0.1	0.1	0.3	---	
1,000 and over	---	---	---	---	---	
Total	XXX	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Number reporting	2,291		1,549	374	368	
Number not reporting 2/	255		159	58	38	
Median acres in farm	49		49	50	49	

1/ May include an occasional borrower reporting no farm.

2/ Exclusive of 2,102 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program.

The median size of farm in the last year of record, 49 acres, was practically the same whether the borrowers had been on the program 1, 2, or 3 years. Five percent of the farms were under 20 acres and 46 percent were 20 to 49 acres; 29 percent were 50 to 99 acres and only one-fifth, 20 percent, of the farms were 100 acres and over in size.



NUMBER OF BORROWERS WITH NO RECORD: Number of borrowers classified by acres in farm during year before first standard loan and during first year of record after entry on standard RR program

Acres in farm	Borrowers	Less	20	50	100	175	250	500	1,000	and over	Unknown
first year before	Total	than	to	to	to	to	to	to	to	and	Unknown
loan	borrowers	0	20	49	99	174	259	499	999	over	Number
Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number
0	339	1	8	159	81	28	9	5	1	1	48
Less than 20	200	1	57	97	20	4	2	1	1	1	19
20 to 49	772	2	28	496	185	46	13	1	1	1	60
50 to 99	414	1	69	249	43	10	3	1	1	1	39
100 to 174	170	1	16	23	101	5	8	1	1	1	17
175 to 259	44	1	4	2	5	30	1	1	1	1	2
260 to 499	18	1	1	4	2	2	9	1	1	1	1
500 to 999	5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1,000 and over	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Unknown	584	15	214	155	96	17	7	1	1	1	80
Total 1/	2,546	4	109	1,057	670	326	88	35	2	1	255

1/ Exclusive of 2,102 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program.

Note: A comparable table is also available with borrowers classified by number of crop years (1, 2, or 3) after first standard loan.

This table shows the tendency for borrowers with farms of less than 50 acres the year before the first loan to have a larger farm the last year of record if they made adjustments, but for borrowers with farms of 50 acres or more the tendency was for a smaller farm if an adjustment was made. Of the 350 borrowers operating farms of less than 50 acres the year before acceptance who made adjustments in the size of their farms, 31 obtained smaller farms while 319 borrowers obtained larger farms. Of the 203 borrowers starting with farms of 50 acres or more and making adjustments, 133 obtained smaller farms and 70 obtained larger farms. Those who had no farms during the year before the first loan averaged somewhat smaller farms during the



Table 27.-ACRES IN CROPS YEAR BEFORE RR: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by acres in crops during year before first standard RR loan ^{1/}

Acres in crops during year: before first standard loan:	Total borrowers	
	Number	Percent
Less than 10	240	7.2
10 to 19	1,235	36.7
20 to 29	1,137	34.2
30 to 59	601	17.9
60 to 99	58	1.7
100 to 149	8	0.2
150 to 199		
200 to 399	2	0.1
400 to 599	1	*
600 and over	1	*
Total reporting	3,323	100.0
Number not reporting	638	
Median acres in crops	22	

* Less than 0.05 percent.

^{1/} Exclusive of 687 borrowers reporting no land in crops during crop year before first standard RR loan.

The median number of acres in crops during the year before the first loan was 22. Over one-third, 37 percent, had 10 to 19 acres and another third, 34 percent, had 20 to 29 acres. Only 2 percent had 60 acres or more.

1957-58

1945

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1. The first step is to identify the problem or question that needs to be answered. This involves understanding the context and the specific requirements of the task.

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Table 28.--ACRES IN CROPS LAST YEAR OF RECORD: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by acres in crops during last year of record after entry on standard RR program, by number of crop years after first loan

Acres in crops during last year of record after entry on RR	Total		Borrowers by number of crop years after first loan			
	borrowers		1 year	2 years	3 years	
	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	
Less than 10 1/	39	1.8	1.3	2.5	3.2	
10 to 19	693	31.6	32.5	32.4	27.0	
20 to 29	871	39.5	40.1	39.1	38.5	
30 to 59	557	25.4	24.5	24.5	29.7	
60 to 99	26	1.2	1.3	0.9	0.8	
100 to 149	6	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.5	
150 to 199	—	—	—	—	—	
200 to 399	3	0.1	0.1	—	0.3	
400 to 599	1	*	—	0.3	—	
600 and over	—	—	—	—	—	
Total	XXX	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Number reporting	2,196		1,508	318	370	
Number not reporting 2/	350		200	114	36	
Median acres in crops	24		24	24	25	

* Less than 0.05 percent.

1/ May include an occasional borrower reporting no land in crops.

2/ Exclusive of 2,102 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program.

The median number of acres in crops during the last year of record was the same, about 24 acres, regardless of whether the borrower had been on the program 1, 2, or 3 years. Under one-third, 32 percent, of all the borrowers had 10 to 19 acres in crops, 40 percent had 20 to 29 acres. Less than 2 percent had 60 acres or more.

THE [illegible] OF [illegible]

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Table 29

This table shows the tendency for borrowers with less than 30 acres in crops the year before the first loan to have more acres in crops the last year of record if they made adjustments, but for borrowers with 30 or more acres in crops the tendency was fewer acres in crops if an adjustment was made. Of the 615 borrowers with less than 30 acres in crops the year before acceptance who made adjustments in the crop acreage, 126 planted fewer acres while 489 borrowers planted more acres. Of the 137 borrowers starting with 30 acres or more and making adjustments, 124 planted fewer acres and 13 planted more acres. Those who had no land in crops during the year before the first loan had practically the same acreage in crops during the last year of record, on the average, as did other borrowers.

acres in
city on

100

1, 2, or 3

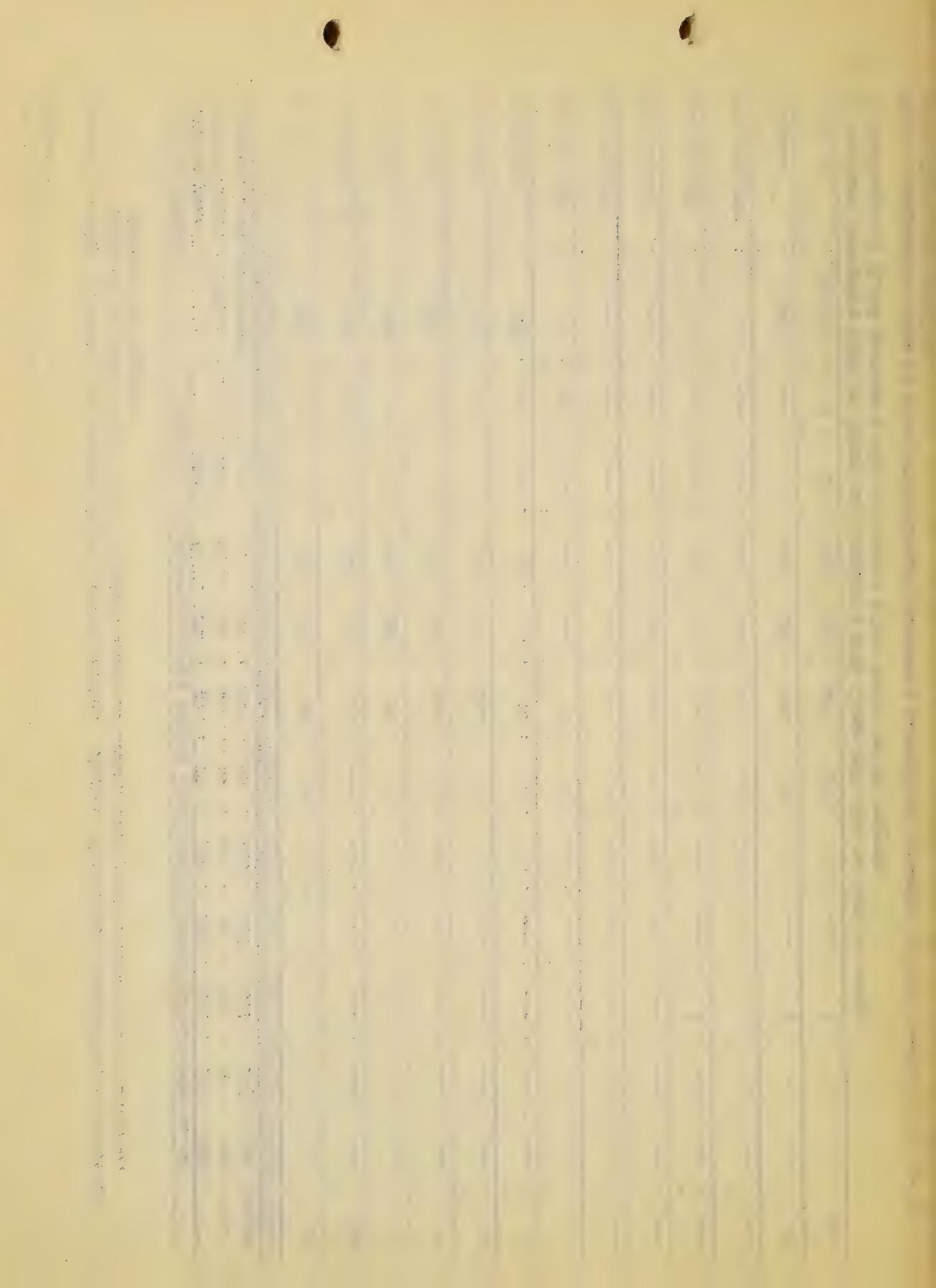


Table 30.--GARDEN YEAR BEFORE RR: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by garden or crop production for home use during year before first standard RR loan 1/

Garden or crop production :		
for home use year before :	Total	
first standard loan :	borrowers	
	Number :	Percent
No garden and no crop :	:	:
production for home use :	920	23.0
Garden :	2,339	58.6
No garden, but crop :	:	:
production for home use :	735	18.4
Total reporting :	3,994	100.0
Number not reporting :	654	

1/ Crop production for home use includes any crops commonly used for food by farm families in the Region.

About one-fourth, 23 percent, of the borrowers were reported as having neither a garden nor crops which could be used for food. Fifty-nine percent had a garden and 18 percent had no garden but did grow crops which might be used for food by the family.

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Table 31.-GARDEN LAST YEAR REGION: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by garden or crop production for home use during last year of record after entry on standard RR program, by number of crop years after first loan 1/

Garden or crop production for home use during last year of record after entry on RR	Total		Borrowers by number of crop years after first loan			
	borrowers		1 year	2 years	3 years	
	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	
No garden and no crop pro- duction for home use	71	3.2	2.8	3.7	4.6	
Garden	1,580	71.4	71.4	67.4	74.5	
No garden, but crop pro- duction for home use	552	25.4	25.8	28.9	20.9	
Total	1,111	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Number reporting	2,214		1,523	322	369	
Number not reporting 2/	332		185	113	37	

1/ Crop production for home use includes any crops commonly used for food by farm families in the Region.

2/ Exclusive of 2,102 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program.

Almost three-fourths, 71 percent, of the borrowers reported having a garden and one-fourth, 25 percent, while not reporting a garden, did grow crops which could be used for food by the family. Only 3 percent reported no garden and no crop production for home use. Seventy-one percent of the borrowers on the program 1 year, 67 percent of those on 2 years, and 74 percent of those on 3 years had gardens.



Table 32.--GARDEN YEAR BEFORE RR AND LAST RR RECORD: Number of borrowers classified by garden or crop production for home use during year before first standard loan and during last year of record after entry on standard RR program 1/

Garden or crop production for home use year before first standard loan		Borrowers by garden or crop production for home use during last year of record after entry on RR			
		No garden and no crop production	No garden, but crop production	No garden, but crop production	Unknown
Total		Number	Number	Number	Number
No garden and no crop production for home use	470	18	276	101	75
Garden	1,245	26	817	222	169
No garden, but crop production for home use	336	6	163	109	58
Unknown	495	21	322	111	41
Total 2/	2,546	71	1,530	563	332

1/ Crop production for home use includes any crops commonly used for food by farm families in the Region.

2/ Exclusive of 2,102 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program.

Note: A comparable table is also available with borrowers classified by number of crop years (1, 2, or 3) after first standard loan.

Nearly every borrower who had neither a garden nor crop production for home use during the year before RR had improved this situation during the last year of record by having a garden or growing crops which could be used for food by the family. Nearly all of the borrowers who previously had a garden or crops for home use continued to have one or the other.

1. The first part of the report is a general introduction to the subject of the study. It discusses the importance of the problem and the objectives of the research.

2. The second part of the report is a detailed description of the methods used in the study. It includes a discussion of the experimental design, the data collection procedures, and the statistical analysis techniques.

3. The third part of the report is a presentation of the results of the study. It includes a discussion of the findings, a comparison of the results with previous research, and a conclusion about the significance of the study.

4. The fourth part of the report is a discussion of the implications of the study. It includes a discussion of the limitations of the study, the strengths of the findings, and the potential for future research.

5. The fifth part of the report is a summary of the study. It includes a brief overview of the main findings and a final statement about the importance of the research.

Tables 33, 34, and 35

The median cash receipts during the year before the first standard loan increased 32 percent between the first and third periods, from \$185 to \$244. The median was \$233 for all periods combined. There was a decrease in the proportion of borrowers with cash receipts of less than \$125, from 33 percent in the first period to 13 percent in the second and to 12 percent in the third period. There was an increase in the percentage of borrowers with cash receipts of \$250 or more, from 31 percent in the first period to 46 and 48 percent in the second and third periods, respectively.

The median change in cash receipts for the borrowers for whom there was a record of change was an increase of \$8. The median change for borrowers on the program 1 year was a decrease of \$20 with a median increase of \$35 and \$83 for borrowers on the program 2 and 3 years, respectively. However, 48 percent reported their cash receipts were less during the last year of record than before entry on RR. Such a decrease was reported by 56 percent of those who had been on the program 1 year at the time of the last record, 40 percent of those who had been on 2 years, and 23 percent of those who had been on 3 years. The borrowers with 1-year records ending between 9/1/37 and 8/31/38 and between 9/1/38 and 8/31/39 were the only groups with a median change which was a decrease; 52 and 60 percent, respectively, of these 2 groups reported a decrease in receipts.

Less than 7 percent had a decrease of \$250 or more; the same percentage had an increase of \$250 or more. The longer the time on the program, the smaller was the percentage of borrowers with a \$250 or more decrease and the larger the percentage with a \$250 or more increase. Such a decrease was reported by 8, 6, and 2 percent of the borrowers on the program 1, 2, and 3 years, respectively, while the \$250 or more gain in cash receipts was reported by 4, 7, and 15 percent of those on RR 1, 2, and 3 years, respectively, at the time of the last record.

Table 35 shows the tendency for the chances of an increase in total cash receipts to be in inverse proportion to the amount of cash receipts before entry on RR. Sixty-eight percent of the borrowers who had receipts of less than \$250 during the year before RR reported an increase for the last year of record on RR, but an increase was reported by only 31 percent of the borrowers whose receipts before entry on RR had been \$250 or more.

Table 33.-CASH RECEIPTS YEAR BEFORE FR: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by cash receipts, excluding loans, during year before first standard FR loan, by period of first standard loan

Cash receipts year before first standard loan	Total		Borrowers receiving first standard loan between			
	borrowers		3/1/36- 2/28/37	3/1/37- 2/28/38	3/1/38- 2/28/39	
	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
\$0	96	2.1	5.5	2.3	1.0	
\$1 to \$124	611	13.6	27.1	10.7	10.7	
\$125 to \$249	1,787	39.7	36.3	41.2	40.1	
\$250 to \$374	1,125	25.0	18.6	26.0	26.6	
\$375 to \$499	462	10.3	6.2	10.1	11.7	
\$500 to \$749	296	6.6	4.1	6.8	7.3	
\$750 to \$999	79	1.8	1.3	1.9	1.8	
\$1,000 to \$1,499	26	0.6	0.5	0.7	0.6	
\$1,500 to \$1,999	6	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	
\$2,000 to \$2,499	3	0.1	—	0.2	*	
\$2,500 and over	3	0.1	0.1	—	0.1	
Total	XXX	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Number reporting	4,494		786	1,194	2,514	
Number not reporting	154		41	42	71	
Median cash receipts year before first standard loan	\$233		\$185	\$237	\$244	

* Less than 0.05 percent.

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12. The twelfth part of the report
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13. The thirteenth part of the report
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14. The fourteenth part of the report
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15. The fifteenth part of the report
describes the general situation
of the country.

16. The sixteenth part of the report
describes the general situation
of the country.

on standard lot program by number of crop years after first loan

Change in : Borrowers by number of crop years after first loan

Amounts excluding loans		Ending between :				1 ending between :				2 ending between :				
		6/1/76	6/1/77	6/1/78		6/1/76	6/1/77	6/1/78		6/1/76	6/1/77	6/1/78		
\$600 or more	50	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.8
\$400 to \$599	122	5.0	5.7	2.3	1.8	6.3	5.0	1.2	1.5	8.4	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
\$200 to \$399	122	0.1	0.0	7.2	14.7	17.4	10.0	7.6	11.2	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8
\$100 to \$199	71	10.1	10.3	25.2	34.0	34.1	24.0	25.0	10.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0
\$50 to \$99	756	52.4	23.8	37.1	32.0	23.9	35.2	40.4	23.3	40.9	40.9	40.9	40.9	40.9
\$25 to \$49	82	3.3	2.2	3.1	1.3	2.2	3.3	5.6	3.3	7.4	7.4	7.4	7.4	7.4
\$10 to \$24	12	1.3	1.2	3.9	1.3	0.6	1.4	3.4	0.9	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8
\$5,000 to \$1,999	7	0.3	0.2	3.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$2,000 and over	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	2,457	1,655	129	75	1,451	418	84	325	390	390	390	390	390	390
	97	52	5	3	45	14	4	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
	52	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—



TABLE 20. SMALL BUSINESS LOAN RECEIPTS BY TYPE OF RECEIPT AND BY CHANGE IN CASH RECEIPTS, EXCLUDING LOANS. 1951-58. This table shows the number of loans received by cash receipts during the year before first standard loan and by change in cash receipts, excluding loans, from year before first standard loan to 1958 year of record after entry on standard loan program.

Loan category	Year before first standard loan	Borrowers by change in cash receipts, excluding loans															
		Total	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number
\$0		57	---	---	---	---	12	25	7	5	5	3	---	---	---	---	---
\$1 to \$124		378	---	---	---	49	195	96	18	7	6	---	---	---	---	---	---
\$125 to \$249		978	---	---	---	57	356	397	126	31	15	---	---	---	---	---	---
\$250 to \$374		616	---	---	---	12	139	242	149	45	12	12	5	---	---	---	---
\$375 to \$499		235	---	---	---	37	70	40	34	20	11	4	3	---	---	---	---
\$500 to \$749		135	---	---	---	7	37	40	22	3	10	1	---	---	---	---	---
\$750 to \$999		40	---	---	---	10	10	1	1	1	2	---	---	---	---	---	---
\$1,000 to \$1,499		15	---	---	---	10	1	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
\$1,500 to \$1,999		4	---	---	---	3	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
\$2,000 to \$2,499		3	---	---	---	3	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
\$2,500 and over		1	---	---	---	1	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Unknown		71	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Total		2,546	40	122	302	710	709	123	82	45	30	7	---	---	---	---	---

1/ Exclusive of 2,102 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program.
Note: A comparable table is also available with borrowers classified by number of crop years (1, 2, or 3) after first standard loan.

Tables 36, 37, 38, and 39

The median cash receipts derived from the farm during the year before entry on RR was \$203 for those borrowers who had such farm receipts. Fifty-six percent had farm receipts of \$1.00 to \$299. Less than 1 out of 7, 14 percent, received \$400 or more. These data exclude all those with no farm receipts the year before because most of such borrowers had not been farm operators during this time.

For an analysis of change in farm receipts, table 38 rather than table 37 should be studied because the data in the latter include those borrowers who had no farm receipts during the year before entry on the program and thus must show an increase in receipts from the farm.

Table 38 shows change only for those borrowers who had farm receipts during the year before entry on the program. This group had a median decrease of \$1. The median changes for those on the program 1, 2, and 3 years were a decrease of \$29 and increases of \$40 and \$62, respectively. However, 50 percent had less farm receipts in their last year of record than before coming on the RR program. The longer the borrower were on the program, the smaller was the proportion reporting some decrease: 59, 38, and 27 percent of those on the program 1, 2, and 3 years, respectively, had a decrease in farm receipts. Six percent had a decrease of \$250 or more and 5 percent had an increase of \$250 or more. The \$250 or more decrease was reported by 7, 5, and 3 percent of those on the program 1, 2, and 3 years, respectively, while the \$250 or more gain was reported by 4, 7, and 9 percent of those on the program a comparable length of time.

The borrowers who had no farm receipts the year before the first loan had a median of \$172 for the last year of record after entry on RR according to the data in table 39. This same table shows the median change in farm receipts to be in inverse proportion to the amount of farm receipts the year prior to acceptance.



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Region VI

Table 36.--FARM RECEIPTS YEAR BEFORE RR: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by cash farm receipts during year before first standard RR loan ^{1/}

Cash farm receipts year before first standard loan :	Total borrowers	
	Number	Percent
\$1 to \$99	682	17.7
\$100 to \$199	1,235	31.7
\$200 to \$299	939	24.1
\$300 to \$399	491	12.7
\$400 to \$499	42	1.1
\$500 to \$749	219	5.6
\$750 to \$999	48	1.2
\$1,000 to \$1,499	17	0.4
\$1,500 to \$1,999	5	0.1
\$2,000 and over	5	0.1
Total reporting	3,497	100.0
Number not reporting	95	
Median cash farm receipts	\$203	

^{1/} Exclusive of 654 borrowers reporting no cash farm receipts during year before first standard RR loan.



Table 31.—CHANGE IN FARM RECEIPTS: Number and percentage of borrowers having farm receipts during year before first standard RR loan classified by change in cash farm receipts from year before first standard loan to last year of record after entry on standard RR program, by number of crop years after first loan

Change in cash farm receipts	Total		Borrowers by number of crop years after first loan			
	Borrowers					
	Number	Percent	1 year	2 years	3 years	
			Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
-\$500 or more	20	1.4	1.6	1.1	0.2	
-\$499 to -\$250	97	4.6	3.2	4.2	5.5	
-\$249 to -\$125	272	12.8	15.3	19.6	4.3	
-\$124 to -\$1	665	31.4	35.5	22.7	19.9	
\$0 to \$124	698	33.0	23.7	39.0	45.5	
\$125 to \$249	250	11.8	9.2	16.2	18.4	
\$250 to \$374	67	3.2	2.2	5.0	5.5	
\$375 to \$499	19	0.9	0.7	0.8	1.8	
\$500 to \$749	12	0.6	0.4	0.8	0.7	
\$750 to \$999	3	0.1	0.1	—	0.2	
\$1,000 and over	5	0.2	0.1	0.6	0.3	
Total	XXX	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Number reporting	2,117		1,434	357	326	
Number not reporting 1/	70		43	10	17	
Median change in cash farm receipts	-\$1		-\$29	\$40	\$62	

1/ Exclusive of 2,102 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program and exclusive of 359 borrowers with a record who had no cash farm receipts during year before first standard RR loan.

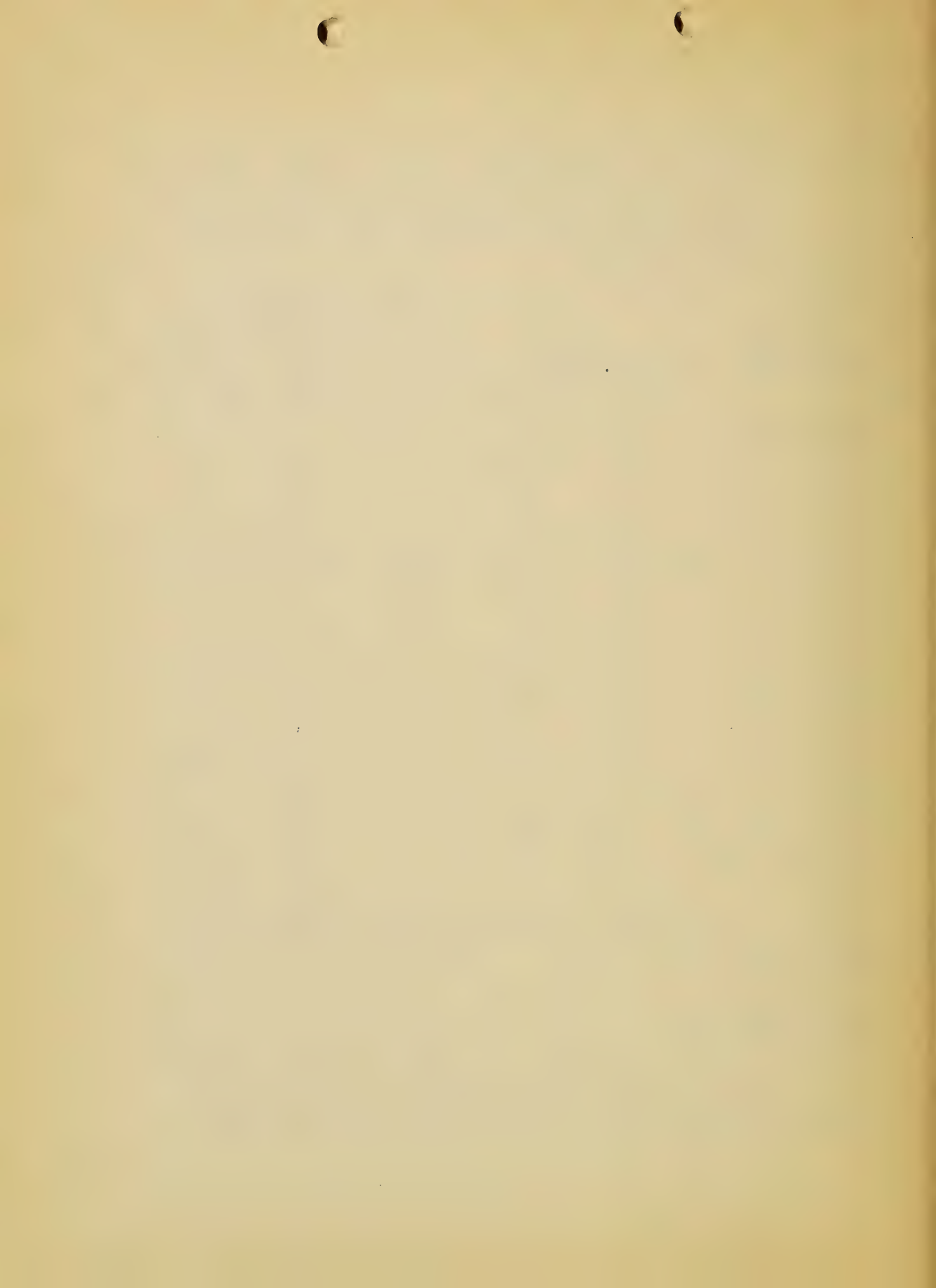


Table 20 - 1952 and preceding years borrowings and changes in cash farm receivables. Number of borrowers classified by year before first receipt of loan, year before first standard loan, and by change in cash farm receivables from year before first standard loan to last year of record after entry on standard RR program.

Borrower's year before first receipt of loan	Number	Change in cash farm receivables									
		Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number
Under \$100	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
\$100 to \$199	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
\$200 to \$299	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
\$300 to \$399	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
\$400 to \$499	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
\$500 to \$599	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
\$600 to \$699	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
\$700 to \$799	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
\$800 to \$899	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
\$900 to \$999	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
\$1,000 to \$1,499	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
\$1,500 to \$1,999	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
\$2,000 and over	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Unknown	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total 1/	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

1/ Exclusive of 2,102 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program.
Note: A comparable table is also available with borrowers classified by number of crop years (1, 2, or 3) after first standard loan.

Table 40.-FARM RECEIPTS AS PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL RECEIPTS YEAR BEFORE FIRST STANDARD RR loan, by period of first standard loan 1/

Cash farm receipts as percentage of total cash receipts year before first standard loan	Total		Borrowers receiving first standard loan between			
	borrowers		3/1/36-2/28/37	3/1/37-2/28/38	3/1/38-2/28/39	
	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	
Less than 10	61	1.6	1.1	1.8	1.6	
10 to 19.9	70	1.8	1.4	2.0	1.8	
20 to 29.9	72	1.8	1.7	2.0	1.8	
30 to 39.9	81	2.1	0.9	2.9	2.0	
40 to 49.9	94	2.4	2.2	2.6	2.4	
50 to 59.9	128	3.5	2.2	4.3	3.6	
60 to 69.9	220	5.6	4.4	6.5	5.6	
70 to 79.9	288	7.4	6.5	7.9	7.4	
80 to 89.9	476	11.2	8.6	12.2	11.5	
90 to 100	12,437	62.6	71.0	57.8	62.3	
Total	XXX	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Number reporting	3,897		633	1,027	2,237	
Number not reporting	97		36	18	43	

1/ Exclusive of 654 borrowers reporting no cash farm receipts during year before first standard loan.

Half or more of the total cash receipts were derived from the farm during the year before the first loan for 90 percent of the borrowers who had any farm receipts; the corresponding percentages were 93, 89, and 90 for the first, second, and third period borrowers, respectively. At least 9 dollars out of every 10 received came from the farm for over three-fifths of the borrowers.

Table 41.-FARM RECEIPTS AS PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL RECEIPTS LAST YEAR OF RECORD. Borrower and percentage of borrower classified by cash farm receipts as a percentage of total cash receipts during last year of record after entry on standard RR program, by number of crop years after first loan

Cash farm receipts as percentage of total cash receipts during last year of record after entry on RR	Total borrowers		Borrowers by number of crop years after first loan			
	Number		1 year	2 years	3 years	
	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
No farm receipts	16	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.3	
Less than 10	6	0.2	0.2	—	0.3	
10 to 19.9	15	0.6	0.6	0.9	0.3	
20 to 29.9	17	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.4	
30 to 39.9	44	1.7	1.8	2.1	1.0	
40 to 49.9	69	2.7	3.0	3.5	1.0	
50 to 59.9	108	4.3	4.4	4.2	3.8	
60 to 69.9	171	6.8	7.4	5.2	6.0	
70 to 79.9	264	10.5	11.4	8.0	9.3	
80 to 89.9	421	16.7	16.6	13.6	20.5	
90 to 100.0	1,388	54.2	53.2	61.5	56.2	
Total	XXX	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Number reporting	2,519		1,694	427	398	
Number not reporting 1/	27		14	5	3	

1/ Exclusive of 2,102 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program.

Half or more of the total cash receipts during the last year of record on RR were from the farm for 94 percent of the borrowers. The percentages for those on the program 1, 2, and 3 years were 93, 92, and 96 percent, respectively. Ninety percent or more of the receipts were from the farm for 55 percent of the borrowers. A larger percentage of the borrowers on the program 2 and 3 years than of the borrowers on the program 1 year depended almost exclusively upon the farm as a source of cash receipts.

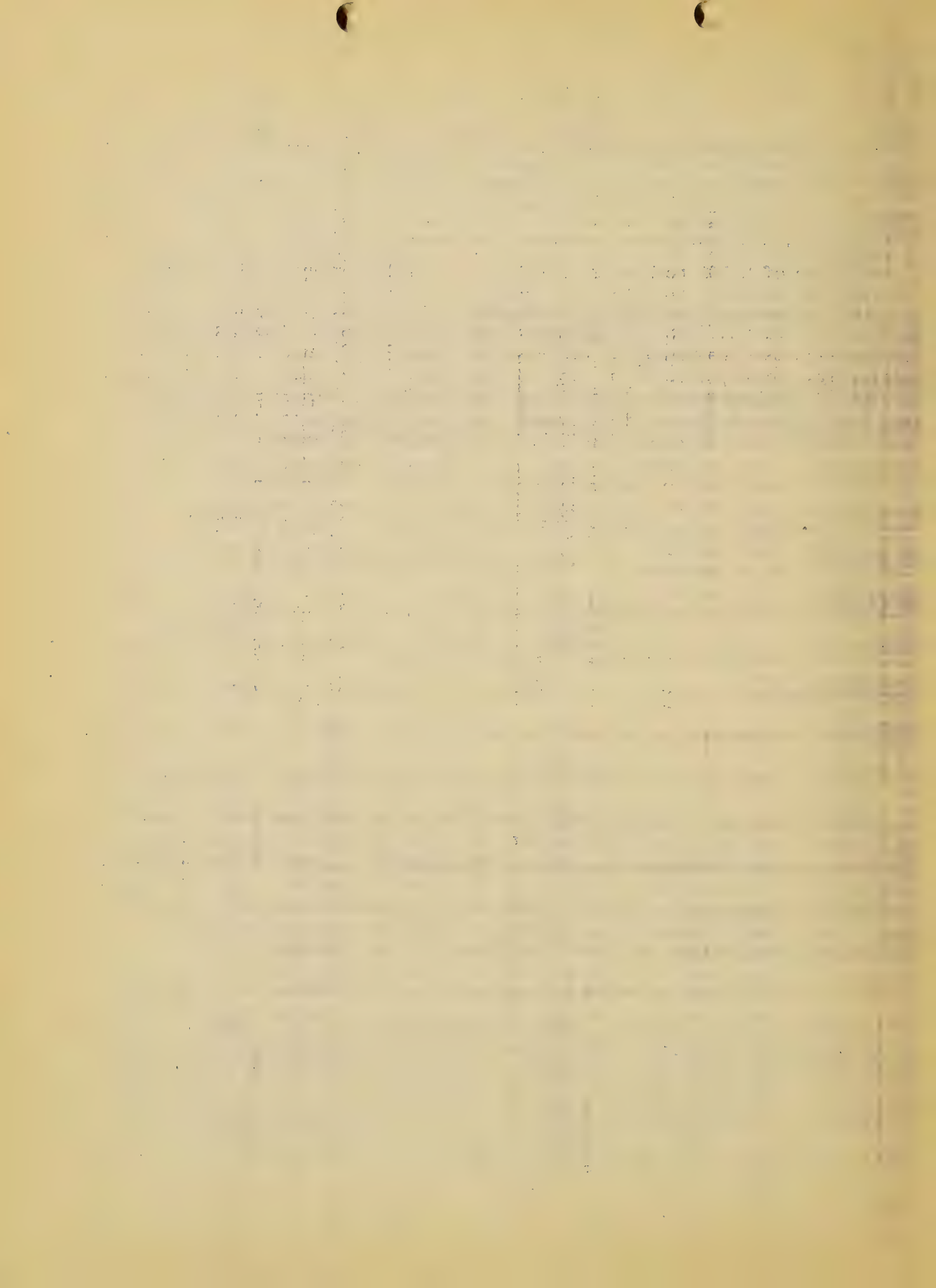




Table 43.-TOTAL CASH RECEIPTS AND FARM RECEIPTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL RECEIPTS YEAR BEFORE NR: Number of borrowers classified by cash receipts, excluding 1938, and by cash farm receipts as a percentage of total cash receipts during year before first standard NR loan

Cash receipts year before first standard loan	Total Number	Cash farm receipts as percentage of total cash receipts year before first standard loan																					
		No.	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	Un- known	Farm Receipts	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	Un- known
\$0 to \$124	611	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
\$125 to \$249	1,787	208	22	31	28	30	48	68	110	139	160	904	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
\$250 to \$374	1,125	117	19	11	14	15	16	30	53	68	133	640	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
\$375 to \$499	462	24	6	7	8	12	13	12	14	29	41	293	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
\$500 to \$749	296	21	4	7	6	7	3	4	7	11	22	202	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
\$750 to \$999	79	10	1	1	2	2	2	3	2	2	3	50	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
\$1,000 to \$1,499	28	5	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10											
\$1,500 to \$1,999	6											1											
\$2,000 to \$2,499	3		1									2											
\$2,500 and over	3											3											
Unknown	154	87										67											
Total	14,648	654	61	70	72	81	94	138	220	288	436	12,437	97										

Note: A comparable table is also available for each of the 7 periods of first standard loan.

The total cash receipts of borrowers who had no farm receipts during the year before the first loan tended to be less than the receipts of those borrowers who derived the majority of their receipts from their farms.

Table 44.-NET CASH INCOME YEAR BEFORE 1R: Num-
ber and percentage of borrowers classi-
fied by net cash income during year
before first standard RR loan 1/

Net cash income year before first standard loan:	Total borrowers	
	Number	Percent
-\$500 and over	:	:
-\$499 to -\$1	6	0.4
0	26	1.7
\$1 to \$99	205	13.7
\$100 to \$199	187	12.5
\$200 to \$299	366	24.5
\$300 to \$399	168	11.2
\$400 to \$499	72	4.8
\$500 to \$749	45	3.0
\$750 to \$999	9	0.6
\$1,000 and over	7	0.5
Total reporting	1,491	100.0
Number not reporting	1,257	
Median net cash income year before first standard loan		\$187

1/ Net cash income is cash receipts, excluding
loans, minus cash farm operating expenditures.

The net cash income was available for less
than one-third, 32 percent, of the borrowers.
The median for those reporting was \$187.



Table 45.—NET CASH INCOME LAST YEAR REPORTED: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by net cash income during last year of record after entry on standard FR program, by States 1/

Net cash income during last year of record after entry on FR	Total		Borrowers' State of residence at time of first standard loan			
	Borrowers		Arkansas	Mississippi	Alabama	Georgia
	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
-\$500 and over	—	—	—	—	—	—
-\$499 to -\$41	3	1.2	0.2	—	—	0.2
\$0	3	0.1	0.2	0.2	—	—
\$1 to \$99	215	14.4	11.5	1.7	1.7	1.7
\$100 to \$199	809	42.2	33.0	42.4	—	45.8
\$200 to \$299	489	25.6	23.7	27.2	—	22.0
\$300 to \$399	200	10.5	11.5	10.8	—	9.4
\$400 to \$499	70	3.7	4.6	3.2	—	3.8
\$500 to \$749	51	2.7	4.3	3.4	—	1.5
\$750 to \$999	10	0.5	0.8	0.4	—	0.4
\$1,000 and over	2	0.1	0.2	—	—	0.1
Total	XXX	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Number reporting	1,511		457	404	740	
Number not reporting 2/	635		342	231	62	
Median net cash income:						
Last year of record	\$183		\$200	\$187	\$170	

1/ Net cash income is cash receipts, excluding loans, minus cash farm operating expenditures.

2/ Exclusive of 2,102 borrowers with no record after entry on FR program.

Data on net cash income during the last year of record were available for 75 percent of the borrowers who reported other types of information. Of the borrowers who did report, 57 percent had less than \$200 net cash income. Only 3 percent had a net income of \$500 or more. The median was \$183 for the borrowers reporting. Mississippi made the poorest showing and Arkansas made the best as shown both by medians and by the percentage distributions.



Tables 46, 47, 48, and 49

Some major farm source or combination of farm sources supplied more than half of the cash income for 48 percent of all borrowers during the year before the first loan. Farm sources were most important for third period borrowers, the percentages for first, second, and third period borrowers being 75, 76, and 80, respectively. Off-farm work, the second most important source, was 16, 20, and 18 percent of the borrowers in the 3 respective periods. Crop sales was the most important single source for the first, 16 percent, and in all of the periods.

During the year before the first loan, farm sources were the major source for 18 percent of the borrowers in Arkansas and 16 percent in both Louisiana and Mississippi. Crop sales were much less and livestock sales were more important for the Arkansas borrowers than for the others. Off-farm work was more important for Arkansas than for the other 2 States.

After entry on RR, a farm source was most important for 93 percent of the borrowers; the farm sources predominated for 93, 92, and 94 percent of the borrowers on the program 1, 2, and 3 years, respectively. Crops, 74 percent, and a crop-livestock combination, 10 percent, were the 2 most important sources. Off-farm work was the major source for only 5 percent. The percentage with crop sales as a major source was between 73 and 74 percent for borrowers with 1 and 3-year records and 67 percent for those with a 2-year record.

Although table 49 shows there was some tendency to shift to more diversified sources of farm income, the amount of change depended on crops before. 77 continued to do so after completion and 65 percent of those with off-farm work as a major source the year before RR had shifted to crops as a major source during their last year of record.



Table 46.-MAJOR SOURCE OF RECEIPTS YEAR BEFORE: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by source yielding 50 percent or more of cash receipts, excluding loans, during year before first standard 31 loan, by period of first standard loan

Major source of receipts year before first standard loan	Total		Borrowers receiving first standard loan between			
	Borrowers		3/1/36- 2/28/37	3/1/37- 2/28/38	3/1/38- 2/28/39	
	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	
Crop sales	2,988	66.2	67.2	66.0	65.9	
Livestock and produce	160	3.5	3.6	4.6	3.0	
Crop sales and livestock and produce 1/	319	4.8	3.2	3.5	6.0	
Benefit payments	14	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.4	
Other cash from farm	87	1.9	0.6	0.8	2.8	
Farm receipts from all farm sources combined 2/	63	1.4	0.5	0.6	2.0	
FSA grants	---	---	---	---	---	
Off-farm work	825	18.3	16.3	19.9	18.1	
Other nonfarm income 3/	60	1.3	2.7	1.7	0.7	
No major source	9	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.1	
No cash receipts	96	2.1	5.5	2.3	1.0	
Total	N/A	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Number reporting	4,522		781	1,200	2,541	
Number not reporting	127		46	36	45	

1/ Neither crop sales alone nor livestock and produce alone is 50 percent of the total, but the two combined are 50 percent or more of the total.

2/ No single source of farm receipts is 50 percent of the total, but all sources combined are 50 percent or more of the total.

3/ Receipts from such sources as direct relief, soldier's bonus, etc.

1. The first part of the report is a general introduction to the subject of the study.

2. The second part of the report is a detailed description of the methods used in the study.

3. The third part of the report is a detailed description of the results of the study.

4. The fourth part of the report is a detailed description of the conclusions of the study.

5. The fifth part of the report is a detailed description of the limitations of the study.

6. The sixth part of the report is a detailed description of the implications of the study.

7. The seventh part of the report is a detailed description of the future research.

8. The eighth part of the report is a detailed description of the references.

Table 47.—MAJOR SOURCE OF RECEIPTS YEAR BEFORE FIRST STANDARD LOAN: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by source yielding 50 percent or more of cash receipts, excluding loans, during year before first standard loan, by State

Major source of receipts year before first standard loan	Total borrowers		Borrower's State of residence at time of first standard loan			
	Number	Percent	Arkansas	Louisiana	Mississippi	
Crop sales	2,908	66.2	49.0	76.6	76.8	
Livestock and produce	160	3.5	7.5	1.3	0.9	
Crop sales and livestock and produce 1/	219	4.8	6.7	3.3	4.0	
Benefit payments	14	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.1	
Other cash from farm	87	1.9	3.4	1.5	2.5	
Farm receipts from all farm sources combined 2/	63	1.4	1.3	2.2	0.7	
FSA grants	—	—	—	—	—	
Off-farm work	825	18.3	26.5	13.7	13.5	
Other nonfarm income 3/	60	1.3	1.7	1.5	0.8	
No major source	9	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.1	
No cash receipts	96	2.1	3.2	1.2	1.6	
Total	XXX	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Number reporting	4,527		1,731	1,289	1,501	
Number not reporting	127		72	26	29	

1/ Neither crop sales alone nor livestock and produce alone is 50 percent of the total, but the two combined are 50 percent or more of the total.

2/ No single source of farm receipts is 50 percent of the total, but all sources combined are 50 percent or more of the total.

3/ Receipts from such sources as direct relief, soldier's bonus, etc.

Table 48.-MAJOR SOURCE OF RECEIPTS LAST RR RECORD: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by source yielding 50 percent or more of cash receipts, excluding loans, during last year of record after entry on standard RR program, by number of crop years after first loan

Major source of receipts during last year of record after entry on RR	Total		Borrowers by number of crop years after first loan		
	borrowers		1 year	2 years	3 years
	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
Crop sales	1,830	72.7	73.8	67.0	73.0
Livestock and produce	118	4.7	3.9	7.0	5.1
Crop sales and livestock and produce 1/	248	9.8	9.5	10.0	10.0
Benefit payments	3	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
Other cash from farm	29	1.2	1.0	1.0	1.0
Farm receipts from all farm sources combined 2/	124	4.9	4.6	5.0	6.0
FSA grants	1	*	0.1	—	—
Off-farm work	121	4.8	5.3	4.9	2.8
Other nonfarm income 3/	13	0.7	0.6	1.0	0.5
No major source	20	0.8	0.8	1.2	0.3
No cash receipts	7	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3
Total	XXX	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Number reporting	2,519		1,695	426	398
Number not reporting 4/	27		13	6	8

* Less than 0.05 percent.

1/ Neither crop sales alone nor livestock and produce alone is 50 percent of the total, but the two combined are 50 percent or more of the total.

2/ No single source of farm receipts is 50 percent or more of the total, but all sources combined are 50 percent or more of the total.

3/ Receipts from such sources as direct relief, soldier's bonus, etc.

4/ Exclusive of 2,102 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program.

Source: Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas. FR 1000000. Number of borrowers classified by source of funds for the purpose of cash, deposits, excluding loans, during year before first standard loan and during last year of record after entry on standard FR program

[illegible]



50. RECEIPTS FROM OFF-FARM WORK: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by receipts from off-farm work during year before first standard loan, by period of first standard loan 1/

Receipts from: off-farm work : year before first standard loan	Borrowers		Borrowers receiving first standard loan between		
	Number	Percent	2/26/37	2/21/38	2/28/39
			Percent	Percent	Percent
12	3,281	100	58	63	100
\$1 to \$24	371	11.3			
\$25 to \$49	462	13.3	5.4	10.6	10.1
\$50 to \$74	334	10.2	5.7	6.2	7.6
\$75 to \$99	174	5.3	2.2	4.4	5.6
\$100 to \$149	289	8.8	3.0	6.4	7.0
\$150 to \$199	163	5.0	2.2	4.7	3.5
\$200 to \$299	217	6.6	3.4	6.6	6.3
\$300 to \$399	107	3.3	2.3	3.2	2.3
\$400 to \$499	32	1.0	0.5	0.8	0.9
\$500 and over	50	1.5	0.7	2.1	3.4
Total	3,281	100.0	20.0	39.8	49.0
Number reporting	4,461		775	1,395	2,495
Number not reporting	371		58	41	86

1/ Receipts from nonfarm work: or from work done on farms other than the one on which the borrower resided, or from work done by whom the work was done.

Note: A comparable table is also available for each State in the Region.

Fifty-one percent of the borrowers had no receipts from off-farm work during the year before the first loan; this was true for 62, 46, and 49 percent of the first, second, and third period borrowers, respectively. Almost one-third, 30 percent, had receipts of \$250 or more from this source. Nine percent had \$250 or more in receipts from off-farm work, with the percentage shifting from 6 percent in the first period to 11 percent in the second and 9 percent



Table 31. RECEIPTS FROM OFF-FARM WORK YEAR ENDING 1931. Percent of borrowers classified by receipts from off-farm work during year before first standard RR loan, by States 1/

Receipts from off-farm work year before first standard loan:	Total Borrowers	Borrower's State of residence at time of first standard loan			
	Number	Percent	Arkansas	Louisiana	Mississippi
			Percent	Percent	Percent
\$0	2,262	50.6	47.5	50.1	54.7
\$1 to \$24	379	8.5	7.3	10.6	8.0
\$25 to \$49	462	10.3	7.1	13.1	11.6
\$50 to \$74	334	7.5	8.2	7.2	7.9
\$75 to \$99	174	3.9	4.6	3.7	3.1
\$100 to \$149	289	6.5	8.5	6.2	4.3
\$150 to \$199	163	3.6	4.6	3.0	3.2
\$200 to \$299	217	4.9	7.1	3.4	3.6
\$300 to \$399	107	2.4	3.1	1.6	2.2
\$400 to \$499	32	0.7	0.9	0.5	0.7
\$500 and over	50	1.1	1.2	0.6	1.4
Total	XXX	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Number reporting	4,469		1,698	1,285	1,486
Number not reporting	172		105	30	44

1/ Receipts from nonfarm work or from work done on farms other than operated by the borrower, regardless of the member of the household by whom the work was done.

Fifty-two percent of the Arkansas borrowers, 50 percent of the Louisiana, and 45 percent of the Mississippi borrowers had some receipts from off-farm work during the year before the first loan. Seventeen percent of the Arkansas borrowers had receipts of \$150 or more from this source as compared to 11 percent of the Mississippi borrowers and 9 percent of those in Louisiana.



Table 52. RECEIPTS FROM OFF-FARM WORK LAST YEAR: NUMBER AND percentage of borrowers classified by receipts from off-farm work during last year of record after entry on standard RR program, by number of crop years after first loan 1/

Receipts from off-farm work during last year of record after entry on RR:	Total		Borrowers by number of crop years after first loan			
	borrowers		1 year	2 years	3 years	
	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	
\$0	1,170	46.4	44.0	53.6	43.9	
\$1 to \$24	427	16.5	17.5	14.5	16.4	
\$25 to \$49	389	15.2	16.0	11.0	17.8	
\$50 to \$74	236	9.2	10.3	7.5	7.1	
\$75 to \$99	95	3.8	3.6	4.9	3.0	
\$100 to \$149	104	4.1	4.3	4.4	3.0	
\$150 to \$199	52	2.1	2.2	1.6	2.0	
\$200 to \$299	34	1.3	1.4	2.1	0.5	
\$300 to \$399	8	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.2	
\$400 to \$499	4	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	
\$500 and over	6	0.2	0.2	—	0.5	
Total	XXX	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Number reporting	2,525		1,699	428	398	
Number not reporting 2/	21		9	4	3	

1/ Receipts from nonfarm work or from work done on farms other than operated by the borrower, regardless of the number of the household by whom the work was done.

2/ Exclusive of 2,102 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program.

Forty-six percent of the borrowers had no receipts from off-farm work during the last year of record after entry on RR; this was true for 44, 54, and 43 percent of those on the program 1, 2, and 3 years, respectively. Only 4 percent had receipts of \$150 or more from this source during the last year of record.





Table 34.-RECEIPTS FROM OFF-FARM WORK AND SIZE OF FARM 1959 BY REGION: number of bor-
rowers classified by receipts from off-farm work and by acres in farm, 1959
last year of record after entry on standard R program

Receipts from :		Borrowers by acres in farm									
off-farm work :		during last year of record after entry on RR									
during last year :		Less: 20 : 50 : 100 : 175 : 260 : 500 : 1,000 :									
of record after :		than: to : to : to : to : to : to : and : by :									
entry on RR 1/ :		borrowers: 0 : 20 : 49 : 99 : 174 : 259 : 499 : 999 : over 1,000 :									
		No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
\$0	1,170	1	61	188	277	142	46	15	---	---	11
\$1 to \$24	427	---	16	187	126	61	10	3	---	---	22
\$25 to \$49	389	---	19	162	109	46	13	10	---	---	20
\$50 to \$74	236	---	9	104	59	35	7	2	1	---	14
\$75 to \$99	95	---	---	43	29	9	4	---	---	---	12
\$100 to \$149	104	1	---	35	37	15	1	1	---	---	13
\$150 to \$199	52	---	1	15	15	9	3	---	---	---	6
\$200 to \$299	34	---	2	10	12	4	1	2	---	---	3
\$300 to \$399	8	1	---	---	3	2	2	---	---	---	---
\$400 to \$499	4	---	---	3	---	1	---	---	---	---	---
\$500 and over	6	1	1	2	2	---	---	---	---	---	---
Unknown	21	---	---	5	1	3	1	2	1	---	8
Total 2/	2,546	4	109	1,057	670	326	88	25	2	---	253

1/ Receipts from nonfarm work or from done done on farms, other than operated by the borrower, regardless of the member of the household by whom the work was done.

2/ Exclusive of 2,102 borrowers with no record after entry on RE program.

Note: A comparable table is also available with borrowers classified by number of crop years (1, 2, or 3) after first standard loan.

The median size of farm for borrowers without receipts from off-farm work was 43 acres as compared to the median of 51 acres for borrowers who had such receipts. There was little relationship between the receipts from off-farm work and the size of the farm operated by the borrower during the last year of record.



Table 55.--RECEIPTS FROM BENEFIT PAYMENTS YEAR BEFORE RR: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by receipts from benefit payments during year before first standard RR loan

Receipts from benefit payments: year before first standard loan:	Total borrowers	
	Number	Percent
\$0 1/	2,605	67.2
\$1 to \$24	511	13.2
\$25 to \$49	453	11.8
\$50 to \$74	175	4.5
\$75 to \$99	62	1.6
\$100 to \$149	37	1.0
\$150 to \$199	14	0.4
\$200 to \$299	8	0.2
\$300 to \$399	1	*
\$400 to \$499	---	---
\$500 and over	3	0.1
Total reporting:	3,874	100.0
Number not reporting:	62	

* Less than 0.05 percent.

1/ Exclusive of 692 borrowers reporting tenure status as farm laborer or nonfarm during crop year before first standard RR loan.

Sixty-seven percent of the borrowers who were farm operators did not report any receipts from benefit payments during the year before the first loan. Another 25 percent received less than \$50. Less than 2 percent received \$100 or more.

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describes the general situation
of the country and the
state of the economy.

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12. The twelfth part of the report
describes the state of the
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Region VI

Table 56.—RECEIPTS FROM BENEFIT PAYMENTS LAST RR RECORD: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by receipts from benefit payments during last year of record after entry on standard RR program, by number of crop years after first loan

Receipts from benefit payments during last year of record after entry on RR	Total		Borrowers by number of crop years after first loan			
	borrowers					
	Number	Percent	1 year	2 years	3 years	
			Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
\$0 1/	870	34.5	38.6	36.4	14.8	
\$1 to \$24	682	27.1	27.3	24.8	28.1	
\$25 to \$49	568	22.5	20.9	20.4	31.3	
\$50 to \$74	241	9.5	8.3	11.2	12.8	
\$75 to \$99	85	3.4	2.8	4.2	5.0	
\$100 to \$149	61	2.4	1.9	2.3	4.0	
\$150 to \$199	10	0.4	0.2	0.5	1.0	
\$200 to \$299	6	0.2	---	0.2	1.3	
\$300 to \$399	1	*	---	---	0.3	
\$400 to \$499	1	*	---	---	0.3	
\$500 and over	1	*	---	---	0.3	
Total	2,527	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Number reporting	2,527		1,702	427	198	
Number not reporting 2/	19		6	5	8	

* Less than 0.05 percent.

1/ May include an occasional borrower reporting no farm.

2/ Exclusive of 2,102 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program.

During the last year of record after entry on RR, 34 percent of the borrowers reported no receipts from benefit payments. No receipts from this source were reported by 39, 36, and 15 percent of those on the program 1, 2, and 3 years, respectively. Another 50 percent of all borrowers with records after acceptance received less than \$50. Three percent received \$100 or over from benefit payments.

and the amount of the same shall be determined by the Board of Directors of the Corporation, and the same shall be paid to the shareholder in cash or in kind, at the discretion of the Board of Directors.

Name of Shareholder		Number of Shares		Amount of Dividend	
John Doe	100	100	100	100	100
Jane Smith	50	50	50	50	50
Robert Johnson	25	25	25	25	25
William Brown	15	15	15	15	15
Elizabeth White	10	10	10	10	10
Thomas Green	5	5	5	5	5
Charles Black	3	3	3	3	3
Harriet Gray	2	2	2	2	2
James Pink	1	1	1	1	1
...

The Board of Directors of the Corporation shall have the right to declare dividends at any time and from any source of funds, and the same shall be paid to the shareholder in cash or in kind, at the discretion of the Board of Directors.

[illegible]

Exclusive of 2,102 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program.

Notes: A comparable table is also available with borrowers classified by number of crop years (1, 2, or 3) within first standard loan.

Table 58.--NUMBER OF FARM ENTERPRISES YEAR BEFORE
RR: Number and percentage of borrowers
classified by number of farm enterprises
yielding 10 percent or more of cash re-
ceipts from crops and livestock during
year before first standard RR loan 1/

Number of farm enterprises : year before first standard loan:	Total borrowers	
	Number	Percent
1	2,086	62.4
2	845	25.2
3	330	9.9
4	82	2.4
5	3	0.1
6	1	*
7	---	---
8	---	---
9 or 10	---	---
11 or more 2/	---	---
Total reporting	3,347	100.0
Number not reporting	602	

* Less than 0.05 percent.

1/ Exclusive of 699 borrowers reporting no cash receipts from crops or livestock during year before first standard RR loan.

2/ Eleven or more, each yielding less than 10 percent of cash receipts from crops and livestock.

Of the borrowers who had any receipts from crops or livestock during the year before the first loan, 62 percent had only 1 enterprise, such as cotton, which contributed 10 percent or more of the total from crops and livestock. One-fourth, 25 percent, of the borrowers depended upon 2 enterprises and 10 percent had 3 enterprises. Between 2 and 3 percent were diversified to the extent of having 4 or 5 enterprises each accounting for 10 percent or more of the cash income from crops and livestock.

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THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

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1. The first step in the process of the development of the curriculum is the identification of the needs of the community. This is done by the curriculum committee, which is composed of representatives from the community, the school, and the parents. The committee then identifies the needs of the community and the school, and then develops a curriculum that meets these needs.

[Faint, illegible handwritten text]

1990年12月15日

1. The first step is to identify the problem or question that needs to be answered. This involves understanding the context and the specific requirements of the task.

1. The first part of the document is a list of names and titles, including "The Hon. Mr. Justice" and "The Hon. Mr. Justice".

1. The first part of the paper is devoted to the study of the properties of the function $f(x)$ defined by the equation

1. The first part of the document is a list of names and titles, including "The Hon. Mr. Justice" and "The Hon. Mr. Justice".

1. The first part of the document is a letter from the author to the reader, dated June 25, 1961. It discusses the author's interest in the history of the United States and the importance of understanding the role of the individual in the development of the nation.

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

Table 59.-NUMBER OF FARM ENTERPRISES LAST IN RECORD: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by number of farm enterprises yielding 10 percent or more of cash receipts from crops and livestock during last year of record after entry on standard RR program, by number of crop years after first loan

Number of farm enterprises during last year of record after entry on RR	Total borrowers		Borrowers by number of crop years after first loan			
	Number		1 year	2 years	3 years	
	Number	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	
0 1/	21	1.0	0.9	1.6	0.8	
1	1,344	60.8	62.5	52.2	61.7	
2	539	24.4	23.4	27.2	25.9	
3	230	10.4	9.7	15.0	9.2	
4	62	2.8	2.9	3.4	1.9	
5	11	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.5	
6	2	0.1	0.1	---	---	
7	---	---	---	---	---	
8	---	---	---	---	---	
9 or 10	---	---	---	---	---	
11 or more 2/	---	---	---	---	---	
Total	XXX	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Number reporting	2,209		1,519	320	370	
Number not reporting 3/	337		189	112	36	

1/ No cash receipts from crops or livestock.

2/ Eleven or more, each yielding less than 10 percent of cash receipts from crops and livestock.

3/ Exclusive of 2,162 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program.

One percent of the borrowers had no cash receipts from crops and livestock in the last year of record after entry on RR. One enterprise was depended upon by 61 percent of the borrowers. Another one-fourth, 24 percent, had 2 enterprises and 14 percent had 3 or more. Diversification was greater among borrowers on the program 2 years than among those with records either 1 or 3 years after entry on the program.

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Table 60.—NUMBER OF FARM ENTERPRISES YIELDING 10 PERCENT RR AND LAST RR RECORD: Number of borrowers classified by number of farm enterprises yielding 10 percent or more of cash receipts from crops and livestock during year before first standard loan and during last year of record after entry on standard RR program

Number of farm enterprises before first standard loan	Borrowers by number of farm enterprises during last year of record after entry on RR										
	Total	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 or more	Unknown
0	1/	377	8	195	66	21	7	4	1	---	76
1	1,100	9	704	198	66	6	---	---	---	---	126
2	409	1	142	129	66	13	2	---	---	---	66
3	144	---	35	36	31	16	1	---	---	---	26
4	42	1	9	5	17	6	---	---	---	---	6
5	3	---	1	---	1	---	---	---	---	---	---
6	1	---	---	---	---	---	1	---	---	---	---
7	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
8	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
9 or 10	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
11 or more	2/	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Unknown	470	2	258	105	48	15	3	---	---	---	39
Total	3/	2,646	21	1,344	639	230	62	11	2	---	337

1/ Includes borrowers reporting no farm.

2/ Eleven or more, each yielding less than 10 percent of cash receipts from crops and livestock.

3/ Exclusive of 2,102 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program.

Note: A comparable table is also available with borrowers classified by number of crop years (1, 2, or 3) after first standard loan.

Excluding those borrowers who had no receipts from crops and livestock during the year before the first loan 24 percent increased their number of enterprises after entry on RR. 47 percent decreased their number.

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Table 11.—FAMILY OPERATING EXPENDITURES
Number and percentage of borrowers
classified by cash family operating
expenditures during year before
first standard RR loan

| Cash family operating
expenditures year before
first standard loan | Total
borrowers | |
|---|--------------------|---------|
| | Number | Percent |
| Less than \$100 | 544 | 35.3 |
| \$100 to \$199 | 694 | 45.7 |
| \$200 to \$299 | 299 | 13.1 |
| \$300 to \$399 | 49 | 3.2 |
| \$400 to \$499 | 25 | 1.6 |
| \$500 to \$749 | 7 | 0.5 |
| \$750 to \$999 | 2 | 0.1 |
| \$1,000 to \$1,499 | — | — |
| \$1,500 to \$1,999 | — | — |
| \$2,000 and over | — | — |
| Total reporting | 1,520 | 100.0 |
| Number not reporting | 2,128 | |
| Median cash family operating
expenditures year before
first standard loan | \$131 | |

Information about cash family operating expenditures during the year before acceptance on RR was available for only one-third of the borrowers. The median for those reporting was \$131. Thirty-six percent of the borrowers spent less than \$100, 46 percent spent \$100 to \$199, 13 percent spent \$200 to \$299, and 5 percent spent \$300 or more.

THE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
WASHINGTON, D. C.

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI
FROM : SAC, NEW YORK
SUBJECT: [Illegible]

RE: [Illegible]

DATE: [Illegible]

BY: [Illegible]

FOR THE DIRECTOR: [Illegible]

FOR THE SAC: [Illegible]

FOR THE ASAC: [Illegible]

FOR THE CHIEF OF BUREAU: [Illegible]

FOR THE CHIEF OF FIELD OFFICE: [Illegible]

Table 62.-FAMILY EXPENDITURES LAST YEAR RECORD:
 Number and percentage of borrowers
 classified by cash family operating
 expenditures during last year of
 record after entry on standard RR
 program

| Cash family operating expenditures during last year of record | Total borrowers | |
|---|-----------------|---------|
| | Number | Percent |
| Less than \$100 | 1,351 | 68.4 |
| \$100 to \$199 | 522 | 26.6 |
| \$200 to \$299 | 71 | 3.6 |
| \$300 to \$399 | 18 | 0.9 |
| \$400 to \$499 | 8 | 0.4 |
| \$500 to \$749 | 4 | 0.2 |
| \$750 to \$999 | 3 | 0.1 |
| \$1,000 to \$1,499 | — | — |
| \$1,500 to \$1,999 | — | — |
| \$2,000 and over | — | — |
| Total reporting | 1,977 | 100.0 |
| Number not reporting 1/ | 569 | |
| Median cash family operating expenditures last year of record | \$73 | |

1/ Exclusive of 2,102 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program.

Information about cash family expenditures during the last year of record was available for 78 percent of the borrowers reporting other types of data. The median for those reporting was \$73. Approximately 68 percent of the borrowers spent less than \$100, 26 percent spent \$100 to \$199, and 5 percent spent \$200 or more for the family.

Tables 67, 68, 69, and 70

Exclusion of the equity in farm land and buildings decreased the median amount of net worth of borrowers at the time of the first standard loan for each of the 3 periods of study and for each of the 3 States in the Region. For all periods, the median net worth with real estate equity was \$220 and without real estate equity was \$280, or a difference of \$66. The difference between the 2 medians was greatest for Louisiana which had a slightly larger proportion of borrowers who had been owners the year before the first loan than did the other 2 States. The difference between the 2 medians was practically the same for Arkansas and Mississippi, \$55 and \$56, respectively, even though Arkansas had 4 percent more owners than Mississippi. Both with and without real estate, the median net worth increased each period. The differences are summarized as follows:

Median net worth at time of first standard loan

| <u>First standard
loan between</u> | <u>Including farm
real estate equity</u> | <u>Excluding farm real
estate equity</u> | <u>Difference</u> |
|--|--|--|-------------------|
| 3/1/36-2/28/37 | \$217 | \$181 | \$36 |
| 3/1/37-2/28/38 | 281 | 215 | 66 |
| 3/1/38-2/28/39 | 316 | 234 | 82 |
| Total, all periods | 286 | 220 | 66 |
| <u>States</u> | | | |
| Arkansas | 206 | 151 | 55 |
| Louisiana | 381 | 301 | 80 |
| Mississippi | 298 | 241 | 57 |

While 1 borrower in 3 had a beginning net worth of \$1,000 or more, only 1 in 100 had that amount of net worth after the equity in real estate was excluded. Less than 2 percent of all borrowers in the Region had debts in excess of assets at the time of the first loan, with real estate assets and liabilities included, and about the same percent with these items not included.

Table 67.-NET WORTH AT TIME OF FIRST STANDARD LOAN. Number and percentage of borrowers classified by net worth at time of first standard loan, by period of first standard loan

| Net worth
at time of
first
standard loan | Total
borrowers | | Borrowers receiving
first standard loan between | | | |
|---|--------------------|---------|--|--------------------|--------------------|--|
| | Number | Percent | 1/1/37-
2/28/37 | 3/1/37-
2/28/38 | 3/1/38-
2/28/39 | |
| -\$500 or more | 2 | 0.1 | 2.2 | — | — | |
| -\$499 to -\$1 | 62 | 1.4 | 2.1 | 1.6 | 1.1 | |
| \$0 to \$124 | 1,024 | 22.4 | 30.4 | 23.4 | 10.9 | |
| \$125 to \$249 | 1,038 | 22.7 | 23.0 | 23.1 | 20.4 | |
| \$250 to \$499 | 1,103 | 24.2 | 21.5 | 23.6 | 25.1 | |
| \$500 to \$999 | 783 | 17.1 | 13.5 | 14.3 | 11.6 | |
| \$1,000 to \$1,499 | 313 | 6.8 | 5.0 | 4.1 | 1.8 | |
| \$1,500 to \$1,999 | 189 | 2.8 | 1.4 | 2.0 | 1.1 | |
| \$2,000 to \$2,999 | 83 | 1.8 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 2.3 | |
| \$3,000 to \$4,999 | 22 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.6 | |
| \$5,000 and over | 9 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.1 | |
| Total | 4,470 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | |
| Number reporting | 4,470 | | 794 | 1,220 | 2,556 | |
| Number not
reporting | 78 | | 32 | 16 | 29 | |
| Median net worth
at time of first
standard loan | \$286 | | \$217 | \$281 | \$316 | |

* Less than 0.05 percent.

Note: A comparable table is also available for each State in the Region.

The median net worth (including real estate equities) increased each period, being \$217, \$281, and \$316 for the first, second, and third period borrowers, respectively. The proportion of borrowers with debts in excess of assets decreased each period from a little over 2 percent in the first period to 1 percent in the third. The proportion with a net worth of \$1,000 or more were 9, 11, and 11 percent, respectively, in the first, second, and third periods.

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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185 | 186 | 187 | 188 | 189 | 190 | 191 | 192 | 193 | 194 | 195 | 196 | 197 | 198 | 199 | 200 | 201 | 202 | 203 | 204 | 205 | 206 | 207 | 208 | 209 | 210 | 211 | 212 | 213 | 214 | 215 | 216 | 217 | 218 | 219 | 220 | 221 | 222 | 223 | 224 | 225 | 226 | 227 | 228 | 229 | 230 | 231 | 232 | 233 | 234 | 235 | 236 | 237 | 238 | 239 | 240 | 241 | 242 | 243 | 244 | 245 | 246 | 247 | 248 | 249 | 250 | 251 | 252 | 253 | 254 | 255 | 256 | 257 | 258 | 259 | 260 | 261 | 262 | 263 | 264 | 265 | 266 | 267 | 268 | 269 | 270 | 271 | 272 | 273 | 274 | 275 | 276 | 277 | 278 | 279 | 280 | 281 | 282 | 283 | 284 | 285 | 286 | 287 | 288 | 289 | 290 | 291 | 292 | 293 | 294 | 295 | 296 | 297 | 298 | 299 | 300 | 301 | 302 | 303 | 304 | 305 | 306 | 307 | 308 | 309 | 310 | 311 | 312 | 313 | 314 | 315 | 316 | 317 | 318 | 319 | 320 | 321 | 322 | 323 | 324 | 325 | 326 | 327 | 328 | 329 | 330 | 331 | 332 | 333 | 334 | 335 | 336 | 337 | 338 | 339 | 340 | 341 | 342 | 343 | 344 | 345 | 346 | 347 | 348 | 349 | 350 | 351 | 352 | 353 | 354 | 355 | 356 | 357 | 358 | 359 | 360 | 361 | 362 | 363 | 364 | 365 | 366 | 367 | 368 | 369 | 370 | 371 | 372 | 373 | 374 | 375 | 376 | 377 | 378 | 379 | 380 | 381 | 382 | 383 | 384 | 385 | 386 | 387 | 388 | 389 | 390 | 391 | 392 | 393 | 394 | 395 | 396 | 397 | 398 | 399 | 400 | 401 | 402 | 403 | 404 | 405 | 406 | 407 | 408 | 409 | 410 | 411 | 412 | 413 | 414 | 415 | 416 | 417 | 418 | 419 | 420 | 421 | 422 | 423 | 424 | 425 | 426 | 427 | 428 | 429 | 430 | 431 | 432 | 433 | 434 | 435 | 436 | 437 | 438 | 439 | 440 | 441 | 442 | 443 | 444 | 445 | 446 | 447 | 448 | 449 | 450 | 451 | 452 | 453 | 454 | 455 | 456 | 457 | 458 | 459 | 460 | 461 | 462 | 463 | 464 | 465 | 466 | 467 | 468 | 469 | 470 | 471 | 472 | 473 | 474 | 475 | 476 | 477 | 478 | 479 | 480 | 481 | 482 | 483 | 484 | 485 | 486 | 487 | 488 | 489 | 490 | 491 | 492 | 493 | 494 | 495 | 496 | 497 | 498 | 499 | 500 | 501 | 502 | 503 | 504 | 505 | 506 | 507 | 508 | 509 | 510 | 511 | 512 | 513 | 514 | 515 | 516 | 517 | 518 | 519 | 520 | 521 | 522 | 523 | 524 | 525 | 526 | 527 | 528 | 529 | 530 | 531 | 532 | 533 | 534 | 535 | 536 | 537 | 538 | 539 | 540 | 541 | 542 | 543 | 544 | 545 | 546 | 547 | 548 | 549 | 550 | 551 | 552 | 553 | 554 | 555 | 556 | 557 | 558 | 559 | 560 | 561 | 562 | 563 | 564 | 565 | 566 | 567 | 568 | 569 | 570 | 571 | 572 | 573 | 574 | 575 | 576 | 577 | 578 | 579 | 580 | 581 | 582 | 583 | 584 | 585 | 586 | 587 | 588 | 589 | 590 | 591 | 592 | 593 | 594 | 595 | 596 | 597 | 598 | 599 | 600 | 601 | 602 | 603 | 604 | 605 | 606 | 607 | 608 | 609 | 610 | 611 | 612 | 613 | 614 | 615 | 616 | 617 | 618 | 619 | 620 | 621 | 622 | 623 | 624 | 625 | 626 | 627 | 628 | 629 | 630 | 631 | 632 | 633 | 634 | 635 | 636 | 637 | 638 | 639 | 640 | 641 | 642 | 643 | 644 | 645 | 646 | 647 | 648 | 649 | 650 | 651 | 652 | 653 | 654 | 655 | 656 | 657 | 658 | 659 | 660 | 661 | 662 | 663 | 664 | 665 | 666 | 667 | 668 | 669 | 670 | 671 | 672 | 673 | 674 | 675 | 676 | 677 | 678 | 679 | 680 | 681 | 682 | 683 | 684 | 685 | 686 | 687 | 688 | 689 | 690 | 691 | 692 | 693 | 694 | 695 | 696 | 697 | 698 | 699 | 700 | 701 | 702 | 703 | 704 | 705 | 706 | 707 | 708 | 709 | 710 | 711 | 712 | 713 | 714 | 715 | 716 | 717 | 718 | 719 | 720 | 721 | 722 | 723 | 724 | 725 | 726 | 727 | 728 | 729 | 730 | 731 | 732 | 733 | 734 | 735 | 736 | 737 | 738 | 739 | 740 | 741 | 742 | 743 | 744 | 745 | 746 | 747 | 748 | 749 | 750 | 751 | 752 | 753 | 754 | 755 | 756 | 757 | 758 | 759 | 760 | 761 | 762 | 763 | 764 | 765 | 766 | 767 | 768 | 769 | 770 | 771 | 772 | 773 | 774 | 775 | 776 | 777 | 778 | 779 | 780 | 781 | 782 | 783 | 784 | 785 | 786 | 787 | 788 | 789 | 790 | 791 | 792 | 793 | 794 | 795 | 796 | 797 | 798 | 799 | 800 | 801 | 802 | 803 | 804 | 805 | 806 | 807 | 808 | 809 | 810 | 811 | 812 | 813 | 814 | 815 | 816 | 817 | 818 | 819 | 820 | 821 | 822 | 823 | 824 | 825 | 826 | 827 | 828 | 829 | 830 | 831 | 832 | 833 | 834 | 835 | 836 | 837 | 838 | 839 | 840 | 841 | 842 | 843 | 844 | 845 | 846 | 847 | 848 | 849 | 850 | 851 | 852 | 853 | 854 | 855 | 856 | 857 | 858 | 859 | 860 | 861 | 862 | 863 | 864 | 865 | 866 | 867 | 868 | 869 | 870 | 871 | 872 | 873 | 874 | 875 | 876 | 877 | 878 | 879 | 880 | 881 | 882 | 883 | 884 | 885 | 886 | 887 | 888 | 889 | 890 | 891 | 892 | 893 | 894 | 895 | 896 | 897 | 898 | 899 | 900 | 901 | 902 | 903 | 904 | 905 | 906 | 907 | 908 | 909 | 910 | 911 | 912 | 913 | 914 | 915 | 916 | 917 | 918 | 919 | 920 | 921 | 922 | 923 | 924 | 925 | 926 | 927 | 928 | 929 | 930 | 931 | 932 | 933 | 934 | 935 | 936 | 937 | 938 | 939 | 940 | 941 | 942 | 943 | 944 | 945 | 946 | 947 | 948 | 949 | 950 | 951 | 952 | 953 | 954 | 955 | 956 | 957 | 958 | 959 | 960 | 961 | 962 | 963 | 964 | 965 | 966 | 967 | 968 | 969 | 970 | 971 | 972 | 973 | 974 | 975 | 976 | 977 | 978 | 979 | 980 | 981 | 982 | 983 | 984 | 985 | 986 | 987 | 988 | 989 | 990 | 991 | 992 | 993 | 994 | 995 | 996 | 997 | 998 | 999 | 1000 | 1001 | 1002 | 1003 | 1004 | 1005 | 1006 | 1007 | 1008 | 1009 | 1010 | 1011 | 1012 | 1013 | 1014 | 1015 | 1016 | 1017 | 1018 | 1019 | 1020 | 1021 | 1022 | 1023 | 1024 | 1025 | 1026 | 1027 | 1028 | 1029 | 1030 | 1031 | 1032 | 1033 | 1034 | 1035 | 1036 | 1037 | 1038 | 1039 | 1040 | 1041 | 1042 | 1043 | 1044 | 1045 | 1046 | 1047 | 1048 | 1049 | 1050 | 1051 | 1052 | 1053 | 1054 | 1055 | 1056 | 1057 | 1058 | 1059 | 1060 | 1061 | 1062 | 1063 | 1064 | 1065 | 1066 | 1067 | 1068 | 1069 | 1070 | 1071 | 1072 | 1073 | 1074 | 1075 | 1076 | 1077 | 1078 | 1079 | 1080 | 1081 | 1082 | 1083 | 1084 | 1085 | 1086 | 1087 | 1088 | 1089 | 1090 | 1091 | 1092 | 1093 | 1094 | 1095 | 1096 | 1097 | 1098 | 1099 | 1100 | 1101 | 1102 | 1103 | 1104 | 1105 | 1106 | 1107 | 1108 | 1109 | 1110 | 1111 | 1112 | 1113 | 1114 | 1115 | 1116 | 1117 | 1118 | 1119 | 1120 | 1121 | 1122 | 1123 | 1124 | 1125 | 1126 | 1127 | 1128 | 1129 | 1130 | 1131 | 1132 | 1133 | 1134 | 1135 | 1136 | 1137 | 1138 | 1139 | 1140 | 1141 | 1142 | 1143 | 1144 | 1145 | 1146 | 1147 | 1148 | 1149 | 1150 | 1151 | 1152 | 1153 | 1154 | 1155 | 1156 | 1157 | 1158 | 1159 | 1160 | 1161 | 1162 | 1163 | 1164 | 1165 | 1166 | 1167 | 1168 | 1169 | 1170 | 1171 | 1172 | 1173 | 1174 | 1175 | 1176 | 1177 | 1178 | 1179 | 1180 | 1181 | 1182 | 1183 | 1184 | 1185 | 1186 | 1187 | 1188 | 1189 | 1190 | 1191 | 1192 | 1193 | 1194 | 1195 | 1196 | 1197 | 1198 | 1199 | 1200 | 1201 | 1202 | 1203 | 1204 | 1205 | 1206 | 1207 | 1208 | 1209 | 1210 | 1211 | 1212 | 1213 | 1214 | 1215 | 1216 | 1217 | 1218 | 1219 | 1220 | 1221 | 1222 | 1223 | 1224 | 1225 | 1226 | 1227 | 1228 | 1229 | 1230 | 1231 | 1232 | 1233 | 1234 | 1235 | 1236 | 1237 | 1238 | 1239 | 1240 | 1241 | 1242 | 1243 | 1244 | 1245 | 1246 | 1247 | 1248 | 1249 | 1250 | 1251 | 1252 | 1253 | 1254 | 1255 | 1256 | 1257 | 1258 | 1259 | 1260 | 1261 | 1262 | 1263 | 1264 | 1265 | 1266 | 1267 | 1268 | 1269 | 1270 | 1271 | 1272 | 1273 | 1274 | 1275 | 1276 | 1277 | 1278 | 1279 | 1280 | 1281 | 1282 | 1283 | 1284 | 1285 | 1286 | 1287 | 1288 | 1289 | 1290 | 1291 | 1292 | 1293 | 1294 | 1295 | 1296 | 1297 | 1298 | 1299 | 1300 | 1301 | 1302 | 1303 | 1304 | 1305 | 1306 | 1307 | 1308 | 1309 | 1310 | 1311 | 1312 | 1313 | 1314 | 1315 | 1316 | 1317 | 1318 | 1319 | 1320 | 1321 | 1322 | 1323 | 1324 | 1325 | 1326 | 1327 | 1328 | 1329 | 1330 | 1331 | 1332 | 1333 | 1334 | 1335 | 1336 | 1337 | 1338 | 1339 | 1340 | 1341 | 1342 | 1343 | 1344 | 1345 | 1346 | 1347 | 1348 | 1349 | 1350 | 1351 | 1352 | 1353 | 1354 | 1355 | 1356 | 1357 | 1358 | 1359 | 1360 | 1361 | 1362 | 1363 | 1364 | 1365 | 1366 | 1367 | 1368 | 1369 | 1370 | 1371 | 1372 | 1373 | 1374 | 1375 | 1376 | 1377 | 1378 | 1379 | 1380 | 1381 | 1382 | 1383 | 1384 | 1385 | 1386 | 1387 | 1388 | 1389 | 1390 | 1391 | 1392 | 1393 | 1394 | 1395 | 1396 | 1397 | 1398 | 1399 | 1400 | 1401 | 1402 | 1403 | 1404 | 1405 | 1406 | 1407 | 1408 | 1409 | 1410 | 1411 | 1412 | 1413 | 1414 | 1415 | 1416 | 1417 | 1418 | 1419 | 1420 | 1421 | 1422 | 1423 | 1424 | 1425 | 1426 | 1427 | 1428 | 1429 | 1430 | 1431 | 1432 | 1433 | 1434 | 1435 | 1436 | 1437 | 1438 | 1439 | 1440 | 1441 | 1442 | 1443 | 1444 | 1445 | 1446 | 1447 | 1448 | 1449 | 1450 | 1451 | 1452 | 1453 | 1454 | 1455 | 1456 | 1457 | 1458 | 1459 | 1460 | 1461 | 1462 | 1463 | 1464 | 1465 | 1466 | 1467 | 1468 | 1469 | 1470 | 1471 | 1472 | 1473 | 1474 | 1475 | 1476 | 1477 | 1478 | 1479 | 1480 | 1481 | 1482 | 1483 | 1484 | 1485 | 1486 | 1487 | 1488 | 1489 | 1490 | 1491 | 1492 | 1493 | 1494 | 1495 | 14 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-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Table 68.—NET WORTH AT TIME OF FIRST R. LOAN: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by net worth at time of first standard loan, by States

| Net worth
at time
of
first standard loan | Total | | Borrower's State of residence
at time of first standard loan | | | |
|--|-----------|---------|---|-----------|-------------|--|
| | borrowers | | Arkansas | Louisiana | Mississippi | |
| | Number | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | |
| -\$500 or more | 3 | 0.1 | 0.2 | | | |
| -\$499 to -\$1 | 63 | 1.4 | 2.6 | 1.2 | 0.2 | |
| \$0 to \$124 | 1,024 | 22.4 | 14.6 | 19.2 | 16.0 | |
| \$125 to \$249 | 1,038 | 22.7 | 19.3 | 20.6 | 28.4 | |
| \$250 to \$499 | 1,103 | 24.2 | 17.2 | 28.6 | 28.4 | |
| \$500 to \$999 | 783 | 17.1 | 13.6 | 22.0 | 17.2 | |
| \$1,000 to \$1,499 | 313 | 6.3 | 7.6 | 6.8 | 6.0 | |
| \$1,500 to \$1,999 | 129 | 2.8 | 2.2 | 4.4 | 2.3 | |
| \$2,000 to \$2,999 | 83 | 1.3 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 1.2 | |
| \$3,000 to \$4,999 | 22 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.4 | |
| \$5,000 and over | 9 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 0.1 | |
| Total | XXX | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | |
| Number reporting | 4,570 | | 1,763 | 1,298 | 1,509 | |
| Number not reporting | 78 | | 40 | 17 | 21 | |
| Median net worth at time
of first standard loan | \$286 | | \$206 | \$381 | \$298 | |

Table 69.—NET WORTH, EXCLUDING FARM REAL ESTATE, AT TIME OF FIRST RR LOAN: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by net worth, excluding equity in farm real estate, at time of first standard RR loan, by period of first standard loan

| Net worth, excluding:
equity in farm real:
estate, at time of:
first standard loan: | Total | | Borrowers receiving
first standard loan between | | | |
|--|-----------|---------|--|---------|---------|--|
| | borrowers | | 5/1/36- | 3/1/37- | 3/1/38- | |
| | Number | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | |
| -\$500 or more | 4 | 0.1 | 0.4 | — | * | |
| -\$499 to -\$250 | 84 | 1.8 | 2.9 | 2.1 | 1.4 | |
| \$250 to \$524 | 1,185 | 25.9 | 33.8 | 25.5 | 23.6 | |
| \$525 to \$749 | 1,337 | 29.3 | 28.8 | 30.9 | 28.6 | |
| \$750 to \$999 | 1,411 | 30.9 | 25.1 | 30.8 | 32.7 | |
| \$1,000 to \$1,499 | 499 | 10.9 | 8.1 | 9.3 | 12.4 | |
| \$1,500 to \$1,999 | 4 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 1.2 | |
| \$2,000 to \$2,999 | 8 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | |
| \$3,000 to \$3,999 | 2 | * | — | 0.1 | * | |
| \$4,000 to \$4,999 | — | — | — | — | — | |
| \$5,000 and over | — | — | — | — | — | |
| Total | 4,569 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | |
| Number reporting | 4,569 | | 79 | 1,219 | 2,546 | |
| Number not reporting | 79 | | 31 | 17 | 29 | |
| Median net worth, excluding equity in farm real estate, at time of first standard loan | \$220 | | \$181 | \$215 | \$234 | |

* Less than 0.05 percent.

Note: A comparable table is also available for each State in the Region.

The median net worth, excluding real estate, increased each period, being \$181, \$215, and \$234 for the first, second, and third period borrowers, respectively.

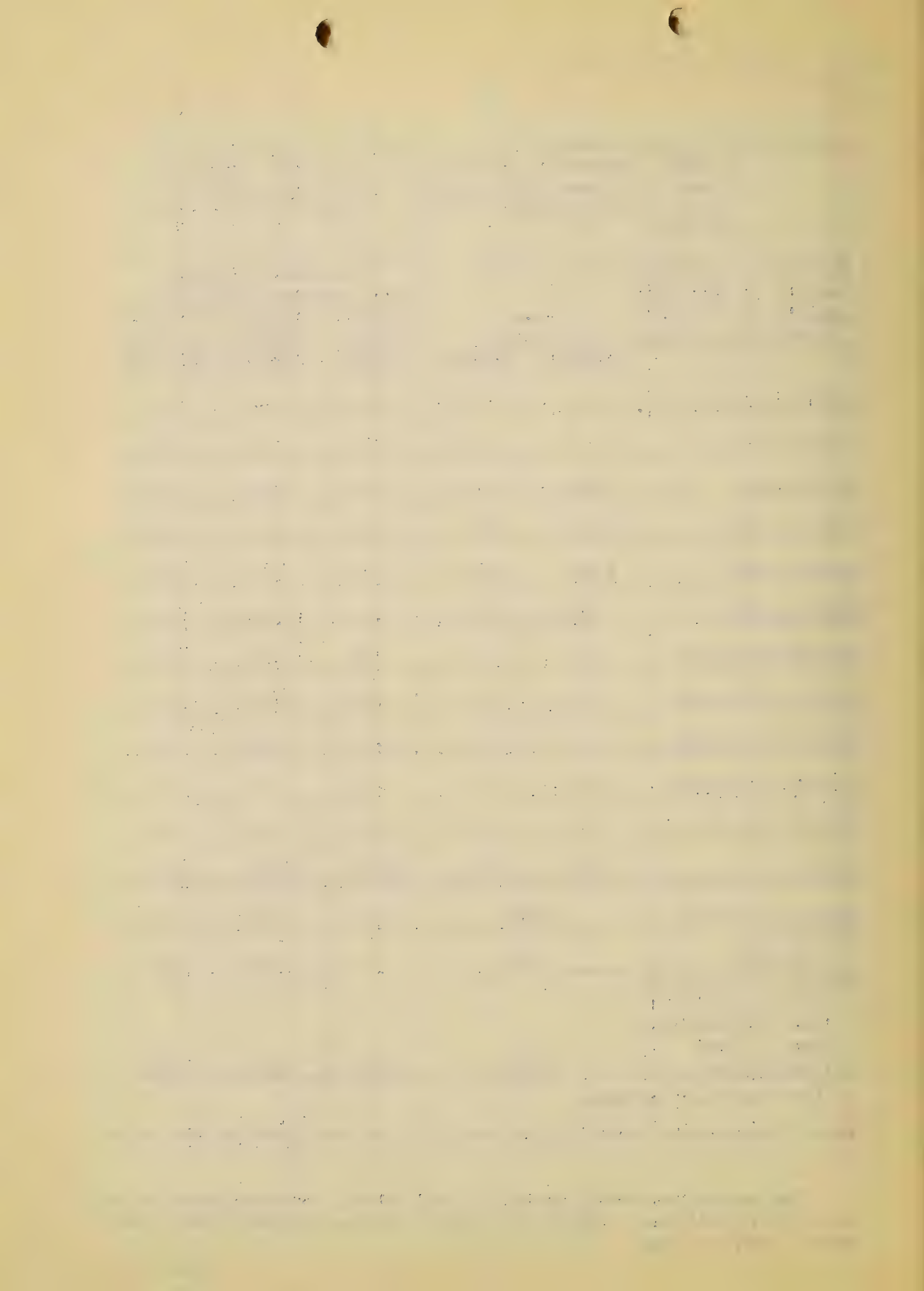


Table A.-NET WORTH, EXCLUDING FARM REAL ESTATE, AT TIME OF FIRST RR LOAN:
Number and percentage of borrowers classified by net worth, ex-
cluding equity in farm real estate, at time of first standard RR
loan, by States

| Net worth, excluding:
equity in farm real:
estate, at time of :
first standard loan : | Total | | Borrower's State of residence
: at time of first standard loan | | | |
|--|-----------|---------|---|-----------|-------------|---------|
| | Borrowers | | Arkansas | Louisiana | Mississippi | |
| | Number | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| -\$500 or more | 4 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | — | — |
| -\$499 to -\$1 | 84 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 0.6 | — |
| \$1 to \$124 | 1,182 | 25.9 | 41.1 | 14.7 | 17.7 | — |
| \$125 to \$249 | 1,337 | 29.3 | 27.5 | 26.0 | 24.2 | — |
| \$250 to \$499 | 1,411 | 30.9 | 21.6 | 37.4 | 36.1 | — |
| \$500 to \$999 | 499 | 10.9 | 5.8 | 17.9 | 10.9 | — |
| \$1,000 to \$1,499 | 44 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 1.8 | 0.4 | — |
| \$1,500 to \$1,999 | 6 | 0.1 | — | 0.4 | 0.1 | — |
| \$2,000 to \$2,999 | 2 | * | — | 0.1 | — | — |
| \$3,000 to \$4,999 | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| \$5,000 and over | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | XXX | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Number reporting | 4,564 | | 1,762 | 1,293 | 1,508 | |
| Number not reporting: | 79 | | 40 | 17 | 22 | |
| Median net worth ex-
cluding equity in :
farm real estate :
at time of first :
standard loan : | \$320 | | \$151 | \$91 | \$241 | |

* Less than 0.05 percent.

When real estate equities were excluded, the median net worth in Louisiana of \$301 was twice that of Arkansas, \$151; Mississippi was between the two ex-
tremes with a median of \$241. Twenty percent of the Louisiana borrowers had
a net worth, without farm real estate, of \$500 or more as compared with 11
percent of the Mississippi and 7 percent of the Arkansas borrowers.



Table 71.—NET WORTH, INCLUDING AND EXCLUDING FARM REAL ESTATE, AT TIME OF FIRST STANDARD LOAN: Number of borrowers classified by net worth, including equity in farm real estate, and by net worth, excluding equity in farm real estate, at time of first standard loan

| Net worth, including equity in farm real estate, at time of first standard loan | Net worth, excluding equity in farm real estate, at time of first standard loan | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|----------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|---------|-------|---------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|
| | \$500 or more | \$250 to \$499 | \$100 to \$249 | \$50 to \$99 | \$25 to \$49 | \$10 to \$24 | \$5 to \$9 | \$2 to \$4 | \$1 to \$2 | Under \$1 | Unknown | Total | \$500 or more | \$250 to \$499 | \$100 to \$249 | \$50 to \$99 |
| \$500 or more | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| \$250 to \$499 | 63 | 61 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 63 | 61 | 1 | 1 |
| \$100 to \$249 | 1,024 | 1,038 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1,024 | 1,038 | 3 | 2 |
| \$50 to \$99 | 1,038 | 29 | 1,003 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1,038 | 29 | 1,003 | 2 |
| \$25 to \$49 | 1,103 | 9 | 63 | 96 | 945 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1,103 | 9 | 63 | 96 |
| \$10 to \$24 | 783 | 5 | 49 | 163 | 256 | 310 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 783 | 5 | 49 | 163 |
| \$5 to \$9 | 313 | 4 | 24 | 54 | 135 | 77 | 16 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 313 | 4 | 24 | 54 |
| \$2 to \$4 | 129 | 1 | 4 | 8 | 42 | 66 | 7 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 129 | 1 | 4 | 8 |
| Under \$1 | 83 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 25 | 38 | 12 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 83 | 2 | 2 | 8 |
| Unknown | 22 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 9 | 6 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 22 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Total | 9 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 9 | 2 | 4 | 1 |
| | 73 | 73 | 73 | 73 | 73 | 73 | 73 | 73 | 73 | 73 | 73 | 73 | 73 | 73 | 73 | 73 |
| | 79 | 79 | 79 | 79 | 79 | 79 | 79 | 79 | 79 | 79 | 79 | 79 | 79 | 79 | 79 | 79 |

Note: A comparable table is also available for (a) each State in the Region, (b) for each of the 3 periods of first standard loan, and (c) for each State by each of the 3 periods of first standard loan.

This table shows the relationship between net worth with and net worth without real estate and shows how excluding the real estate equity usually gives a lower net worth figure.

1000 of 2

1000 of 1

1000 of 1

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1000 of 1

Tables 72 and 73

Table 72

More than one-third, 35 percent, of the borrowers for whom a record was available after entry on HL had a lower net worth at the time of the last record than at the time of the first loan, 7 percent incurred a decrease of \$250 or more. Nearly one-fourth, 23 percent, increased their net worth by \$250 or more. The median change was an increase of \$79. Thirty-five percent of the first period, 37 percent of the second, and 32 percent of the third period borrowers had some decrease in their net worth by the time of their last record. The median changes were increases of \$112, \$62, and \$82 for first, second, and third period borrowers, respectively. All of the third period borrowers had been on the program 1 year at the time of their last record; one-third of the second period borrowers had been on 2 years; of the first period borrowers, nearly three-fifths had been on the program 3 years; one-fifth had been on 2 years; and another one-fifth had been on 1 year.

Table 73

More than one-third, 36 percent, of all borrowers with any record of change since receiving the first standard loan had a lower net worth, excluding farm real estate, at the time of the last record than at the time of the first loan. This decrease was reported by 35, 40, and 33 percent of the borrowers with records 1, 2, and 3 years, respectively, after the first standard loan. Four percent incurred decreases of \$250 or more and 16 percent had increases of \$250 or more, excluding real estate. The median change for all borrowers with records was a gain of \$60, with increases of \$59, \$53, and \$104 for borrowers who had been on the program 1, 2, and 3 years, respectively.

Table 72.-CHANGE IN NET WORTH: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by change in net worth from time of first standard loan to time of last record after entry on standard RR program, by period of first standard loan.

| Change in net worth | Total borrowers | | Borrowers receiving first standard loan between | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------|---------|---|----------------|----------------|--|
| | | | 2/1/36-2/28/37 | 3/1/37-2/28/38 | 3/1/38-2/28/39 | |
| | Number | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | |
| -\$1,000 or more | 21 | 0.8 | 0.0 | 1.2 | 0.4 | |
| -\$999 to -\$500 | 53 | 2.1 | 2.6 | 2.0 | 1.8 | |
| -\$499 to -\$250 | 109 | 4.4 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 2.2 | |
| -\$249 to -\$125 | 234 | 9.4 | 10.8 | 9.6 | 8.1 | |
| -\$124 to -\$1 | 456 | 18.2 | 15.9 | 19.2 | 19.1 | |
| \$0 to \$124 | 597 | 23.9 | 16.5 | 25.6 | 27.9 | |
| \$125 to \$249 | 456 | 18.2 | 18.0 | 17.2 | 19.7 | |
| \$250 to \$499 | 325 | 13.0 | 14.7 | 12.1 | 11.6 | |
| \$500 to \$999 | 170 | 6.8 | 10.9 | 5.0 | 5.5 | |
| \$1,000 to \$1,999 | 65 | 2.6 | 3.6 | 2.2 | 2.2 | |
| \$2,000 and over | 16 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | |
| Total | XXX | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | |
| Number reporting | 2,502 | | 686 | 992 | 824 | |
| Number not reporting 1/ | 44 | | 20 | 7 | 17 | |
| Median change in net worth | \$79 | | \$112 | \$62 | \$82 | |

1/ Exclusive of 2,102 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program.



Region VI

Table 73.-CHANGE IN NET ASSETS, EXCLUDING FARM REAL ESTATE, FOR THE ONE-DECADE PERIOD OF 1939-48, BY CHANGE IN NET WORTH, EXCLUDING EQUITY IN FARM REAL ESTATE, OF FIRST STANDARD LOAN TO SPECIFIED LAST YEAR OF RECORD AFTER ENTRY ON STANDARD OF PROGRAM, BY NUMBER OF CROP YEARS AFTER FIRST LOAN

[illegible]

Table 74. NET WORTH AT TIME OF FIRST RR LOAN AND CHANGE IN NET WORTH, BORROWERS WITH RR DEBTS: Number of borrowers classified by net worth at time of first standard loan and by change in net worth, excluding equity in farm real estate, at time of last record after entry on standard RR program

| Net worth, excluding equity in farm real estate, at time of first standard loan | Total | Borrowers by change in net worth, excluding equity in farm real estate | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------|--|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| | | -\$1,000 or less | -\$1,000 to \$1,999 | \$2,000 to \$2,999 | \$3,000 to \$3,999 | \$4,000 to \$4,999 | \$5,000 to \$5,999 | \$6,000 to \$6,999 | \$7,000 to \$7,999 | \$8,000 to \$8,999 | \$9,000 and over |
| -\$500 and over | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| -\$499 to -\$1 | 57 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| \$0 to \$124 | 724 | 2 | 2 | 10 | 55 | 162 | 233 | 109 | 73 | 13 | 1 |
| \$125 to \$249 | 767 | 2 | 10 | 72 | 160 | 219 | 174 | 99 | 27 | 1 | 3 |
| \$250 to \$499 | 734 | 1 | 2 | 28 | 90 | 165 | 199 | 122 | 67 | 24 | 2 |
| \$500 to \$999 | 214 | 1 | 3 | 27 | 38 | 41 | 39 | 27 | 32 | 5 | 2 |
| \$1,000 to \$1,499 | 13 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| \$1,500 to \$1,999 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| \$2,000 to \$2,999 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| \$3,000 to \$4,999 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| \$5,000 and over | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Unknown | 33 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Total 1/ | 2,546 | 6 | 12 | 76 | 259 | 541 | 701 | 519 | 309 | 72 | 46 |

1/ Exclusive of 2,102 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program. However, a comparable table is also available with borrowers classified by number of crop years (1, 2, or 3) after first standard loan.

This table shows that the changes in net worth, exclusive of the equity in farm real estate, tended to be in inverse proportion to the amount of net worth at the time of acceptance on RR.

Table 75.--ASSETS AT TIME OF FIRST RR LOAN: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by value of assets at time of first standard RR loan, by period of first standard loan

| Value of assets
at time of
first
standard loan | Total | | Borrowers receiving
first standard loan between | | | |
|---|-----------|---------|--|--------------------|--------------------|---------|
| | borrowers | | 3/1/36-
2/28/37 | 3/1/37-
2/23/38 | 3/1/38-
2/23/39 | |
| | Number | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| Less than \$125 | 850 | 18.6 | 22.0 | 19.0 | 17.3 | |
| \$125 to \$249 | 974 | 21.3 | 18.0 | 23.7 | 21.3 | |
| \$250 to \$499 | 1,068 | 23.4 | 22.3 | 21.0 | 24.9 | |
| \$500 to \$999 | 773 | 16.9 | 18.4 | 17.4 | 16.2 | |
| \$1,000 to \$1,499 | 420 | 9.2 | 10.5 | 8.8 | 9.0 | |
| \$1,500 to \$1,999 | 221 | 4.6 | 4.9 | 4.4 | 5.0 | |
| \$2,000 to \$2,999 | 162 | 4.0 | 2.1 | 4.4 | 4.3 | |
| \$3,000 to \$3,999 | 51 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 1.3 | |
| \$4,000 to \$5,999 | 24 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.7 | |
| \$6,000 to \$9,999 | 7 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 0.2 | * | |
| \$10,000 and over | 2 | * | 0.1 | — | * | |
| Total | XXX | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | |
| Number reporting | 4,572 | | 794 | 1,221 | 2,557 | |
| Number not reporting | 76 | | 33 | 15 | 28 | |
| Median value of assets at time of first standard loan: | \$358 | | \$362 | \$336 | \$366 | |

* Less than 0.05 percent.

Two-fifths of the borrowers had assets, including real estate, of less than \$250 at the time of the first standard loan. The proportion of borrowers with this amount of assets was practically the same in each of the 3 periods. The median amount of assets did not vary greatly from period to period, being \$362, \$336, and \$366 for first, second, and third period borrowers, respectively.



Table 76.-NUMBER OF COWS AT TIME OF FIRST RR LOAN:
Number and percentage of borrowers classified by number of cows owned at time of first standard RR loan

| Number of cows
at time of first standard loan: | Total
borrowers | |
|---|--------------------|---------|
| | Number | Percent |
| No cows, no other cattle | 1,542 | 35.6 |
| 1 | 1,388 | 30.2 |
| 2 | 746 | 16.3 |
| 3 | 235 | 5.1 |
| 4 | 106 | 2.2 |
| 5 to 9 | 83 | 1.8 |
| 10 to 19 | 11 | 0.2 |
| 20 to 39 | 6 | 0.1 |
| 40 and over | --- | --- |
| No cows, but 1
or more other cattle | 73 | 1.6 |
| Cattle, type unknown | 404 | 8.8 |
| Total reporting | 4,594 | 100.0 |
| Number not reporting | 54 | |

At the time of entry on the RR program, one-third of the borrowers had no cows or other cattle. Almost half of the borrowers had either 1 or 2 cows. Only 2 percent had 5 or more cows. The proportion of borrowers without any cattle was more than twice the percentage who had been farm laborers or "nonfarm" during the major part of the year before the first loan.

1. The first part of the document is a list of names and addresses of the members of the committee. The names are listed in alphabetical order, and the addresses are given below each name. The list includes the names of the members of the committee, the names of the members of the sub-committee, and the names of the members of the advisory committee. The addresses are given in the form of street names and city names.

2. The second part of the document is a list of the names of the members of the committee, the names of the members of the sub-committee, and the names of the members of the advisory committee. The names are listed in alphabetical order, and the addresses are given below each name. The list includes the names of the members of the committee, the names of the members of the sub-committee, and the names of the members of the advisory committee. The addresses are given in the form of street names and city names.

Table 77.--NUMBER OF COWS LAST RR RECORD: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by number of cows owned at time of last record after entry on standard RR program, by number of crop years after first loan

| Number of cows
at time of
last record
after entry on RR | Total | | Borrowers by number of
crop years after first loan | | | |
|--|-----------|---------|---|---------|---------|---------|
| | borrowers | | | | | |
| | Number | Percent | 1 year | 2 years | 3 years | |
| No cows, no
other cattle | | | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| | 320 | 12.6 | 13.3 | 12.4 | 9.9 | |
| 1 | 834 | 32.8 | 36.7 | 23.0 | 26.8 | |
| 2 | 520 | 20.5 | 19.7 | 14.7 | 29.8 | |
| 3 | 247 | 9.7 | 9.1 | 10.3 | 11.9 | |
| 4 | 132 | 5.2 | 5.0 | 5.6 | 5.4 | |
| 5 to 9 | 147 | 5.8 | 5.2 | 7.5 | 6.4 | |
| 10 to 19 | 17 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 1.5 | |
| 20 to 39 | 5 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 0.2 | |
| 40 and over | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | |
| No cows, but 1 or
more other cattle | 26 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 0.7 | |
| Cattle, type unknown | 292 | 11.5 | 9.3 | 24.1 | 7.4 | |
| Total | XXX | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | |
| Number reporting | 2,540 | | 1,707 | 429 | 404 | |
| Number not
reporting 1/ | 6 | | 1 | 3 | 2 | |

1/ Exclusive of 2,102 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program.

One out of 8 borrowers had no cattle at the time of their last record after entry on RR. Over one-half, 53 percent, had only 1 or 2 cows. Less than 7 percent had 5 or more cows. The longer borrowers had been on the program, the smaller was the proportion having no cattle.



TABLE 79.—NUMBER OF COWS AT TIME OF FIRST RR LOAN AND LAST RR RECORD: Number of borrowers classified by number of cows owned at time of first standard loan and at time of last record after entry on standard RR program

| Number of cows at time of first standard loan | Borrowers by number of cows at time of last record after entry on RR | No. of cows, but cattle, type unknown; known | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| | | No. cows, no other cattle | No. cows, no other cattle | No. cows, no other cattle | No. cows, no other cattle | No. cows, no other cattle | No. cows, no other cattle | No. cows, no other cattle | No. cows, no other cattle | No. cows, no other cattle | No. cows, no other cattle |
| | | No. cows, no other cattle | No. cows, no other cattle | No. cows, no other cattle | No. cows, no other cattle | No. cows, no other cattle | No. cows, no other cattle | No. cows, no other cattle | No. cows, no other cattle | No. cows, no other cattle | No. cows, no other cattle |
| No cows, no other cattle | 773 | 232 | 303 | 90 | 29 | 10 | 12 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 74 |
| 1 to 4 | 763 | 46 | 543 | 164 | 47 | 26 | 31 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 98 |
| 5 to 9 | 405 | 13 | 40 | 143 | 86 | 32 | 26 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 54 |
| 10 to 19 | 118 | 2 | 7 | 22 | 32 | 16 | 21 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 16 |
| 20 to 29 | 50 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 10 | 12 | 11 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 6 |
| 30 to 39 | 29 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 9 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 8 |
| 40 to 49 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 50 to 59 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 60 and over | 47 | 7 | 17 | 9 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 6 |
| Cattle, type unknown | 343 | 16 | 118 | 78 | 35 | 24 | 23 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 29 |
| Unknown | 15 | 2 | 6 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Total | 2,546 | 320 | 634 | 520 | 247 | 132 | 147 | 17 | 5 | 1 | 292 |

1/ Exclusive of 2,102 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program.

Note: A comparable table is also available with borrowers classified by number of crop years (1, 2, or 3) after first standard loan.

This table shows that many of the borrowers increased their number of cows after entry on RR, but the increase were generally small.

Table 79.-NUMBER OF HENS AT TIME OF FIRST RR
LOAN: Number and percentage of bor-
rowers classified by number of hens
owned at time of first standard RR loan

| Number of hens at time
of first standard loan | Total
borrowers | |
|--|--------------------|---------|
| | Number | Percent |
| No hens, no other poultry | 351 | 7.6 |
| 1 to 24 | 1,483 | 32.2 |
| 25 to 49 | 642 | 13.9 |
| 50 to 74 | 95 | 2.1 |
| 75 to 99 | 9 | 0.2 |
| 100 to 149 | 10 | 0.2 |
| 150 to 199 | 5 | 0.1 |
| 200 and over | 1 | * |
| No hens, but other poultry | 43 | 0.9 |
| Poultry, type unknown | 1,971 | 42.8 |
| Total reporting | 4,610 | 100.0 |
| Number not reporting | 38 | |

* Less than 0.05 percent.

About 1 borrower in 14 had no hens or other poultry at the time of the first standard loan; this is about one-half the proportion of borrowers who had been farm laborers or "nonfarm" during the major part of the year before the first loan. The number of hens owned was not reported for 43 percent of the borrowers who had poultry. Most of those who did report the number of hens had small flocks of less than 50 hens.

Table 80. NUMBER OF HENS LAST RECORDED: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by number of hens owned at time of last record after entry on standard RR program by number of crop years after first loan

| Number of hens
at time of
last record
after entry on RR | Total
borrowers | | Borrowers by number of
crop years after first loan | | | |
|--|--------------------|---------|---|---------|---------|---------|
| | Number | Percent | 1 year | 2 years | 3 years | |
| | | | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| No hens, no
other poultry | 71 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 2.3 | 3.4 | |
| 1 to 24 | 208 | 8.2 | 8.7 | 6.5 | 7.6 | |
| 25 to 49 | 197 | 7.7 | 8.0 | 5.1 | 9.4 | |
| 50 to 74 | 33 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.5 | |
| 75 to 99 | 2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | --- | --- | |
| 100 to 149 | 4 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | --- | |
| 150 to 199 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | |
| 200 and over | 2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | --- | 0.2 | |
| No hens, but
other poultry | 3 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.2 | |
| Poultry, type unknown | 2,020 | 79.3 | 72.6 | 84.0 | 77.7 | |
| Total | XXX | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | |
| Number reporting | 2,545 | | 1,708 | 431 | 406 | |
| Number not
reporting 1/ | 1 | | --- | 1 | --- | |

1/ Exclusive of 2,102 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program.

At the time of the last record after entry on RR, less than 3 percent of the borrowers had no hens or other poultry; this proportion was the same regardless of whether the borrowers had been on the program 1, 2, or 3 years. Interpretation of the data on size of flock is difficult because four-fifths of the borrowers had poultry but the number of hens was not reported. For those reporting number of hens, small flocks of less than 50 hens were most common.



TABLE 1. BORROWERS OF HENS AT TIME OF FIRST RECORD AND LAST RECORD. Number of borrowers classified by number of hens owned at time of first standard loan and at time of last record after entry on standard RR program

| Number of hens at time of first standard loan | Borrowers by number of hens at time of last record after entry on RR program | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| | No hens, 1 to 24 | No hens, 25 to 49 | No hens, 50 to 74 | No hens, 75 to 99 | No hens, 100 to 149 | No hens, 150 to 199 | No hens, 200 to 249 | No hens, 250 to 299 | No hens, 300 to 349 | No hens, 350 to 399 | No hens, 400 to 449 | No hens, 450 to 499 | No hens, 500 to 549 | No hens, 550 to 599 | No hens, 600 or over |
| No hens, no other poultry | 183 | 20 | 15 | 10 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 to 24 | 1,157 | 25 | 146 | 97 | 8 | 7 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 25 to 49 | 477 | 7 | 20 | 50 | 14 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 50 to 74 | 71 | 1 | 2 | 8 | 7 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 75 to 99 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 100 to 149 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 150 to 199 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 200 and over | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| No hens, but other poultry | 36 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Poultry, type unknown | 604 | 17 | 22 | 30 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Total | 2,546 | 71 | 208 | 197 | 33 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 8 | 2,020 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

1/ Exclusive of 2,102 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program.

Note: A comparable table is also available with borrowers classified by number of crop years (1, 2, or 3) after first standard loan.

The fact that the number of hens was unknown for 79 percent at the time of their last record - although they were known to have had poultry - makes it difficult to see just what the shifts were in size of flock.



Table 12.—NUMBER OF COWS AND HENS AT TIME OF FIRST BULL LOAN: Number of borrowers classified by number of cows and by number of hens owned at time of first standard loan

| Number of cows
at time of
first standard
loan | Borrowers by number of hens at time of first standard loan | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------------|------------|-------|-----|-----|
| | No. hens, 1 | 2 | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 150 | 200 | No. hens, 200 | Poultry, 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| No. cows,
no other cattle | Total: no other: to : to : to : to : to : to : to : to : to : to : to : to : but other: type :
borrowers: poultry : 24 : 49 : 74 : 99 : 149 : 199 : over : poultry : unknown : unknown | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. |
| 1 | 1,388 | 62 | 567 | 250 | 25 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 9 | 449 | 1 |
| 2 | 746 | 16 | 259 | 160 | 27 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 10 | 269 | 2 |
| 3 | 235 | 6 | 54 | 48 | 16 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 103 | 3 |
| 4 | 106 | 2 | 16 | 25 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 55 | 4 |
| 5 to 9 | 63 | 2 | 12 | 16 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 46 | 5 |
| 10 to 19 | 11 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 6 | 6 |
| 20 to 39 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 7 |
| 40 and over | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 8 |
| No cows, but 1 or
more other cattle | 73 | 5 | 36 | 10 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 17 | 9 |
| Cattle,
type unknown | 404 | 9 | 8 | 10 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 374 | 10 |
| Borrowers | 54 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 12 | 37 |
| Total | 4,648 | 351 | 1,483 | 642 | 95 | 9 | 10 | 5 | 1 | 43 | 1,971 | 38 | 48 |

At the time of the first standard loan, 5 percent of the borrowers had neither poultry nor cattle, 2 percent had cattle but no poultry, and 28 percent had poultry but no cattle. Almost two thirds, 64 percent, of the borrowers had both some cattle and some poultry.

1. The first part of the paper is devoted to a general discussion of the problem of the existence of solutions of the system of equations

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = f(x, y, z), \quad \frac{dy}{dt} = g(x, y, z), \quad \frac{dz}{dt} = h(x, y, z),$$

where f, g, h are continuous functions of x, y, z and satisfy certain conditions.

2. In the second part we consider the case when the functions f, g, h are linear in x, y, z .

3. The third part is devoted to the study of the stability of the solutions of the system.

4. In the fourth part we consider the problem of the construction of the solutions of the system.

5. The fifth part is devoted to the study of the properties of the solutions of the system.

6. In the sixth part we consider the case when the functions f, g, h are periodic in t .

7. The seventh part is devoted to the study of the properties of the solutions of the system.

8. In the eighth part we consider the case when the functions f, g, h are analytic in x, y, z .

9. The ninth part is devoted to the study of the properties of the solutions of the system.

10. In the tenth part we consider the case when the functions f, g, h are bounded in t .

11. The eleventh part is devoted to the study of the properties of the solutions of the system.

12. In the twelfth part we consider the case when the functions f, g, h are continuous in t .

13. The thirteenth part is devoted to the study of the properties of the solutions of the system.

14. In the fourteenth part we consider the case when the functions f, g, h are bounded in x, y, z .

15. The fifteenth part is devoted to the study of the properties of the solutions of the system.

13. Borrowers of Cows and Hens (1900-1909) - Number of borrowers classified by number of cows owned and by number of hens owned at time of last record after entry on standard RR program

| Number of cows
at time of last
record after entry
on RR | Borrowers by number of hens at time of last record after entry on RR | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| | No. cows, no other
cattle | No. hens, 1 | No. hens, 2 | No. hens, 3 | No. hens, 4 | No. hens, 5 | No. hens, 6 | No. hens, 7 | No. hens, 8 | No. hens, 9 | No. hens, 10 | No. hens, 11 and over |
| 1 | 334 | 26 | 113 | 86 | 10 | | | | | | | |
| 2 | 520 | 16 | 38 | 52 | 8 | | | | | | | |
| 3 | 247 | 4 | 8 | 25 | 3 | | | | | | | |
| 4 | 132 | 3 | 3 | 9 | 6 | | | | | | | |
| 5 to 9 | 147 | 3 | 2 | 6 | | | | | | | | |
| 10 to 19 | 17 | | | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| 20 to 39 | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 40 and over | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| No cows, but 1 or
more other cattle | 26 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| Cattle, type unknown: | 292 | 2 | | 3 | | | | | | | | |
| Unknown | 6 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total 1/ | 2,546 | 71 | 208 | 197 | 33 | 2 | 4 | | 2 | 8 | 2,020 | 1 |

1/ Exclusive of 2,102 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program.

Note: A comparable table is also available with borrowers classified by number of crop years (1, 2 or 3) after first standard loan.

At the time of the last record, nearly 6 out of every 7 borrowers had both poultry and cattle.

1. The first part of the paper is devoted to a general discussion of the problem.

2. In the second part, we shall consider the case of a single particle.

3. The third part is devoted to the case of a system of particles.

4. The fourth part is devoted to the case of a system of particles.

5.

Table 84.—NUMBER OF SOWS AT THE FIRST STANDARD LOAN: Number and percentages of borrowers classified by number of sows owned at time of first standard loan

| Number of sows at:
time of first
standard loan | Total
borrowers | |
|--|--------------------|---------|
| | Number | Percent |
| No sows,
no other hogs | 1,460 | 31.7 |
| 1 | 960 | 20.9 |
| 2 | 252 | 5.5 |
| 3 | 61 | 1.3 |
| 4 | 22 | 0.5 |
| 5 | 15 | 0.3 |
| 6 to 10 | 22 | 0.5 |
| 11 or more | 6 | 0.1 |
| No sows, 1 or
more other hogs | 488 | 10.6 |
| Hogs, type unknown | 1,318 | 28.6 |
| Total reporting | 4,604 | 100.0 |
| Number
not reporting | 44 | |

Almost one-third, 32 percent, of the borrowers had no hogs at the time of their first standard loan; one-tenth were known to have no sows but did have 1 or more other hogs. The type of hogs was unknown for 29 percent of the borrowers but it is clear that the majority had only 1 or 2 sows if they had any. The proportion without hogs was almost double the percentage of borrowers who were farm laborers or "nonfarm" during the major part of the year before the first loan.

1. The first part of the paper is devoted to a general discussion of the problem of the existence of solutions of the system of equations (1) for arbitrary values of the parameters α and β . It is shown that the system has solutions for all values of the parameters α and β if the function $f(x)$ is continuous and has a bounded derivative. The second part of the paper is devoted to a detailed study of the properties of the solutions of the system of equations (1) for arbitrary values of the parameters α and β . It is shown that the solutions of the system of equations (1) are unique and depend continuously on the parameters α and β . The third part of the paper is devoted to a study of the asymptotic properties of the solutions of the system of equations (1) for large values of the parameters α and β . It is shown that the solutions of the system of equations (1) approach zero as the parameters α and β approach infinity.

Table 85.—NUMBER OF SOWS LAST RR RECORD: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by number of sows owned at time of last record after entry on standard RR program, by number of crop years after first loan

| Number of sows
at time of
last record
after entry on RR | Total | | Borrowers by number of
crop years after first loan | | | |
|--|--------|---------|---|---------|---------|---------|
| | Number | Percent | 1 year | 2 years | 3 years | |
| | | | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| No sows,
no other hogs | 410 | 16.1 | 16.4 | 15.5 | | 1.9 |
| 1 | 315 | 12.2 | 13.1 | 7.4 | | 14.3 |
| 2 | 100 | 3.9 | 3.3 | 3.1 | | 5.4 |
| 3 | 27 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 0.9 | | 1.2 |
| 4 | | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.3 | | 0.5 |
| 5 | 5 | 0.2 | — | 0.5 | | 0.7 |
| 6 to 10 | 8 | 0.3 | 0.5 | — | | — |
| 11 or more | 3 | * | 0.1 | — | | — |
| No sows, 1 or more
other hogs | 52 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 2.2 | | 2.7 |
| Hogs, type unknown: 1,590 | | 62.6 | 62.1 | 63.9 | | 62.8 |
| Total | 2,543 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | | 100.0 |
| Number reporting | 2,543 | | 1,707 | 430 | | 405 |
| Number not
reporting 1/ | 3 | | 1 | 1 | | 1 |

* Less than 0.05 percent.

1/ Exclusive of 2,142 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program.

One-sixth, 16 percent, of the borrowers had no hogs at the time of their last record after entry on RR. The fact that 65 percent of the borrowers were known to have hogs but the type was unknown, limits the value of the percentage distribution by number of sows. However, 1 or 2 sows were most common for those reporting the number.

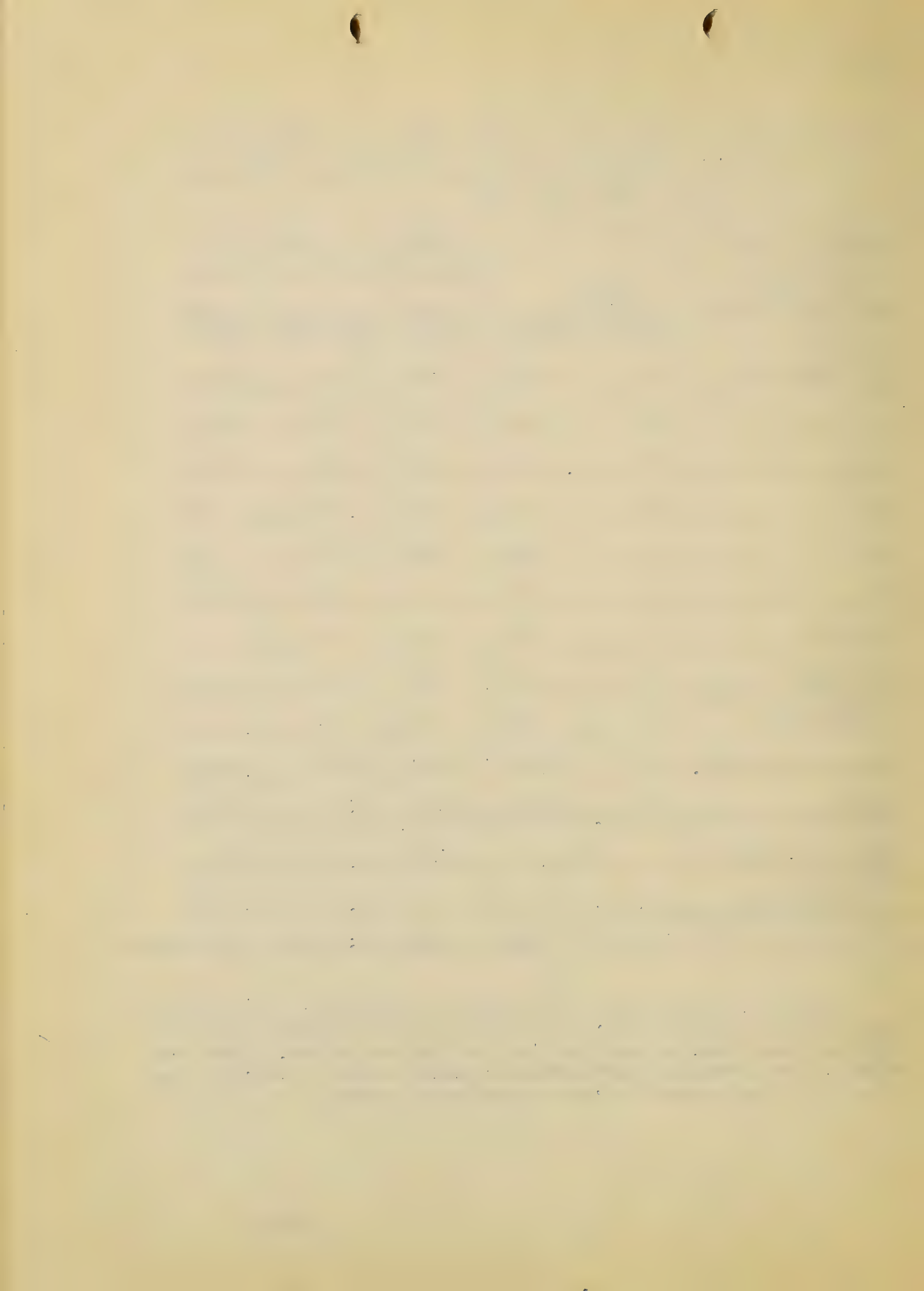


TABLE B. NUMBER OF SOWS AND PIGS OF FIRST AND SECOND RECORD AFTER ENTRY ON RR
NUMBER OF SOWS OWNED AT TIME OF FIRST STANDARD LOAN AND AT TIME OF LAST RECORD AFTER ENTRY ON
STANDARD RR PROGRAM

| Number of sows
at time
of first
standard loan | Borrowers by number of sows at time of last record after entry on RR | : 6 : 11 : No sows, : Hogs, : | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| | | : Total : no other : : : : : to : or : 1 or more : type : | | | | | | | | | |
| No sows, no
other hogs | Borrowers: | No. | Hc. | No. | Hc. | No. | Hc. | No. | Hc. | No. | Hc. |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 830 | 405 | 177 | 12 | 4 | 1 | 1 | — | — | — | 32 | 448 |
| 642 | 45 | 126 | 39 | 8 | 2 | 1 | 2 | — | — | 20 | 309 |
| 181 | 9 | 16 | 19 | 7 | 1 | — | — | — | — | 5 | 123 |
| 40 | 1 | 2 | 7 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | — | — | — | 24 |
| 16 | — | — | 1 | 1 | 2 | — | — | — | — | 1 | 11 |
| 12 | — | — | — | 2 | — | — | — | — | — | 2 | 6 |
| 16 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 13 |
| 6 | — | — | 1 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 5 |
| No sows, 1 or more
other hogs | 372 | 52 | 47 | 13 | 1 | — | — | — | — | 19 | 238 |
| Sows, type unknown | 423 | 47 | 44 | 9 | 1 | — | — | — | — | 4 | 317 |
| Unknown | 8 | 1 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 1 | 6 |
| Total 1/ | 2,526 | 410 | 305 | 100 | 27 | 5 | 5 | 8 | 1 | 82 | 1,590 |

1/ Exclusive of 2,102 borrowers with no record after entry on RR program.
Notes: 1 comparable table is also available with borrowers classified by number of crop years (1, 2 or 3)
after first standard loan.

Although some who had hogs at the time of the first loan had none at the time of the last record and
in part of those who previously had no hogs still had none, the general tendency was an increase in



Table 91.-LIABILITIES AT TIME OF FIRST RR LOAN: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by liabilities at time of first standard RR loan

| Liabilities at
time of first
standard loan | Total
borrowers | |
|--|--------------------|---------|
| | Number | Percent |
| 0 | 2,040 | 44.4 |
| \$1 to \$124 | 1,367 | 29.7 |
| \$125 to \$249 | 349 | 7.6 |
| \$250 to \$499 | 361 | 7.8 |
| \$500 to \$749 | 197 | 4.3 |
| \$750 to \$999 | 112 | 2.4 |
| \$1,000 to \$1,499 | 112 | 2.4 |
| \$1,500 to \$1,999 | 35 | 0.8 |
| \$2,000 to \$2,999 | 19 | 0.4 |
| \$3,000 to \$4,999 | 5 | 0.1 |
| \$5,000 and over | 3 | 0.1 |
| Total reporting | 4,600 | 100.0 |
| Number not
reporting | 43 | |
| Median
liabilities | \$ 25 | |

Forty-four percent of the borrowers reported no liabilities at the time of their first loan. Another 30 percent had liabilities of less than \$125. Eighteen percent owed \$250 or more and 1 out of 25 had liabilities of \$1,000 or more. The median amount of liabilities was \$25. These data include real estate mortgages.

2.-4. CHANGE IN LIABILITIES: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by change in liabilities from time of first standard loan to time of last record after entry on RI program, by number of crop years after first loan.

| Change in
Liabilities | Total | | Borrowers by number of
crop years after first loan | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------|---------|---|---------|---------|--|
| | borrowers | | 1 year | 2 years | 3 years | |
| | Number | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | |
| -\$1,000 or more | 1 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 1.5 | 1.7 | |
| -\$250 to -\$500 | 4 | 0.8 | 0.3 | 2.6 | 3.8 | |
| -\$50 to -\$250 | 37 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 2.2 | |
| -\$25 to -\$50 | 53 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 3.0 | 5.0 | |
| -\$10 to -\$25 | 152 | 6.4 | 4.6 | 1.4 | 11.7 | |
| -\$5 to -\$10 | 427 | 19.2 | 19.3 | 12.2 | 18.3 | |
| -\$1 to -\$5 | 611 | 27.3 | 30.7 | 24.1 | 16.3 | |
| 0 to \$1 | 84 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 2.2 | 3.1 | |
| \$1 to \$5 | 190 | 7.5 | 6.0 | 1.1 | 11.9 | |
| \$5 to \$25 | 39 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 3.0 | 2.2 | |
| \$25 to \$50 | 2 | 0.1 | 0.2 | -- | -- | |
| \$50 and over | 2 | 0.1 | 0.2 | -- | -- | |
| Total | XXX | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | |
| Number reporting | 2,512 | | 1,701 | 428 | 482 | |
| Number not reporting 1/ | 15 | | 5 | 4 | 4 | |
| Median change in liabilities | \$205 | | \$220 | \$105 | \$150 | |

1/ Exclusive of 2,102 borrowers with no record after entry on RI program.

One-ninth, 11 percent, of the borrowers for whom there was a record of change had decreased their liabilities since receiving their first standard loan. Such a decrease was reported for 3, 10, and 22 percent of the borrowers with records 1, 2, and 3 years, respectively, after the first loan. Nine percent had increased their liabilities by \$500 or more. Seven, 12, and 24 percent of those on the program 1, 2, and 3 years, respectively, had increased their liabilities by \$100 or more. The median change in liabilities was an increase of \$215 for all borrowers, \$220 for those with records 1, 2, and 3 years, and \$196 for borrowers on the program 1, 2, and 3 years, respectively.





LIABILITIES AS PERCENTAGE OF ASSETS AT TIME OF FIRST STANDARD LOAN. Number and percentage of borrowers classified by liability as a percentage of assets at time of first standard loan, by period of first standard loan.

| Liabilities as percentage of assets at time of first standard loan | Total borrowers | Persons receiving first standard loan by year | 1935 | 1936 | 1937 |
|--|-----------------|---|-------|-------|-------|
| | | | 1935 | 1936 | 1937 |
| No liabilities | 2,040 | 44.5 | 36.2 | 46.7 | 46.2 |
| Less than 20 | 1,055 | 23.0 | 17.5 | 22.3 | 14.9 |
| 20 to 40 | 636 | 14.0 | 14.5 | 14.1 | 15.2 |
| 40 to 60 | 431 | 9.4 | 14.2 | 9.0 | 8.1 |
| 60 to 80 | 20 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| 80 to 100 | 9 | 0.2 | 6.5 | 2.1 | 1.1 |
| 100 to 120 | 2 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 0.4 | 0.3 |
| 120 to 140 | 10 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| 140 to 160 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| 160 to 180 | 7 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.3 |
| 180 and over | 18 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| Total | XXX | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Number reporting | 4,576 | | 705 | 2,222 | 2,466 |
| Number not reporting | 20 | | 2 | 0 | 3 |

Over two-fifths, 44 percent, of the borrowers reported no liabilities at the time of their first standard loan; the proportion varied as the program continued, being 36, 47, and 46 percent of the borrowers accepted on the program in the first, second, and third periods, respectively. For nearly one-fifth of the borrowers, 36 percent, the liabilities reported amounted to less than 40 percent of all the assets reported. Less than 2 percent of the borrowers had liabilities which equalled or exceeded assets.





Table 96-107122 OF 107122: Number and percentage of loans
classified by number of standard loans received
before February 26, 1939, by period of first standard
loan

| Number of
standard
loans
authorized | Total | | Borrowers receiving first
standard loan before | | | |
|--|--------|-------|---|-------|-------|--|
| | Number | | Percent | | | |
| 1 | 2,161 | 45.5 | 22.2 | 12.0 | 7 | |
| 2 | 1,274 | 27.0 | 15.3 | 48.2 | 21 | |
| 3 | 578 | 11.4 | 25.7 | 20.2 | 16 | |
| 4 | 318 | 6.3 | 18.9 | 12.6 | 7 | |
| 5 | 177 | 4.0 | 28.0 | 3.7 | | |
| 6 or more | 210 | 4.3 | 22.2 | 1.9 | | |
| Total | XXX | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | |
| Number reporting | 4,643 | | 122 | 3,226 | 1,185 | |

Note: A graph is also available for each of the 3 periods of first
standard loan and for 22 periods combined with a cross-tabulation
number of standard loans authorized and periods during which loans
were received.

Forty-six percent of all borrowers received only 1 loan. Another
21 percent received 2 loans. Nearly one-sixth of all borrowers re-
ceived 4 or more loans. Of the borrowers who entered the program dur-
ing the first period, 89 percent received more than 1 loan by February
1939. More than 1 loan was received by 39 percent of the borrowers who entered
the program during the third period, during February 1939 and
February 1939 and thus had been on the program a maximum of 12 months.



by tenure status and by period of first standard loan 2/

| Tenure status | Number of farms | Periods by number of standard loans and period of first loan | |
|------------------------------|-----------------|--|-------------------|
| | | First loan | Two or more loans |
| First standard loan | | 1913-1914 | 1915-1916 |
| Second standard loan | | 1917-1918 | 1919-1920 |
| Third standard loan | | 1921-1922 | 1923-1924 |
| Fourth standard loan | | 1925-1926 | 1927-1928 |
| Fifth standard loan | | 1929-1930 | 1931-1932 |
| Sixth standard loan | | 1933-1934 | 1935-1936 |
| Seventh standard loan | | 1937-1938 | 1939-1940 |
| Eighth standard loan | | 1941-1942 | 1943-1944 |
| Ninth standard loan | | 1945-1946 | 1947-1948 |
| Tenth standard loan | | 1949-1950 | 1951-1952 |
| Eleventh standard loan | | 1953-1954 | 1955-1956 |
| Twelfth standard loan | | 1957-1958 | 1959-1960 |
| Thirteenth standard loan | | 1961-1962 | 1963-1964 |
| Fourteenth standard loan | | 1965-1966 | 1967-1968 |
| Fifteenth standard loan | | 1969-1970 | 1971-1972 |
| Sixteenth standard loan | | 1973-1974 | 1975-1976 |
| Seventeenth standard loan | | 1977-1978 | 1979-1980 |
| Eighteenth standard loan | | 1981-1982 | 1983-1984 |
| Nineteenth standard loan | | 1985-1986 | 1987-1988 |
| Twentieth standard loan | | 1989-1990 | 1991-1992 |
| Twenty-first standard loan | | 1993-1994 | 1995-1996 |
| Twenty-second standard loan | | 1997-1998 | 1999-2000 |
| Twenty-third standard loan | | 2001-2002 | 2003-2004 |
| Twenty-fourth standard loan | | 2005-2006 | 2007-2008 |
| Twenty-fifth standard loan | | 2009-2010 | 2011-2012 |
| Twenty-sixth standard loan | | 2013-2014 | 2015-2016 |
| Twenty-seventh standard loan | | 2017-2018 | 2019-2020 |
| Twenty-eighth standard loan | | 2021-2022 | 2023-2024 |
| Twenty-ninth standard loan | | 2025-2026 | 2027-2028 |
| Thirtieth standard loan | | 2029-2030 | 2031-2032 |

2/ A part owner rents part and owns part of the farm operated.

First loan to be more likely than the following however to receive 2 or more loans by February, 1939 while second and third loans were more likely than the average borrower to have received only 1 loan. However, for other groups, there was no consistent relationship between the tenure status and receiving only 1 or receiving 2 or more standard loans by February 23, 1939.



For Administrative Use Only
Region VI

by acres in farm during year before first standard in loan, by number of standard loans authorized, and by period of first standard loan

| Acres in farm
year
before
first standard
loan | Borrowers by number of standard loans and period of first loan | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--------|---------|--------------------|--------|---------|-------------------|--------|---------|--------------------|--------|---------|
| | One loan | | | First loan between | | | Two or more loans | | | First loan between | | |
| | Total
borrowers | Number | Percent | Total | Number | Percent | Total | Number | Percent | Total | Number | Percent |
| Less than 20 | 386 | 10.4 | 10.3 | 14.6 | 9.6 | 10.5 | 13.5 | 9.8 | 6.3 | 17.7 | 17.3 | 15.7 |
| 20 to 49 | 1,465 | 40.1 | 41.6 | 33.0 | 37.7 | 42.5 | 38.6 | 36.3 | 40.1 | 39.4 | 39.4 | 39.4 |
| 50 to 99 | 765 | 20.6 | 19.9 | 19.5 | 12.6 | 21.0 | 21.2 | 20.2 | 23.1 | 18.3 | 18.3 | 18.3 |
| 100 to 174 | 306 | 8.2 | 7.9 | 7.3 | 7.0 | 8.0 | 8.7 | 8.5 | 8.8 | 8.7 | 8.7 | 8.7 |
| 175 to 299 | 74 | 2.0 | 3.0 | 3.7 | 3.0 | 1.7 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 1.6 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 |
| 300 to 499 | 27 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 1.2 | 0.5 | 0.9 | 1.3 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| 500 to 999 | 7 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| 1,000 and over | XXX | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Total | 3,710 | 1,765 | 82 | 199 | 1,484 | 1,945 | 694 | 917 | 334 | 334 | 334 | 334 |
| Number reporting | 936 | 326 | 11 | 24 | 361 | 542 | 40 | 96 | 406 | 406 | 406 | 406 |

In general, there was no consistent relationship between the size of farm during the year before the first loan and receiving only 1 or receiving 2 or more standard loans by February 28, 1939.

1. The first part of the paper is devoted to a general discussion of the problem. It is shown that the problem is of great importance in the theory of differential equations. The second part is devoted to the study of the properties of the solutions of the problem. It is shown that the solutions of the problem are unique and that they depend continuously on the data of the problem. The third part is devoted to the study of the properties of the solutions of the problem. It is shown that the solutions of the problem are unique and that they depend continuously on the data of the problem.

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Table 45. Cash Receipts by Year before and Percentage of Borrowers Classified by Cash Receipts, excluding loans, during year before first standard loan, by number of standard loans authorized and by period of first standard loan

| Cash receipts
year
before
first standard
loan | Borrowers by number of standard loans and period of first loan | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|---------|--------|---------|--------|-------------------|--------|---------|--------|---------|
| | One loan | | | | | Two or more loans | | | | |
| | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| 51 to 6124 | 611 | 13.6 | 11.7 | 23.1 | 10.5 | 11.1 | 15.2 | 27.1 | 10.8 | 9.8 |
| 125 to 1249 | 1,707 | 39.7 | 40.2 | 27.0 | 43.2 | 40.4 | 39.4 | 37.4 | 40.9 | 39.6 |
| 1250 to 1374 | 1,125 | 25.0 | 25.5 | 21.3 | 22.1 | 26.1 | 24.7 | 18.2 | 26.9 | 27.9 |
| 1375 to 1499 | 462 | 10.3 | 11.2 | 6.7 | 7.5 | 11.9 | 9.4 | 6.2 | 10.6 | 11.0 |
| 1500 to 1749 | 296 | 6.6 | 7.0 | 3.4 | 8.9 | 7.0 | 6.2 | 4.2 | 6.3 | 6.0 |
| 1750 to 1999 | 79 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 4.2 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 2.4 |
| 2000 to 1,499 | 26 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 2.2 | — | 0.7 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.8 | 0.1 |
| 1,500 to 11,999 | 6 | 0.1 | 0.1 | — | — | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| 12,000 to 12,499 | 3 | 0.1 | * | — | — | 0.1 | 0.1 | — | 0.2 | — |
| 12,500 and over | 3 | 0.1 | 0.1 | — | — | 0.1 | * | 0.1 | — | — |
| Total | 4,494 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Number reporting | 4,494 | 2,100 | 89 | 213 | 1,798 | 2,394 | 697 | 961 | 716 | |
| Never not reporting | 154 | 61 | 4 | 10 | 47 | 93 | 37 | 32 | 24 | |

Less than 0.05 percent.
There was no consistent relationship between the amount of total cash receipts during the year before and the number of standard loans authorized for borrowers 2 or more standard loans for borrowers 23, 1939.

of first standard loan

| Cash farm receipts
as percentage of
total cash receipts
year before | Number | Borrowers by number of standard loans and period of first loan | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | One loan | | First loan between | | Two or more loans | | First loan between | | Second loan between | | | |
| | | 3/1/36-
2/28/37 | 3/1/37-
2/28/38 | 3/1/36-
2/28/37 | 3/1/37-
2/28/38 | 3/1/36-
2/28/37 | 3/1/37-
2/28/38 | 3/1/36-
2/28/37 | 3/1/37-
2/28/38 | 3/1/36-
2/28/37 | 3/1/37-
2/28/38 | 3/1/36-
2/28/37 | 3/1/37-
2/28/38 |
| Total | | 2/28/37 | 2/28/38 | 2/28/39 | Total | 2/28/37 | 2/28/38 | 2/28/39 | Total | 2/28/37 | 2/28/38 | 2/28/39 | |
| Borrowers | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | |
| 1 to 10 | 63 | 16.6 | 13.8 | 23.1 | 24.2 | 10.1 | 16.9 | 19.6 | 13.8 | 11.7 | | | |
| 11 to 20 | 70 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.1 | 3.4 | 1.6 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 1.1 | 1.0 | | | |
| 21 to 30 | 72 | 1.4 | 1.9 | 1.1 | 3.5 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.6 | | | |
| 31 to 40 | 81 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 0.6 | 2.5 | 1.5 | | | |
| 41 to 50 | 54 | 2.1 | 2.1 | | 3.2 | 3.4 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.4 | | | |
| 51 to 60 | 138 | 4.0 | 3.5 | 1.1 | 2.7 | 3.7 | 2.6 | 1.8 | 3.8 | 1.8 | | | |
| 61 to 70 | 220 | 4.8 | 5.4 | 2.3 | 5.9 | 5.5 | 4.3 | 3.7 | 5.4 | 3.3 | | | |
| 71 to 79.9 | 288 | 6.3 | 6.8 | 2.3 | 4.6 | 7.3 | 5.9 | 5.5 | 7.1 | 4.6 | | | |
| 80 to 89.9 | 436 | 9.6 | 11.1 | 3.4 | 11.0 | 11.5 | 8.3 | 7.2 | 10.1 | 6.7 | | | |
| 90 to 100 | 2447 | 53.6 | 49.9 | 59.9 | 36.9 | 50.7 | 56.8 | 56.5 | 51.3 | 65.2 | | | |
| Total | XXX | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | | | |
| Number reporting | 4,551 | 2,130 | 87 | 219 | 1,824 | 2,421 | | 704 | 909 | 718 | | | |
| Number not reporting | 97 | 32 | 6 | 4 | 21 | 66 | 30 | 14 | | 22 | | | |

There was no consistent relationship between the proportion of the total cash receipts derived from the farm during the year before the first loan and receiving only 1 or receiving 2 or more standard loans by



Table 102.—SUM OF LOANS: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by total amount of all loans received from FSA, by period of first standard RR loan 1/

| Total amount of all loans received from FSA | Total | | Borrowers receiving first standard loan between | | | |
|---|--------|---------|---|----------------|----------------|---------|
| | Number | Percent | 3/1/36-3/31/37 | 3/1/37-2/28/38 | 3/1/38-2/28/39 | Percent |
| \$0 2/ | 237 | 5.2 | — | — | — | 2.4 |
| \$1 to \$124 | 86 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 2.3 | 1.9 | |
| \$125 to \$149 | 514 | 11.1 | 6.7 | 11.5 | 14.2 | |
| \$150 to \$199 | 2,009 | 44.2 | 21.1 | 42.1 | 44.1 | |
| \$200 to \$249 | 2,829 | 26.7 | 30.7 | 45.7 | 25.8 | |
| \$250 to \$299 | 75 | 1.6 | 17.2 | 7.1 | 1.8 | |
| \$3,000 to \$3,999 | 111 | 2.4 | 1.4 | 2.1 | 2.2 | |
| \$1,500 to \$1,999 | 16 | 0.3 | 1.9 | — | — | |
| \$2,000 to \$2,999 | 4 | 0.1 | 0.5 | — | — | |
| \$3,000 to \$3,999 | — | — | — | — | — | |
| \$4,000 to \$4,999 | — | — | — | — | — | |
| \$5,000 and over | — | — | — | — | — | |
| Total | 11K | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | |
| Total reported | 4,648 | — | 827 | 1,236 | 2,585 | |
| Median amount of loans | \$48 | — | \$577 | \$334 | \$393 | |

1/ Amount received from beginning of period of first standard loan through February 28, 1939.

2/ Loan authorized but not received by February 28, 1939.

3/ Includes 5 borrowers for whom the amount of loans was not reported.

Note: A comparable table is also available for each State in the Region.

The median amount of all loans received from FSA by borrowers by February 28, 1939 was \$428. The medians were \$577, \$434, and \$393 for first, second, and third period borrowers, respectively. Eight, 11, and 23 percent of the first, second, and third period borrowers, respectively, received loans totaling less than \$250; 29, 11, and 4 percent of the borrowers in these same 3 periods received loans totaling \$750 or more.



Table 20. — SIZE OF LOANS: Number and percentage of standard FR borrowers classified by total amount of all loans received from FR, by states 1/

| Total amount
of all
loans
received from FSA | Total | | Borrower's State of residence
at time of first standard loan | | | |
|--|-----------|---------|---|-----------|-------------|--|
| | Borrowers | | Arkansas | Louisiana | Mississippi | |
| | Number | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | |
| | 2/ | 3/ | | | | |
| \$0 2/ | 237 | 5.1 | 4.6 | 3.7 | 5.0 | |
| \$1 to \$124 | 86 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 3.1 | 1.1 | |
| \$125 to \$249 | 514 | 11.1 | 11.4 | 13.9 | 8.2 | |
| \$250 to \$499 | 2,089 | 44.8 | 42.0 | 45.4 | 47.9 | |
| \$500 to \$749 | 1,239 | 26.7 | 27.7 | 21.6 | 26.7 | |
| \$750 to \$999 | 352 | 7.6 | 7.4 | 7.9 | 7.5 | |
| \$1,000 to \$1,499 | 121 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 3.3 | 1.9 | |
| \$1,500 to \$1,999 | 16 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 1.2 | — | |
| \$2,000 to \$2,999 | 4 | 0.1 | — | 0.1 | 0.2 | |
| \$3,000 to \$3,999 | — | — | — | — | — | |
| \$4,000 to \$4,999 | — | — | — | — | — | |
| \$5,000 and over | — | — | — | — | — | |
| Total | XXXX | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | |
| Total reporting | 4,648 | | 1,893 | 2,315 | 1,530 | |
| Median amount
of loans | \$428 | | \$443 | \$411 | \$426 | |

1/ Amount received from beginning of period of first standard loan through February 28, 1939.

2/ Loans authorized but not received by February 28, 1939.

3/ Includes 5 borrowers for whom the amount of loans was not reported.

The size of loans was about the same in all 3 States, the medians being \$443, \$426, and \$411 in Arkansas, Mississippi, and Louisiana, respectively. In Louisiana 12 percent of the borrowers received loans totaling \$750 or more by February 28, 1939; 10 percent of both the Arkansas and Mississippi borrowers received such large loans. Louisiana also had the largest proportion of borrowers, 21 percent, who received loans totaling less than \$250, as compared to 18 and 16 percent of the Arkansas and Mississippi borrowers, respectively.



Tables 105, 106, and 107

Table 105

Loans for capital goods, primarily livestock and poultry, accounted for 47 percent of all the money loaned; less than half as much, 21 percent, was loaned for current farm operating expenses. Twenty-two percent was loaned for family expenses; almost 6 percent was accounted for by loans for debt settlement and refinancing. More money went for capital goods than for any other purpose during the year of the initial loan, particularly for second and third period borrowers. Loans for family expenses and current farm operating expenses were more important for first period borrowers than for second or third period borrowers. In each of the years of supplemental loans, capital goods, current farm operating expenses, and family expenses each accounted for about 30 percent of the money loaned.

Forty percent of all the money was loaned for livestock and poultry and 6 percent for machinery and equipment; both of these are classifications of capital goods.

Table 106

Capital goods, primarily livestock and poultry, was the leading purpose of loan in each of the 3 States. In second place were loans for current farm operating expenses and loans for family expenses, both of which were of approximately equal importance in each of the 3 States.

Table 107

More than 98 percent of all borrowers received loans for current farm operating expenses and 97 percent for family expenses. Ninety-five percent received loans for some form of capital goods; for 91 percent, these capital goods included livestock and poultry and for 70 percent, machinery and equipment. Three-fourths of the borrowers received loans for debt settlement and refinancing, and 70 percent for current farm non-operating expenses.

The proportion of borrowers receiving loans for specified major purposes was about the same for each of the 3 periods but, as the program continued, an increasing proportion of borrowers received initial loans for capital goods and debt settlement.

Following the first year on the NR program, borrowers most frequently were authorized additional loans for current farm operating expenses, family expenses, debt settlement and refinancing, or current farm non-operating expenses. Almost three-fourths of the first period borrowers received a loan during their second year on the program and over one-half received a loan during their third year on the program. Three-fourths of the second period borrowers received a supplemental loan during their second year on the



by FSA, classified by major purposes and by period of first standard 36 loan, by specified year during which loans were authorized

| Purposes for which loans were authorized | Borrowers receiving first standard loan between | | | | | |
|--|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | 3/1/36-2/28/37 | 3/1/37-2/28/38 | 3/1/38-2/28/39 | 3/1/39-2/28/40 | 3/1/40-2/28/41 | 3/1/41-2/28/42 |
| | Specified | Specified | Specified | Specified | Specified | Specified |
| | Year of loan | Year of loan | Year of loan | Year of loan | Year of loan | Year of loan |
| | First | Second | Third | Fourth | Fifth | Sixth |
| | (3/1/36-2/28/37) | (3/1/37-2/28/38) | (3/1/38-2/28/39) | (3/1/39-2/28/40) | (3/1/40-2/28/41) | (3/1/41-2/28/42) |
| Total | 2,229,100 | 2,229,100 | 2,229,100 | 2,229,100 | 2,229,100 | 2,229,100 |
| Percent | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Improvement of land and buildings | 14.7 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 1.2 |
| Current farm operating expenses | 20.8 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 3.0 | 2.2 |
| Current farm operating expenses | 33.0 | 32.8 | 29.0 | 28.4 | 20.3 | 29.7 |
| Debt settlement and refinancing | 129,270 | 5.6 | 4.3 | 2.1 | 6.3 | 6.3 |
| Family expenses | 500,042 | 21.5 | 26.6 | 24.3 | 30.6 | 29.4 |
| All other | 24,536 | 1.1 | 2.1 | 2.8 | 1.3 | 1.9 |
| Total | 2,229,100 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Total | 2,229,100 | 2,229,100 | 2,229,100 | 2,229,100 | 2,229,100 | 2,229,100 |

1/ Includes current rent, taxes, interest, recording fees, etc.
2/ Includes loans for which the purposes were not known or were not otherwise classifiable.
Note: A comparable table is also available for each State in the Region.



Table 102—Amount of Loans for Major Purposes: Total amount and percentage of loans authorized to standard loan in borrowers' year, classified by major purposes, by States

| Purpose for which loans were authorized | Total | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent |
|---|-----------|---------|-----------|---------|---------|
| | Dollars | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| Personal goods | 1,041,824 | 11.8 | 10.7 | 42.0 | 16.4 |
| Automobiles and trucks | 236,322 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 4.6 | 6.1 |
| Household appliances | 142,722 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 34.3 | 39.3 |
| Improvement of land and buildings | 14,179 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 1.1 | 0.1 |
| Current farm nonoperating expenses 1/ | 34,354 | 0.4 | 3.6 | 1.9 | 4.1 |
| Current farm operating expenses | 272,184 | 3.1 | 2.7 | 28.3 | 32.2 |
| Debt settlement and refinancing | 139,370 | 1.6 | 6.8 | 2.2 | 6.3 |
| Family expenses | 500,042 | 5.8 | 19.2 | 32.7 | 30.8 |
| All other 2/ | 24,161 | 0.3 | 2.4 | 3.4 | 0.6 |
| Total | XXX | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Total amount | 2,324,103 | | 1,321,311 | 64,081 | 34,106 |

1/ Includes current rent, taxes, interest, recording fees, etc.

2/ Includes loans for which the purposes were not known or were not otherwise classifiable.





Table 105.—BORROWERS AUTHORIZED LOANS FOR MAJOR PURPOSES: Number and percentage of standard loan all borrowers to whom loan were authorized by FSA for major purposes, by States

| Purposes
for which
loans were
authorized | Total | | Borrower's State of residence
at time of first standard loan | | | |
|---|-----------|---------|---|-----------|-------------|---|
| | Borrowers | | Arkansas | Louisiana | Mississippi | |
| | Number | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | |
| | : | : | : | : | : | : |
| Capital goods | 4,424 | 95.2 | 95.1 | 93.2 | 96.9 | |
| Machinery and equipment | 3,249 | 69.9 | 64.3 | 68.9 | 76.3 | |
| Livestock and poultry | 4,287 | 90.9 | 93.2 | 84.2 | 91.8 | |
| Improvement of
land and buildings | 646 | 15.0 | 9.3 | 19.2 | 18.0 | |
| Current farm non-
operating expenses 1/ | 3,257 | 70.1 | 30.3 | 91.4 | 98.6 | |
| Current farm
operating expenses | 4,580 | 98.5 | 97.9 | 98.7 | 99.2 | |
| Debt settlement
and refinancing | 3,319 | 75.7 | 75.5 | 64.1 | 84.3 | |
| Family expenses | 4,587 | 97.4 | 95.2 | 97.2 | 98.6 | |
| All other 2/ | 1,177 | 25.3 | 30.1 | 36.2 | 10.3 | |
| Unduplicated percent 3/ | XXX | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | |
| Total number of borrowers | 4,643 | | 1,303 | 1,315 | 1,930 | |

1/ Includes current rent, taxes, interest, recording fees, etc.

2/ Includes loans for which the purposes were not known or were not otherwise classifiable.

3/ Percentage for each item within States is based upon total number of borrowers in the State; in each column, borrowers receiving loans for one or more purposes are shown only once on "unduplicated percent" line.

More than 9 borrowers out of 10 in each of the 3 States received loans for current farm operating expenses, family expenses, and some form of capital goods. In Arkansas and Mississippi more than 9 out of 10, and in Louisiana more than 8 out of 10 borrowers received loans for livestock and poultry. The large proportion of borrowers in Mississippi and Louisiana receiving loans for current farm nonoperating expenses was due to the authorization of small amounts for recording or similar fees. Mississippi had about 10 percent more borrowers receiving loans for machinery and equipment than did the other 2 States and also had the largest proportion of borrowers who received loans for debt settlement. About two-fifths of the borrowers in Louisiana and Mississippi and one-tenth of those in Arkansas received funds for the improvement of land and buildings.

1. The first part of the report is a general
introduction to the subject of the study.
2. The second part is a description of the
methodology used in the study.
3. The third part is a description of the
results of the study.
4. The fourth part is a discussion of the
results of the study.
5. The fifth part is a conclusion of the
study.
6. The sixth part is a list of references.
7. The seventh part is an appendix.
8. The eighth part is a list of figures.
9. The ninth part is a list of tables.
10. The tenth part is a list of abbreviations.
11. The eleventh part is a list of symbols.
12. The twelfth part is a list of units.
13. The thirteenth part is a list of definitions.
14. The fourteenth part is a list of acronyms.
15. The fifteenth part is a list of initialisms.

16. The sixteenth part is a list of footnotes.
17. The seventeenth part is a list of endnotes.
18. The eighteenth part is a list of appendices.
19. The nineteenth part is a list of figures.
20. The twentieth part is a list of tables.
21. The twenty-first part is a list of abbreviations.
22. The twenty-second part is a list of symbols.
23. The twenty-third part is a list of units.
24. The twenty-fourth part is a list of definitions.
25. The twenty-fifth part is a list of acronyms.
26. The twenty-sixth part is a list of initialisms.
27. The twenty-seventh part is a list of footnotes.
28. The twenty-eighth part is a list of endnotes.
29. The twenty-ninth part is a list of appendices.
30. The thirtieth part is a list of figures.
31. The thirty-first part is a list of tables.
32. The thirty-second part is a list of abbreviations.
33. The thirty-third part is a list of symbols.
34. The thirty-fourth part is a list of units.
35. The thirty-fifth part is a list of definitions.
36. The thirty-sixth part is a list of acronyms.
37. The thirty-seventh part is a list of initialisms.

Table 109.-AVERAGE AMOUNT OF LOANS FOR MAJOR PURPOSES: Average amount of loans authorized by FSA to standard loan RR borrowers for major purposes from beginning of period of first standard loan through February 28, 1939, by period of first standard loan 1/

| Purposes
for which
loans
were
authorized | Average amount authorized
to borrowers receiving
first standard loan between | | |
|--|--|--------------------|--------------------|
| | 3/1/36-
2/28/37 | 3/1/37-
2/28/38 | 3/1/38-
2/28/39 |
| | Dollars | Dollars | Dollars |
| Capital goods | 253 | 240 | 243 |
| Machinery and equipment: | 41 | 77 | 44 |
| Livestock and poultry | 230 | 218 | 222 |
| Improvement of land
and buildings | 25 | 19 | 19 |
| Current farm non-
operating expenses 2/ | 24 | 13 | 12 |
| Current farm
operating expenses | 195 | 125 | 87 |
| Debt settlement
and refinancing | 39 | 71 | 39 |
| Family expenses | 179 | 137 | 85 |
| All other 3/ | 39 | 25 | 13 |
| Total | 667 | 506 | 446 |

1/ Averages are based upon the number of borrowers authorized loans for the specified purposes.

2/ Includes current rent, taxes, interest, recording fees, etc.

3/ Includes loans for which the purposes were not known or were not otherwise classifiable.

Note: A comparable table is also available for each State in the Region.

The average amount loaned for each type of capital goods as well as for all forms of capital goods combined was about the same for borrowers entering RR in each of the 3 periods. Loans for current farm operating expenses and family expenses averaged more for the first than for the second period borrowers and more for the second than for the third period group.

(SNC)

THE [illegible] OF [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

Table 111.-AMOUNT OF LOANS FOR SPECIFIED CURRENT FARM OPERATING EXPENSES: Total amount and percentage of loans authorized to borrowers by FSA for specified types of current farm operating expenses, by period of first standard RR loan and by specified year during which loans were authorized 1/

| Types of current farm operating expenses for which loans were authorized | | Borrower's receiving first standard loan between | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------|--|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | | 3/1/36-2/28/37 | | | 3/1/37-2/28/38 | | | 3/1/38-2/28/39 | | | | | |
| | | Specified year of loan | First | Second | Third | Specified year of loan | First | Second | Third | Specified year of loan | First | Second | Third |
| | | | (3/1/36-2/28/37) | (3/1/37-2/28/38) | (3/1/38-2/28/39) | | (3/1/37-2/28/38) | (3/1/38-2/28/39) | (3/1/39-2/28/40) | | (3/1/38-2/28/39) | (3/1/39-2/28/40) | (3/1/40-2/28/41) |
| | Total | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Amount of loans: | Total | 12/28/37 | 2/28/38 | 12/26/39 | Total | 2/28/38 | 2/28/39 | | Total | 2/28/39 | | |
| | Percentage: | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| Seed and feed 2/ | | 297,094 | 55.7 | 56.9 | 63.3 | 50.5 | 42.7 | 52.9 | 59.0 | 40.8 | | | 56.9 |
| Fertilizer and lime | | 158,002 | 29.8 | 26.5 | 21.9 | 33.1 | 34.0 | 29.7 | 21.2 | 46.4 | | | 32.1 |
| Labor | | 9,769 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 1.4 | 2.4 | 3.5 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 2.3 | | | 1.5 |
| Fuel, oil, and grease: | | 1,388 | 0.3 | 0.7 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.2 | * | 0.1 | --- | | | 0.1 |
| Other | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current expenses | | 67,200 | 12.6 | 13.9 | 12.4 | 13.5 | 19.6 | 15.9 | 18.6 | 10.5 | | | 9.4 |
| Total | | XXX | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | | | 100.0 |
| Total amount | | 523,044 | 160,117 | 95,826 | 35,166 | 26,125 | 152,298 | 101,063 | 51,235 | 220,629 | | | |

1/ Less than 0.05 percent.

2/ The percentage authorized for seed and feed; fertilizer and lime; gas, oil, and grease; and labor is under-reported to some extent because some borrowers were known to have been authorized loans for current farm operating expenses, although the type of expense was not specified or was not classifiable into these specified categories.

3/ All cotton seed and cotton seed products were classified under seed and feed.

4/ A comparable table is also available for each State in the Region; the average amount authorized to borrowers is also available for each of the purposes and periods designated in this table and for the comparable State tables.

Of the amount loaned for current farm operating expenses, seed and feed constituted the largest single item, 56 percent, and fertilizer was next most important, 30 percent. Following the year of the initial loan, a large proportion of the money went for fertilizer and a smaller proportion for seed and feed.

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Table 112.--BORROWERS AUTHORIZED LOANS FOR SPECIFIED CURRENT FARM OPERATING EXPENSES
Percentage of borrowers to whom loans were authorized by FSA for specified types of current farm operating expenses, by period of first standard RR loan and by specified year during which loans were authorized. 1/

| Types of
current farm
operating expenses
for which
loans were
authorized | Borrowers receiving first standard loan between | | | | | |
|---|---|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | 3/1/36-2/28/37 | | 3/1/37-2/28/38 | | 3/1/38-2/28/39 | |
| | Specified | | Specified | | Specified | |
| | year of loan | | year of loan | | year of loan | |
| | First | Second | Third | First | Second | First |
| | (3/1/36-
2/28/37) | (3/1/37-
2/28/38) | (3/1/38-
2/28/39) | (3/1/37-
2/28/38) | (3/1/38-
2/28/39) | (3/1/38-
2/28/39) |
| | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| Seed and feed 2/ | 96.3 | 62.4 | 49.2 | 71.8 | 42.1 | 94.1 |
| Fertilizer and lime | 60.0 | 42.0 | 34.7 | 62.0 | 9.5 | 60.3 |
| Labor | 5.6 | 5.4 | 3.9 | 4.5 | 4.7 | 6.1 |
| Gas, oil, and grease | 0.6 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | — | 0.3 |
| Unduplicated percent
who received loans
for any current farm
operating expenses 3/ | 98.8 | 66.4 | 51.8 | 97.7 | 48.6 | 98.1 |

1/ The percentage of borrowers authorized loans for seed and feed; fertilizer and lime; gas, oil, and grease; and labor is under-reported to some extent because some borrowers were known to have been authorized loans for current farm operating expenses although the type of expense was not specified or was not classifiable into these specified types.

2/ All cotton seed and cotton-seed products were classified under seed and feed.

3/ Includes borrowers who were authorized loans for other current farm operating expenses than those specified. Percentage for each item within each period of first standard loan is based upon total number of borrowers in the period; in each column, borrowers receiving loans for one or more purposes are shown only once on "unduplicated percent" line.

Note: A comparable table is also available for each State in the Region.

Of the first period borrowers, 96 percent received loans for seed and feed during their first year on the RR program, 62 percent during the second, and 49 percent during the third year. A smaller percentage of first period borrowers were loaned money for fertilizer, but the pattern of repeated loans to a smaller large proportion of borrowers was evident.

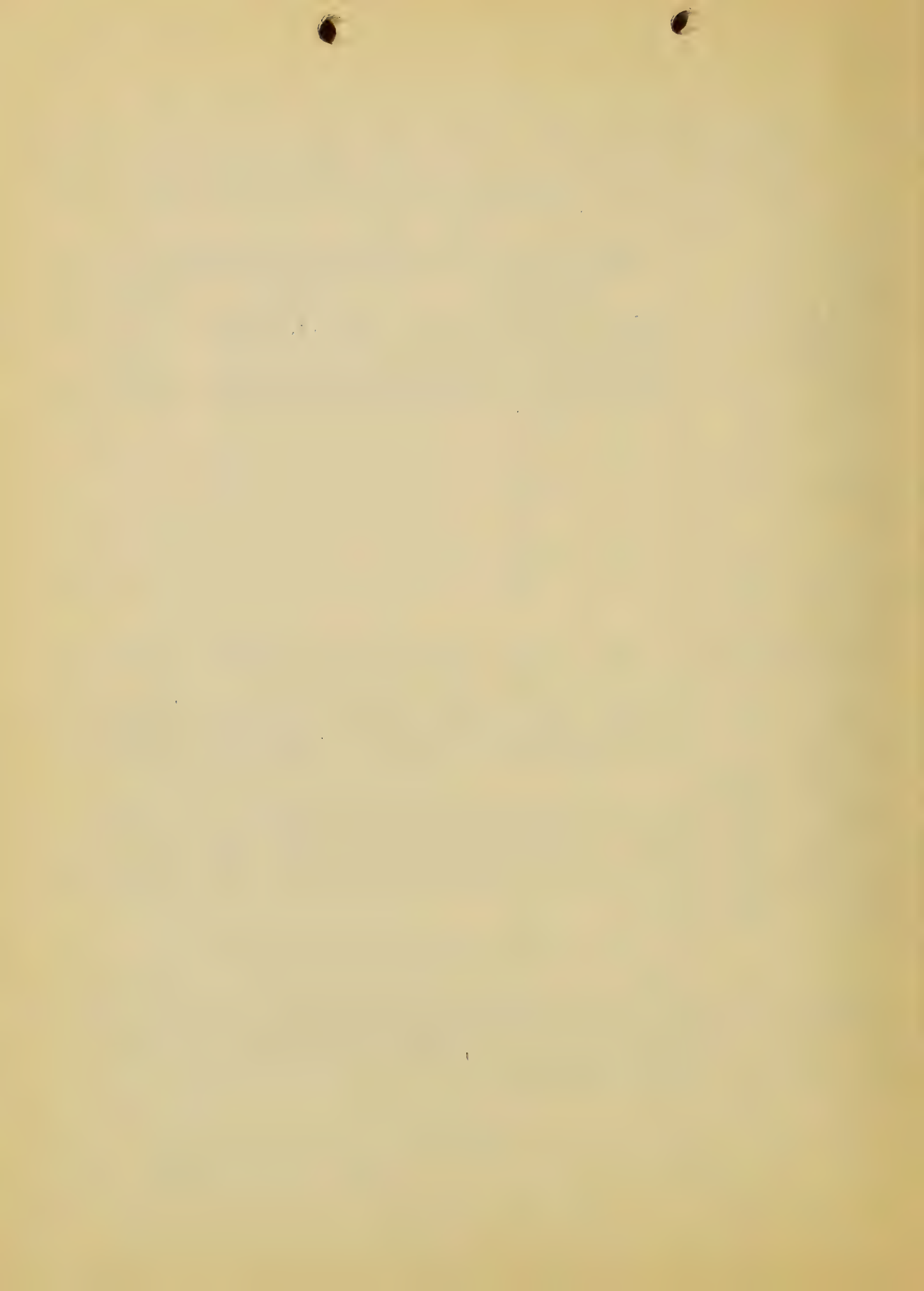


Table 13. AMOUNT OF LOANS FOR FAMILY EXPENSES: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by amount of loans authorized by FSA for family expenses, by period of first standard loan 1/

| Amount of loans
authorized
by FSA
for family expenses | Total
Borrowers | | Borrowers receiving first
standard loan between | | | |
|--|--------------------|---------|--|---------------------|--------------------|---------|
| | Number | Percent | 3/1/36-
2/28/37 | 2/28/37-
2/28/38 | 3/1/38-
2/28/39 | |
| | | | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| \$0 | 122 | 2.6 | 1.1 | 3.0 | 4.9 | |
| \$1 to \$24 | 258 | 5.6 | 1.9 | 4.3 | 7.1 | |
| \$25 to \$49 | 572 | 12.3 | 5.0 | 11.7 | 15.0 | |
| \$50 to \$74 | 630 | 19.0 | 9.8 | 13.5 | 24.5 | |
| \$75 to \$99 | 769 | 16.6 | 2.6 | 14.6 | 19.9 | |
| \$100 to \$124 | 577 | 12.3 | 10.4 | 12.8 | 12.7 | |
| \$125 to \$149 | 451 | 9.7 | 8.9 | 13.3 | 8.2 | |
| \$150 to \$174 | 332 | 6.7 | 8.0 | 7.6 | 4.9 | |
| \$175 to \$199 | 204 | 4.4 | 9.7 | 5.9 | 2.0 | |
| \$200 to \$249 | 247 | 5.3 | 14.0 | 6.9 | 1.8 | |
| \$250 to \$299 | 118 | 2.5 | 3.5 | 2.7 | 0.6 | |
| \$300 and over | 141 | 3.0 | 13.9 | 1.7 | 0.2 | |
| Total | XIV | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | |
| Number reporting | 4,648 | | 827 | 1,276 | 2,585 | |

1/ The amount of loans for family expenses is under-reported to some extent because some borrowers were known to have been authorized loans for family expenses although the amount was not specified.

Note: A table is also available for each of the 3 periods of first standard loan with a cross-tabulation of amount of loans authorized for family expenses and amount of grants.

All but 3 percent of the borrowers were loaned money for family expenses. Fifteen percent received loans of \$175 or more, but the majority receiving this much were first period borrowers. Another 29 percent of all borrowers received from \$100 to \$174 and the balance of over 53 percent received up to \$100 for family expenses. A slightly larger proportion of the first period borrowers than of the second and third period group were loaned money for family expenses.

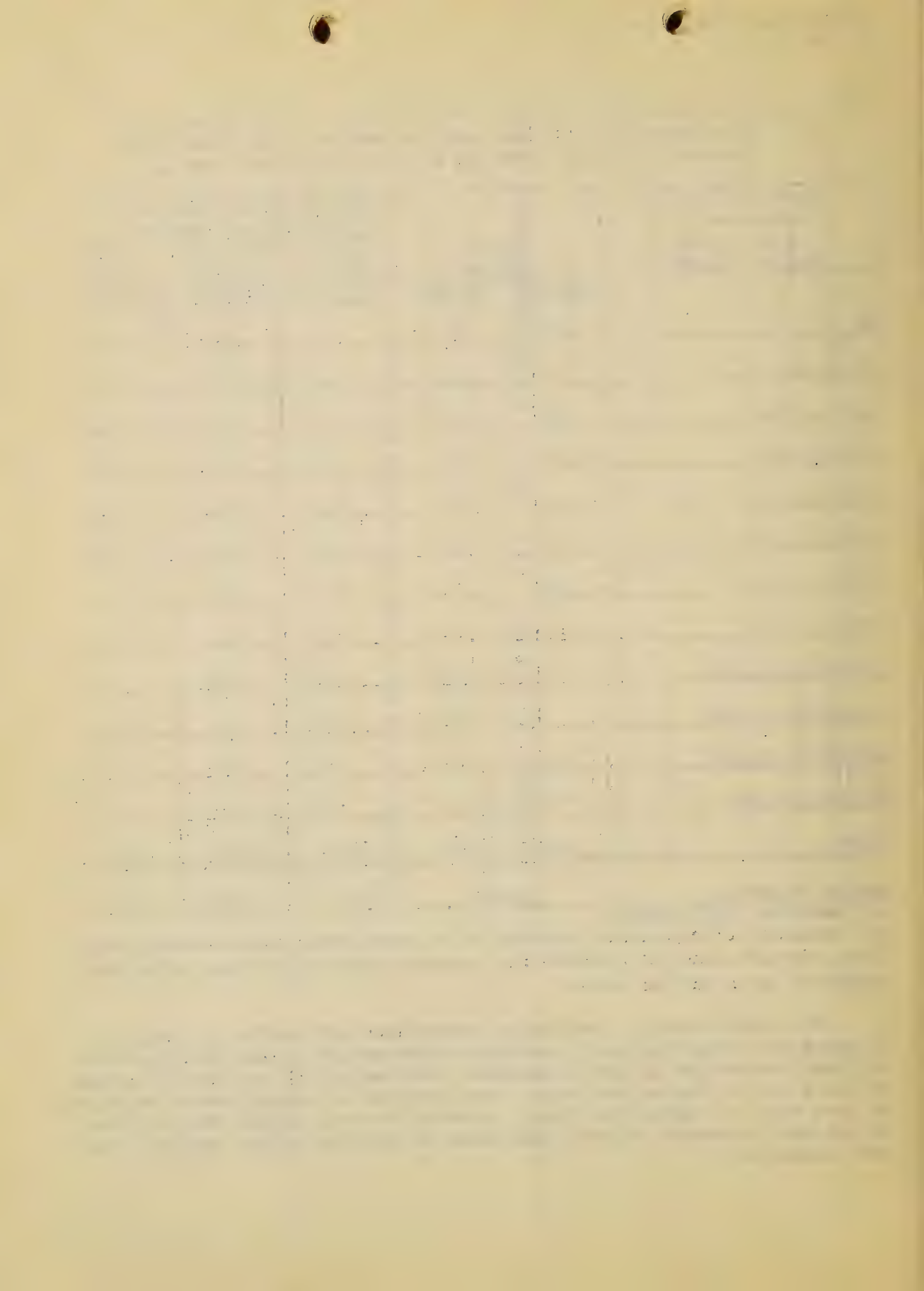
Table 114. PAYMENT SCHEDULE: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by amount originally scheduled to be repaid before February 28, 1939, by period of first standard RR loan 1/

| Amount originally
scheduled
to be repaid
before 2/28/39 | Total | | Borrowers receiving first
standard loan between | | | |
|--|-----------|---------|--|-----------------|------------------|---------|
| | Borrowers | | 3/1/36 - 3/1/37 | 3/1/37 - 7/1/38 | 7/1/38 - 2/28/39 | 2/28/39 |
| | Number | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| | : | : | : | : | : | : |
| \$0 | 1,002 | 36.4 | — | 0.4 | 61.7 | |
| \$1 to \$62 | 55 | 1.2 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 2.1 | |
| \$63 to \$124 | 417 | 9.2 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 12.0 | |
| \$125 to \$249 | 1,721 | 26.2 | 7.0 | 11.6 | 21.7 | |
| \$250 to \$374 | 553 | 11.7 | 21.6 | 21.6 | 33.1 | |
| \$375 to \$499 | 119 | 6.7 | 22.4 | 9.4 | 21.7 | |
| \$500 to \$749 | 123 | 7.1 | 13.7 | 5.2 | 18.9 | |
| \$750 to \$999 | 106 | 2.3 | 11.1 | 1.1 | 12.2 | |
| \$1,000 to \$1,499 | 39 | 0.8 | 4.5 | 0.2 | 4.7 | |
| \$1,500 to \$1,999 | 3 | 0.2 | 1.0 | — | 1.0 | |
| \$2,000 to \$2,499 | — | — | — | — | — | |
| \$2,500 and over | — | — | — | — | — | |
| Total | 888 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | |
| Number reporting | 4,648 | | 827 | 1236 | 2,585 | |

* Less than 0.05 percent.

1/ Exclusive of repayments scheduled to be made before period during which first standard loan was received for borrowers receiving a loan, other than standard, in an earlier period.

This table should be studied in conjunction with tables 115 and 116. It shows that practically all borrowers on the program 1 year or longer were originally scheduled to make repayments by February 1939, and that 62 percent of those on the program less than 1 year were not scheduled to make repayments by that date. In using this table, it should be kept in mind that the data do not make allowance for any adjustments or revisions of the original repayment schedule.



115.-REPAYMENTS MADE: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by repayments made before February 28, 1938, by period of first standard RR loan 1/

| Repayments made before 2/28/38 | Total Borrowers | | Borrowers receiving first standard loan between | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------|---|----------------|----------------|--|
| | | | 2/1/36-2/2/37 | 3/1/37-3/21/38 | 3/1/38-3/23/39 | |
| | Number | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent | |
| \$0 | 1,657 | 35.7 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 62.7 | |
| \$1 to \$62 | 62 | 1.6 | .7 | 2.0 | 11.9 | |
| \$63 to \$122 | 171 | 13.7 | 1.2 | 2.5 | 21.0 | |
| \$123 to \$249 | 818 | 17.6 | 24.5 | 31.2 | 8.8 | |
| \$250 to \$499 | 277 | 8.0 | 26.2 | 30.7 | 1.1 | |
| \$500 to \$749 | 181 | 7.3 | 14.9 | 2.7 | 5.1 | |
| \$750 to \$999 | 121 | 2.6 | 13.1 | 1.0 | * | |
| \$1,000 to \$1,499 | 22 | 0.5 | 2.4 | 0.2 | | |
| \$1,500 to \$1,999 | 6 | 0.1 | 0.7 | | | |
| \$2,000 to \$2,499 | 2 | * | 0.2 | | | |
| \$2,500 to \$2,999 | | | | | | |
| \$3,000 and over | | | | | | |
| Total | XXX | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | |
| Number repaying | 4,612 | | 21 | 1,236 | 2,185 | |

* Less than 0.05 percent.

1/ Exclusive of repayments made before period during which first standard loan was received for borrowers receiving a loan other than standard in an earlier period.

This table, studied in conjunction with Table 114, shows that 35 percent of the borrowers were scheduled to make repayments before February 28, 1938 and that 64 percent actually did make repayment. For all 3 groups - first, second, and third - called borrowers - approximately as many as were expected made repayments. Nearly ninety of the borrowers beginning on the first of the first period were originally scheduled to repay at least \$975 by the end of the third period, but only 13 percent repaid as much as \$975. Corresponding percentages of borrowers who began in the second period were 17 and 4.



28, 1959

[illegible]

1/ Exclusive of repayments scheduled to be made before period during which 15% standard loan was received for borrowers receiving a loan other than standard in an earlier period.

2/ Exclusion of repayments made before period during which first standard loan was received for borrowers receiving a loan other than standard in an earlier period.

Note: A comparable table is also available for each of the 3 periods of 11st standard loan.

This table shows that usually the repayments made varied from the original schedule; they were sometimes

1. The first part of the report is a general statement of the work done during the year. It includes a list of the projects undertaken and a brief description of the progress made on each.

2. The second part of the report is a detailed account of the work done on the various projects. It includes a list of the tasks completed and a description of the results achieved.

3. The third part of the report is a summary of the work done during the year. It includes a list of the projects completed and a brief description of the results achieved.

4. The fourth part of the report is a list of the projects undertaken during the year. It includes a brief description of each project and a list of the tasks completed.

5. The fifth part of the report is a list of the tasks completed during the year. It includes a brief description of each task and a list of the results achieved.

6. The sixth part of the report is a list of the results achieved during the year. It includes a brief description of each result and a list of the projects completed.

Tables 117, 118, and 119

Over two-fifths, 42 percent, of all borrowers had their loans renewed before February 28, 1939. Almost one-fourth, 24 percent, of the group receiving the first standard loan during 1936-39 had their loans renewed before they completed 1 year on the R program. Two-thirds of those receiving their first standard loan during 1937-38 and more than three-fifths, 62 percent, of those receiving the first loan during 1936-37 had their loans renewed by February 28, 1939. Borrowers whose loans were not renewed generally had a better repayment record than those whose loans were renewed.

Tables 117, 118, and 119 must be used with caution because the repayment schedules refer to the original and not to the revised schedules. In addition, repayments include interest but the scheduled repayments do not.

Less than 1 percent of the borrowers had scheduled repayments but made no repayments prior to February 28, 1939. Almost one-half, 49 percent, did as well or better on repayments than originally planned; one-half of 1 percent made repayments who were not scheduled to do so until after February 1939, 14 percent repaid about as much or more than originally scheduled, and 34 percent were not scheduled to make repayments and made none. One-fifth, 20 percent, of the first and second period and 71 percent of the third period borrowers did as well or better than originally scheduled.

Tables 118 and 119 considered together, show that the borrowers in Arkansas came closest to repaying an amount equal to the scheduled repayments: repaying 61 percent of the total amount originally scheduled to be repaid by February 28, 1939, while the borrowers in Louisiana and Mississippi repaid approximately 57 percent of the amount first scheduled. For the Region, the percentages repaid were 60, 56, and 50 percent for first, second, and third period borrowers, respectively. Almost three-fifths as much, 58 percent, was repaid as originally scheduled before February 28, 1939.

Table 117.-RENEWALS AND PERCENTAGE OF SCHEDULED REPAYMENTS MADE: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by percentage of scheduled repayments made before February 28, 1939, and by whether or not loans were renewed or extended before February 28, 1939, by period of first standard RR loan 1/

| Percentage of scheduled repayments made before 2/28/39 | Borrowers receiving first standard loan between | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | 3/1/36-2/28/37 : 3/1/37-2/28/38 : 3/1/38-2/28/39 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Total | Re- | re- | Not | Not | Not | Re- | re- | Not | Not | Not |
| | borrowers | Total | new | new | Total | new | new | Total | new | new | new |
| | No. | Pct. | Pct. | Pct. | Pct. | Pct. | Pct. | Pct. | Pct. | Pct. | Pct. |
| No repayments, but re-payments scheduled: | 76 | 1.6 | 2.1 | 0.8 | 4.1 | 1.5 | 0.5 | 3.6 | 1.5 | 3.9 | 0.8 |
| Less than 30 | 532 | 11.4 | 13.9 | 12.9 | 15.5 | 13.4 | 20.3 | 14.6 | 7.4 | 22.7 | 2.6 |
| 30 to 49.9 | 655 | 14.1 | 20.0 | 22.9 | 15.1 | 23.6 | 28.3 | 14.1 | 7.7 | 25.5 | 2.2 |
| 50 to 69.9 | 660 | 14.2 | 24.1 | 27.1 | 19.2 | 21.2 | 25.7 | 12.1 | 7.7 | 25.7 | 2.1 |
| 70 to 89.9 | 469 | 10.1 | 19.8 | 24.7 | 12.0 | 15.0 | 17.6 | 10.0 | 4.6 | 13.9 | 1.7 |
| 90 to 109.9 | 517 | 11.1 | 17.9 | 9.6 | 31.3 | 14.8 | 6.9 | 30.6 | 7.2 | 7.5 | 7.1 |
| 110 to 129.9 | 59 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 2.6 | 0.5 | 6.8 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.6 |
| 130 to 149.9 | 25 | 0.5 | 0.2 | — | 0.6 | 0.8 | 0.2 | 1.9 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.6 |
| 150 to 199.9 | 30 | 0.6 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 1.0 | — | 2.9 | 0.6 | — | 0.3 |
| 200 and over | 23 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.7 | — | 2.2 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.6 |
| No repayments, no re-payments scheduled: | 1,581 | 34.1 | — | — | — | 0.2 | — | 0.5 | 61.1 | — | 80.0 |
| Repayments, no re-payments scheduled: | 21 | 0.5 | — | — | — | 0.2 | — | 0.7 | 0.7 | — | 0.9 |
| Total | XXX | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Number reporting | 4,648 | 827 | 510 | 317 | 1,236 | 824 | 412 | 2,585 | 612 | 1,973 | |

1/ Exclusive of repayments scheduled and repayments made before period during which first standard loan was received for borrowers receiving a loan, other than standard, in an earlier period.

Table 1.1 - REPAYMENTS SCHEDULED: Total amount of loans originally scheduled to be repaid to NSA before February 28, 1939, by period of borrower's first standard RR loan, by States 1/

Table 1.1 - REPAYMENTS SCHEDULED: Total amount of loans originally scheduled to be repaid to NSA before February 28, 1939, by period of borrower's first standard RR loan, by States 1/

| Borrower's State : | Amount originally scheduled to be repaid before 2/28/39 by borrowers receiving first standard loan between | 1/1/36-1/31/37 | 2/1/37-2/28/38 | 3/1/38-2/28/39 |
|---|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| of residence at time of first standard loan : | Total amount | Dollars | Dollars | Dollars |
| Arkansas : | 321,352 | 151,216 | 103,623 | 71,568 |
| Louisiana : | 315,373 | 180,227 | 107,394 | 21,393 |
| Mississippi : | 27,261 | 10,028 | 10,793 | 11,258 |
| Total, all States : | 663,986 | 441,471 | 321,810 | 104,219 |
| Total number of borrowers : | 4,648 | 827 | 1,236 | 2,585 |

1/ Excludes repayments scheduled to be made before period during which first standard loan was received for borrowers receiving a loan, other than standard, in an earlier period.

Table 1.2 - REPAYMENTS MADE: Total amount of repayments made to NSA before February 28, 1939, by period of borrower's first standard RR loan, by States 1/

| Borrower's State : | Repayments made before 2/28/39 by borrowers receiving first standard loan between | 1/1/36-1/31/37 | 2/1/37-2/28/38 | 3/1/38-2/28/39 |
|---|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| of residence at time of first standard loan : | Total amount | Dollars | Dollars | Dollars |
| Arkansas : | 201,963 | 93,099 | 60,413 | 48,456 |
| Louisiana : | 170,360 | 104,685 | 62,984 | 12,191 |
| Mississippi : | 151,839 | 6,925 | 50,289 | 36,619 |
| Total, all States : | 524,162 | 264,713 | 173,686 | 97,266 |
| Total number of borrowers : | 4,648 | 827 | 1,236 | 2,585 |

1/ Excludes repayments made before period during which first standard loan was received for borrowers receiving a loan, other than standard, in an earlier period.



Table 120.—PERIODS GRANTS RECEIVED: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by periods during which grants were received, between March 1, 1936 and February 28, 1939, in period of first standard loan

| Periods during which grants were received between 3/1/36-2/28/39 | Total borrowers | Number | Percent | Borrowers receiving first standard loan between 3/1/36-2/28/39 | Number | Percent |
|--|-----------------|--------|---------|--|--------|---------|
| No grants | 3,386 | 72.8 | 59.1 | 59.2 | 86.2 | |
| 1936-37 only | 146 | 4.1 | 12.1 | 2.0 | 0.0 | |
| 1936-37;
1937-38 | 42 | 1.2 | 6.1 | 1.2 | 0.3 | |
| 1936-37; 1937-38 | 23 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 0.4 | 0.1 | |
| 1936-37;
1938-39 | 35 | 0.9 | 3.4 | 0.2 | 0.2 | |
| 1937-38 only | 46 | 1.0 | 2.4 | 1.6 | 0.2 | |
| 1937-38;
1938-39 | 33 | 0.7 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 0.2 | |
| 1938-39 only | 931 | 26.1 | 26.7 | 34.2 | 33.1 | |
| Total | XX | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | |
| Number of periods | 4,648 | | 837 | 1,236 | 2,735 | |
| 1936-37 | 63 | 1.3 | 17.7 | 2.9 | 2.4 | |
| 1937-38 | 146 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 1.4 | 1.8 | |
| 1938-39 | 1,001 | 21.1 | 26.1 | 36.0 | 12.6 | |

Notes: A table is also available, for each of the 3 periods of first standard loan and for all periods combined, with a breakdown of periods during which grants were received and number of standard loans authorized.

Seventy-three percent of the borrowers did not receive any grants between March 1, 1936 and February 28, 1939; this was true for 52, 55, and 56 percent of the first, second, and third period borrowers, respectively. Twenty-four percent received grants during only 1 year, 2 percent during 2 years, and one-half of 1 percent during all 3 years. Less than 2 percent of the first period and a small fraction of 1 percent of the second and third period borrowers received grants each of the 3 years covered by the study. During 1938-39, 21 percent received grants as compared to 3 percent during 1936-37 and 3 percent during 1937-38.



Table 121.—AMOUNT OF GRANTS: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by amount of grants received before February 28, 1939 by period of first standard RR loan 1/

| Amount of grants
received
before
2/28/39 | Total
borrowers | | Borrowers receiving first
standard loan between | | |
|---|--------------------|---------|--|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | | 3/1/35-
2/28/37 | 3/1/37-
2/28/39 | 3/1/39-
2/28/39 |
| | Number | Percent | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| \$0 | 2,445 | 74.2 | 51.9 | 51.1 | 87.4 |
| \$1 to \$24 | 659 | 15.0 | 21.9 | 25.5 | 8.2 |
| \$25 to \$49 | 414 | 8.9 | 17.2 | 13.8 | 3.9 |
| \$50 to \$74 | 70 | 1.5 | 5.0 | 1.9 | 0.5 |
| \$75 to \$99 | 16 | 0.2 | 1.5 | 0.2 | — |
| \$100 to \$149 | 4 | 0.1 | 0.5 | — | — |
| \$150 to \$199 | — | — | — | — | — |
| \$200 to \$299 | — | — | — | — | — |
| \$300 to \$399 | — | — | — | — | — |
| \$400 to \$499 | — | — | — | — | — |
| \$500 and over | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | 100 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Number reporting | 4,645 | — | 827 | 1,296 | 2,585 |

1/ Amount received from beginning of period of first standard loan through February 28, 1939.

Note: A table is also available for each of the 3 periods of first standard loan with a cross-tabulation of amount of grants and amount of loans authorized for family expenses.

Almost three-fourths, 74 percent, of the borrowers received no grants during or after the period of the first standard loan; this was true for 52, 61, and 87 percent of the first, second, and third period borrowers, respectively. Less than 2 percent of the borrowers received \$50 or more in grants and no borrower received as much as \$150.

(16A-1)



Table 122.--GRANTS IN RELATION TO REPAYMENTS: Number and percentage of borrowers classified by grants received in relation to repayments made after period of first standard loan and before February 28, 1939, by period of first standard RR loan

| Relation
of grants
to repayments | Total | | Borrowers receiving
first standard loan between | |
|--|--------------|---------|--|---------|
| | borrowers 1/ | | 3/1/36- | 3/1/37- |
| | Number | Percent | Percent | Percent |
| No grants, no repayments | 126 | 6.1 | 8.2 | 4.7 |
| No grants, some repayments | 1,195 | 58.0 | 55.9 | 59.4 |
| Some grants, no repayments | 19 | 0.9 | 1.1 | 0.8 |
| Some grants, some repayments | 723 | 35.0 | 34.8 | 35.1 |
| Grants as percentage
of repayments | | | | |
| Less than 30 | 557 | 27.1 | 32.2 | 23.5 |
| 30 to 49.9 | 96 | 4.7 | 1.7 | 6.6 |
| 50 to 69.9 | 34 | 1.6 | 0.7 | 2.3 |
| 70 to 89.9 | 17 | 0.8 | 0.1 | 1.3 |
| 90 to 109.9 | 3 | 0.1 | --- | 0.2 |
| 110 to 129.9 | 3 | 0.1 | --- | 0.2 |
| 130 to 149.9 | 2 | 0.1 | --- | 0.2 |
| 150 to 199.9 | 6 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.4 |
| 200 and over | 5 | 0.2 | --- | 0.4 |
| Total | XXX | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Number reporting | 2,063 | | 827 | 1,236 |

1/ Exclusive of borrowers receiving first standard loan between 3/1/38-2/28/39.

Fifty-six percent of the first period and 59 percent of the second period borrowers made repayments but received no grants following the period of the first standard loan. A little more than one-third of both the first and second period borrowers made repayments and also received grants after their first year on the RR program. Only 1 out of every 1,000 first period borrowers and 14 out of every 1,000 second period borrowers received grants about equal to or in excess of repayments.

Table 222. GRANTS IN RELATION TO REPAYMENTS. Grants received in relation to repayments made after period of first standard loan and before February 28, 1939, by period of first standard loan.

| Period of first standard loan | Number receiving | Total | Percentage of grants to repayments |
|-------------------------------|------------------|-------|------------------------------------|
| Less than 30 | 257 | 37.3 | 12.2 |
| 30 to 49.9 | 96 | 14.7 | 4.9 |
| 50 to 69.9 | 26 | 3.8 | 1.3 |
| 70 to 89.9 | 17 | 2.6 | 0.9 |
| 90 to 109.9 | 3 | 0.4 | 0.1 |
| 110 to 129.9 | 3 | 0.4 | 0.1 |
| 130 to 149.9 | 2 | 0.3 | 0.1 |
| 150 to 199.9 | 6 | 0.9 | 0.3 |
| 200 and over | 2 | 0.3 | 0.1 |
| Total | XXX | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Number receiving | 2,063 | 829 | 40.2 |

Exclusive of borrowers receiving first standard loan between 3/31/32-3/31/33

Twenty-six percent of the first period and 59 percent of the second period borrowers made repayments out of loans during the period of the first standard loan. A little more than one-third of both the first and second period borrowers made repayments and also received grants after their first year on the 1st program. Only 1 out of every 1,000 first period borrowers and 11 out of every 1,000 second period borrowers received grants equal to or in excess of repayments.

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